بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم الحمد لله رب العالمين، وصلى الله على سيدنا محمد وآله الطاهرين، وسلم تسليما.

In the Name of Allah^{azwj} the Beneficent, the Merciful. The Praise is for Allah^{azwj} Lord^{azwj} of the Worlds, and Blessing be upon our Chief Muhammad^{saww} and his^{saww} Purified Progeny^{asws}, and greetings with abundant greetings.

ٱللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَّآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ وَّعَجِّلْ فَرَجَهُمْ وَالْعَنْ أَعْدَائَهُمْ ٱجْمَعِيْن

Masomeen^{asws}'s Advise on One's Conduct in Life

Preparation for Self:

حَدَّثَنَا أَحْمُدُ بْنُ الْحُسَنِ الْقَطَّانُ قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا الْحُسَنُ بْنُ عَلِيِّ السُّكَّرِيُّ قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عِ مَطْلُوبَاتُ النَّاسِ فِي الدُّنْيَا الْفَانِيَةِ أَرْبَعَةُ الْغِنَى وَ جَعْفَرُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عِ مَطْلُوبَاتُ النَّاسِ فِي الدُّنْيَا الْفَانِيَةِ أَرْبَعَةُ الْغِنَى وَ جَعْفَرُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عِ مَطْلُوبَاتُ النَّاسِ فِي الدُّنْيَا الْفَانِيَةِ أَرْبَعَةُ الْغِنَى وَ الدَّعَةُ وَ قِلَّةُ الإِهْتِمَامِ وَ الْعِزُ فَأَمَّا الْغِنَى فَمَوْجُودٌ فِي الْقَنَاعَةِ فَمَنْ طَلَبَهُ فِي كَثْرَةِ الْمَالِ لَمْ يَجِدْهُ وَ أَمَّا الدَّعَةُ فَمَوْجُودٌ فِي الْقَنَاعَةِ فَمَنْ طَلَبَهُ فِي كَثْرَةِ الْمَالِ لَمْ يَجِدْهَا وَ أَمَّا قِلَّةُ الإِهْتِمَامِ فَمَوْجُودٌ فِي قِلَّةِ الشَّعُلِ فَمَنْ طَلَبَهَا مَعَ كَثْرَتِهِ لَمْ يَجِدْهَا وَ أَمَّا قَلَّةُ الإِهْتِمَامِ فَمَوْجُودٌ فِي خِدْمَةِ الْمُخْلُوقِ لَمْ يَجِدْهُ.

Ahmad Bin Al-Hassan Al-Qatan narrated to us, from Al-Hassan Bin Ali Al-Sakary, from Muhammad Bin Zakariyya Al-Jowhary, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Bin Amarat, from his father who said,

'Al-Sadiq Ja'far^{asws} Bin Muhammad^{asws} said: '<u>The temporal wishes of the people in the world are four – The riches, and the relaxation (having fun), and less worries, and the honour.</u>

- So, as for the riches, so it exists in the contentment, so the one who seeks it in the abundance of the wealth would not find it;
- And as for the relaxation, so it exists in the lightness of the load (burden), so the one who seeks in a heavy, would not find it;
- And as for the less worries, so it exists in the less occupations (engagements), so the one who seeks it with abundant (occupations), would not find it;
- And as for the honour, so it exists in serving the Creator, so the one who seeks it in serving the people would not find it'. 1

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¹ ILLAL AL SHARAIE – V 2 CH 222 H 29

Preparation for Society:

قَالَ الْإِمَامُ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عَلِيٍّ الْبَاقِرُ ع دَخَلَ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ [عَلِيٍّ بْنِ] مُسْلِم بْنِ شِهَابِ الرُّهْرِيُّ عَلَى عَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحُسَيْنِ زَيْنِ الْعُسَيْنِ زَيْنِ الْعُسَيْنِ زَيْنِ الْعُسَيْنِ زَيْنِ الْعَابِدِينَ ع وَ هُوَ كَثِيبٌ حَزِينٌ فَقَالَ لَهُ زَيْنُ الْعَابِدِينَ ع: مَا بَالُكَ مَهْمُوماً مَعْمُوماً قَالَ: يَا ابْنَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ هُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ الْعَابِدِينَ ع وَ هُو كَثِيبٌ حَزِينٌ فَقَالَ لَهُ زَيْنُ الْعَابِدِينَ ع: مَا بَالُكَ مَهْمُوماً مَعْمُوماً قَالَ: يَا ابْنَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ هُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ وَ عَمَّنَ قَالَ لَهُ رَيْنُ الْعَابِدِينَ ع وَ هُو كَثِيبٌ حَنْثُ إِيهِ عَلَيْ اللهِ عَلَيْ عَلَى اللّهِ هُمُومٌ وَ غُمُومٌ وَ عُمَّنَ قَدْ أَحْسَنْتُ إِلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى عَلَى

The Holy Imam Muhammad^{asws} Bin Ali Al-Baqir^{asws} said: 'Muhammad Bin Ali Bin Muslim Bin Shahaab Al-Zuhry came to Ali Husayn Zayn ul-Abideen^{asws} in a state of grief. Imam Zayn Ul Abideen^{asws} said to him: 'Why are you so worried and distressed?' He replied: 'I am distressed due to the greed of those who have their eyes set on my wealth. Those that I had set my hope on turned out to be opposite to that.

. فَقَالَ لَهُ عَلِي بْنُ الْحُسَيْنِ [زَيْنُ الْعَابِدِينَ] ع: احْفَظْ عَلَيْكَ لِسَانَكَ تَمْلِكْ بِهِ إِحْوَانَكَ. قَالَ الرُّهْرِيُّ: يَا ابْنَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ إِنِّ كَالَمِي. قَالَ عَلِيُ بْنُ الْحُسَيْنِ ع: هَيْهَاتَ هَيْهَاتَ - إِيَّاكَ وَ أَنْ تُعْجَبَ مِنْ نَفْسِكَ بِذَلِكَ إِنِّ أَلْحُسَيْنِ ع: هَيْهَاتَ - إِيَّاكَ وَ أَنْ تُعْجَبَ مِنْ نَفْسِكَ بِذَلِكَ وَ إِنْ كَانَ عِنْدَكَ اعْتِذَارُهُ، فَلْيُسَ كُلُّ مَنْ تُسْمِعُهُ نُكُراً أَمْكَنَكَ أَنْ تُوسِّعَهُ وَ إِنْ كَانَ عِنْدَكَ اعْتِذَارُهُ، فَلْيْسَ كُلُّ مَنْ تُسْمِعُهُ نُكُراً أَمْكَنَكَ أَنْ تُوسِّعَهُ عُذْراً.

Ali Bin Al Husayn Zayn Ul Abideen^{asws} said to him: 'Protect your tongue and you will overcome your brothers.' Zuhry said: 'O son of the Messenger of Allah^{asws}, I always talk to them nicely.' Ali Bin Al Husayn^{asws} said: 'Never! Never! I am surprised at this, which has come from your heart. And beware of saying that which hearts do not accept. If you had offered an apology, then it is quite possible that your apology has not reached to everyone (you have hurt).'

ثُمُّ قَالَ: يَا زُهْرِيُّ مَنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ عَقْلُهُ مِنْ أَكْمَلِ مَا فِيهِ، كَانَ هَلَاكُهُ مِنْ أَيْسَرِ مَا فِيهِ. ثُمُّ قَالَ: يَا زُهْرِيُّ وَ مَا عَلَيْكَ أَنْ عَلْكُهُ مِنْ أَيْسَرِ مَا فِيهِ. ثُمُّ قَالَ: يَا زُهْرِيُّ وَ مَا عَلَيْكَ أَنْ عَلْكَ عِنْزِلَةِ وَالدِكَ، وَ بَحْعَلَ صَغِيرَهُمْ إِمِنْلَةِ وَلَدِكَ، وَ بَحْعَلَ مَعْيرَهُمْ إِمِنْلَةٍ وَلَدِكَ، وَ بَحْعَلَ عَيْرِهُمْ مِنْكَ عِنْزِلَةِ وَالدِكَ، وَ بَعْعَلَ صَغِيرَهُمْ إِمِنْكَ إِمِنْكَ عَنْزِلَةِ أَهْلِ بَيْتِكَ فَتَجْعَلَ كَبِيرَهُمْ مِنْكَ عِنْزِلَةِ وَالدِكَ، وَ بَعْعَلَ مَعْيرهُمْ أَوْلَاءٍ ثُحِبُ أَنْ تَهْلِكَ أَنْ تَهْبِكَ مِنْهُمْ عِنْزِلَةِ أَخِيكَ، فَأَيَّ هَؤُلَاءٍ ثُحِبُ أَنْ تَطْلِمَ وَ أَيُّ هَؤُلَاءٍ ثُحِبُ أَنْ تَهْلِكَ أَنْ تَطْلِمَ وَ أَيُّ هَؤُلَاءٍ ثُحِبُ أَنْ تَهْلِكَ عَلْهُ مَا مِنْكَ عَلْدِهِ وَ أَيُّ هَؤُلَاءٍ ثُحِبُ أَنْ تَهْلِكَ عَلَيْهِ وَ أَيُّ هَؤُلَاءٍ عُلِكُ عَلَى مِنْهُمْ عِنْزِلَةٍ وَلِمِ لَكُولَ عَلْهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ مَنْهُمْ عَلَى اللّهُ مُنْ مِنْهُمْ عِنْزِلَةٍ وَلِمُ عَلَيْهِ وَ أَيْ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكِ وَلَاءٍ عَلَيْهِ وَا أَيْ عَلْهُمْ عَلَى اللّهُ مَا عَلَيْهِ وَ أَيْ عَلَيْكِ مَلْهُمْ عَلَى اللّهُ مَا عَلَيْهِ وَ أَيْ عَلْمُ لَعِنْهُمْ إِنْ عَلْهُمْ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَ أَيْ عُلْهِ وَلَاءٍ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهَ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهَ عَلَيْهِ وَا أَيْ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَا أَيْ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهَ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهَ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَاهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَالِكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَالِهُ عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَاكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَاكًا عَلَاكُوا عَلَامِ عَلَاكًا عَلَالِهُ عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُولُ عَلْمُ عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَلَاكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُ

Then he^{asws} said: 'O Zuhry! One whose intellect is deficient, it is very easy for him to end up in destruction.' Then he^{asws} said: 'O Zuhry! You should consider all the Muslims like members of your household, the elderly like your father, the young ones like your children, and the equals of age as your brothers. Which of you would like to be unjust to? And which one of them would you like to send curses to? And which one of them would you like to expose?

وَ إِنْ عَرَضَ لَكَ إِبْلِيسُ لَعَنَهُ اللَّهُ- بِأَنَّ لَكَ فَضْلًا عَلَى أَحَدٍ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْقِبْلَةِ- فَانْظُرْ إِنْ كَانَ أَكْبَرَ مِنْكَ فَقُلْ: قَدْ سَبَقْتُهُ بِالْمَعَاصِي وَ الذُّنُوبِ فَهُوَ حَيْرٌ مِنِي وَ إِنْ كَانَ أَصْغَرَ مِنْكَ، فَقُلْ: قَدْ سَبَقْتُهُ بِالْمَعَاصِي وَ الذُّنُوبِ فَهُوَ حَيْرٌ مِنِي وَ إِنْ كَانَ أَصْغَرَ مِنْكَ، فَقُلْ: قَدْ سَبَقْتُهُ بِالْمَعَاصِي وَ الذُّنُوبِ فَهُوَ حَيْرٌ مِنِي وَ إِنْ كَانَ أَصْغَرَ مِنْكَ، فَقُلْ: قَدْ سَبَقْتُهُ بِالْمَعَاصِي وَ الذُّنُوبِ فَهُو حَيْرٌ مِنِي وَ إِنْ كَانَ أَصْغَرَ مِنْكَ، فَقُلْ: قَدْ سَبَقْتُهُ بِالْمَعَاصِي وَ الذُّنُوبِ فَهُو حَيْرٌ مِنِي وَ إِنْ كَانَ أَصْعَرَ مِنْكَ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ، فَمَا لِي أَدَعُ يَقِينِي لِشَكِّي وَ إِنْ رَأَيْتَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

يُعَظِّمُونَكَ وَ يُوَقِّرُونَكَ وَ يُبَجِّلُونَكَ - فَقُلْ: هَذَا فَصْلُ أَحْدَثُوهُ وَ إِنْ رَأَيْتَ مِنْهُمْ (جَفَاءً وَ انْقِبَاضاً عَنْكَ - فَقُلْ: هَذَا فَصْلُ أَحْدَثُوهُ وَ إِنْ رَأَيْتَ مِنْهُمْ (جَفَاءً وَ انْقِبَاضاً عَنْكَ - فَقُلْ: هَذَا لَكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ عَيْشَكَ، وَ كَثُرَ أَصْدِقَاؤُكَ، وَ قَلَّ أَعْدَاؤُكَ، وَ فَرِحْتَ بِمَا يَكُونُ مِنْ جَفَائِهِمْ. وَ اعْلَمْ: أَنَّ أَكْرَمَ النَّاسِ عَلَى النَّاسِ - مَنْ كَانَ حَيْرُهُ عَلَيْهِمْ فَائِضاً، وَ كَانَ عَنْهُمْ مُسْتَغْنِياً مُتَعَفِّفاً، وَ أَكْرَمُ النَّاسِ بَعْدَهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنْ كَانَ عَنْهُمْ مُتَعَفِّفاً، وَ إِنْ كَانَ إِلَيْهِمْ مُخْتَاجاً، فَإِمَّا اللَّهُ عِلْهُمْ مُنْ كَانَ عَنْهُمْ مُتَعَفِّفاً، وَ إِنْ كَانَ إِلَيْهِمْ مُخْتَاجاً، فَإِمَّا أَهْلُ اللَّيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنْ كَانَ عَنْهُمْ مُتَعَفِّفاً، وَ أَكْرَمُ النَّاسِ بَعْدَهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنْ كَانَ عَنْهُمْ مُتَعَفِّفاً، وَ إِنْ كَانَ إِلَيْهِمْ مُخْتَاجاً، فَإِمَّا أَهْلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنْ كُنُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ مَنْ لَمْ يُزَاحِمُهُمْ فِيهَا وَ مَكَنَهُمْ مِنْهَا أَوْ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ مَنْ لَمْ يُزَاحِمُهُمْ فِيهَا وَ مَكَنَهُمْ مِنْهَا أَوْ مِنْ اللَّذُيْنَا (يَعْشَقُونَ الْأَمُولَ) ، فَمَنْ لَمْ يُولِمِمُهُمْ فِيهَا يَعْشَقُونَهُ كُرُمَ عَلَيْهِمْ، وَ مَنْ لَمْ يُزَاحِمُهُمْ فِيهَا وَ مَكَنَهُمْ مِنْهَا أَوْ مِنْ اللَّامُولَ الْأَمُولَ الْمَالِكُومَ الْمُولَالَ) ، فَمَنْ لَمْ يُولِمِمُ هُمْ غِيمَا يَعْشَقُونَهُ كُرُمَ عَلَيْهِمْ، وَ مَنْ لَمْ يُزَاحِمُهُمْ فِيهَا وَ مَكَنَهُمْ مِنْهَا أَوْ مِنْ

And if Iblees^{Ia} —curse be on him — were to present to you that you are somehow more virtuous than them, then look at the elder one from among them and think that he is ahead of you in faith and good deeds and he is better than you and your virtues are less than his. And when you look at the younger one, you should think that you have committed more sins and so he too is better than you. And when you look at the one equal in age to you then think that you have conviction of sins that you have committed but you are not sure of his sins so you cannot be better than him as you only have doubts over his sins but certainty over yours. And if you see that the Muslims hold you as an honourable person then think that it is because of their goodness that they do so.' Then he^{asws} said: 'This is commendable and if you see that they hold you in contempt, then think that this is due to your own bad actions that they do so. If you were to act upon what I have told you then Allah^{azwj} will make your life easier for you and you will have many friends and your enemies will be very few and you will be happy and not worried and distressed about their actions.

And know that the honourable one among the people's eyes is that who is good to them and is not a ask them any favours (in return), and the more honourable, after this one, in their eyes will be the one who does not burden them with his requests although he is in need of them, as the people of the world are in love with their wealth, and whoever does not affect their loved entity (wealth) is honoured by them and one who increases their wealth through his own means, little or more, will be the most honourable to them.¹²

Preparation for the Hereafter³:

14 قَالَ الْإِمَامُ ع (مالِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ) أَيْ قَادِرٌ عَلَى إِقَامَةِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ، وَ هُوَ يَوْمُ الْحِسَابِ، قَادِرٌ عَلَى تَقْدِيمِهِ عَلَى وَقْتِهِ، وَ شُو الْمَالِكُ أَيْضاً فِي يَوْمِ الدِّينِ، فَهُوَ يَقْضِي بِالْحَقِ، لَا يَمْلِكُ الْخُكْمَ وَ الْقَضَاءَ فِي ذَلِكَ الْيَوْمِ مَنْ يَظْلِمُ وَ يَجُورُ، كَمَا فِي الدُّنْيَا مَنْ يَمْلِكُ الْأَحْكَامَ.

 $^{^{2}}$ 25: $_{\odot}$. $_{\odot}$

³ Tafseer-a-Imam Hassan Askari^{as.}

The Imam (Hassan Al-Askari^{asws}) said: *Master of the Day of Reckoning [1:4]* - 'Yes, He^{azwj} is so Powerful to establish the 'Yawm Al-Deen', and this is the Day of Reckoning, and He^{azwj} is so Powerful to Bring it forward or Move it back from its pre-Determined time, and He^{azwj} is the Master as well during that Day and will be Judging with the Truth. There will be no authority on that Day for those who used to be unjust and oppressors in the world from among the rulers, to issue orders like they used to issue in the world.

He^{asws} said: 'And Amir Al-Momineen^{asws} said: '(The phrase) 'Yawm Al-Deen' – it is the Day of Reckoning'.

And he^{asws} said: 'I^{asws} heard Rasool-Allah^{saww} saying: 'Shall I^{saww} inform you with the cleverest of the clever ones and the most stupid of the stupid ones?' They said, 'Yes, O Rasool-Allah^{saww}!'.

The most clever of the clever ones is the one who reckons himself, and works for what is after the death, and the most stupid of the stupid ones is the one who pursues his personal desires and wishes to Allah azwj the Exalted of the wishes.

فَقَالَ الرَّجُلُ: يَا أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ كَيْفَ يُحَاسِبُ الرَّجُلُ نَفْسَهُ قَالَ: إِذَا أَصْبَحَ ثُمَّ أَمْسَى رَجَعَ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ - فَقَالَ: يَا نَفْسِ إِنَّ هَذَا يَوْمٌ مَضَى عَلَيْكِ لَا يَعُودُ إِلَيْكِ أَبَداً، وَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى يَسْأَلُكِ عَنْهُ فِيمَا أَفْنَيْتِيهِ - فَمَا الَّذِي عَمِلْتِ فِيهِ أَ دَكُرْتِ اللَّهَ أَمْ مَمْدُتِيهِ أَ قَضَيْتِ حَوَائِجَ مُؤْمِنٍ أَ نَفَسْتِ عَنْهُ كُرْبَةً أَ حَفِظْتِيهِ بِظَهْرِ الْعَيْبِ فِي أَهْلِهِ وَ وُلْدِهِ أَ حَفِظْتِيهِ بَعْدَ الْمَوْتِ فِي أَمْلِهِ وَ وُلْدِهِ أَ حَفِظْتِيهِ بَعْدَ الْمَوْتِ فِي اللَّهِ وَ وَلَا لَهُ مَا كَانَ مِنْهُ..

So the man said, 'O Amir Al-Momineen^{asws}! And how can the man reckon his own self?' He^{asws} said: 'When it is morning, then evening, he refers to himself and he says, 'O self! This day has passed upon you, it would not be returning to you, ever, and Allah^{azwj} the Exalted will be Questioning you about it. What did you consume it in? So what is that which you did during it? Did you Mention Allah^{azwj} or praise Him^{azwj}? Did you fulfil the needs of a *Momin*? Did you relieve any worries from him? Did you protect his wife and his children in the apparent during his absence? Did you protect him with regards to his opponents after the death? Did you suffice a *Momin* brother of his honour during his absence? Did you assist a Muslim? What is that which you did during it?. Thus he recalls whatever was from it.

فَإِنْ ذَكَرَ أَنَّهُ جَرَى مِنْهُ خَيْرٌ، حَمِدَ اللَّهَ تَعَالَى، وَ كَبَّرُهُ عَلَى تَوْفِيقِهِ، وَ إِنْ ذَكَرَ مَعْصِيَةً أَوْ تَقْصِيراً، اسْتَغْفَرَ اللَّهَ تَعَالَى، وَ عَرَضَ بَيْعَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ، وَ عَرَضَ بَيْعَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ، وَ عَرَضَ بَيْعَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ، وَ عَرَضَ بَيْعَةَ أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى نَفْسِهِ، وَ قَبُولَهُ لَهَا، وَ إِعَادَةَ لَعْن أَعْدَائِهِ وَ شَانِئِيهِ وَ دَافِعِيهِ عَنْ حَقِّهِ..

So if he recalls that he has done good from it, he should praise Allah^{azwj} the Exalted, and exclaim His^{azwj} Greatness upon His^{azwj} Inclining him (for it). And if he recalls an (act of) disobedience, or a derogation, he should seek Forgiveness of Allah^{azwj} the Exalted, and be determined upon leaving its recurrence, and delete than from his self by renewing the *Salawat* upon Muhammad^{saww} and his^{saww} goodly Progeny^{asws}, and display the allegiance of Amir-Al-Momineen^{asws} upon himself, and his acceptance of it, and repeat the cursing his^{asws} enemies, and his^{asws} adversaries, and the ones who repelled him^{asws} from his^{asws} right.

So when he does that, Allah^{azwj} Mighty and Majestic Says: "I^{azwj} shall not Discuss with regards to anything from the sins (as you are) with your friendship of My^{azwj} friends and the enmity of My^{azwj} enemies".⁴

H. 14 , التفسير المنسوب إلى الإمام الحسن العسكري عليه السلام، ص: 39 4