# **Zikr**Remembrance Mentioning of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>

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# **Abbreviations:**

 $\mathbf{saww}$ : -  $\mathbf{S}$ al lal la ho  $\mathbf{A}$ llay hay  $\mathbf{W}$ a Aal lay he  $\mathbf{W}$ asallam

azwj: - Az Za Wa Jalla

asws: - Allay hay Salawat Wass Salam

AJFJ: Aial Allah hey wa Fara Jaak

AJFJ: Ajal Allah hey wa Fara Jaak ra: - Razi Allah<sup>azwj</sup> La: - Laan Allah<sup>azwj</sup>

In the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Beneficent, the Merciful. The Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the Worlds, and Blessing be upon our Chief Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and his<sup>saww</sup> Purified Progeny<sup>asws</sup>, and greetings with abundant greetings.

# 'Zikr-Remembrance-Mentioning of Allah azwj

### **Summary:**

Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Reminds us in several places in the Holy Quran to be in a state of *Zikr* (Remembrance, mentioning) under all conditions and times, see for example (Holy Verses 2:152, 33:35, 33:41, 7:205). We will present these Holy Verses along with Ahadith in the following paragraphs.

It is important to first understand what 'Zikr' is and how to effectively engage in it. As we will find from Ahadith, the 'Zikr' (remembrance) is that, which reminds us of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, that enables us from getting involved in Forbidden and assist us in carrying out the permissible. The examples of Zikr are the recitations of the Holy Verses, mentioning of the Favours and Bounties of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Praise of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and Holy Ahl Al-Bayt<sup>asws</sup> (progeny), remembering their<sup>asws</sup> scarifies and mentioning their<sup>asws</sup> grief in the way of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. All these can be practised through uttering or thinking in the mind - while engaged in dealing with people (work or social) and/or when with believers or alone.

For example Imam<sup>asws</sup> says:

الحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ وَ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى جَمِيعاً عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سَعْدٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ مُسْلِمٍ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سَعِيدِ بْنِ غَزْوَانَ عَنْ عَلِيً بْنِ الحُكَمِ عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ أَبَانٍ عَنْ عِيسَى بْنِ أَبِي مَنْصُورٍ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) يَقُولُ نَفَسُ الْمَهْمُومِ لَنَا الْمُغْتَمِّ لِظُلْمِنَا تَسْبِيحٌ وَ هَمُّهُ لِأَمْرِنَا عِبَادَةٌ وَ كِتْمَانُهُ لِسِرِّنَا جِهَادٌ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

Al-Husayn Bin Muhammad, and Muhammad Bin Yahya, altogether from Ali Bin Muhammad Bin Sa'ad, from Muhammad Bin Muslim, from Muhammad Bin Saeed Bin Gazwan, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Umar Bin Aban, from Isa Bin Abu Mansour who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'A concerned 'sigh' for us<sup>asws</sup> due the grief for the injustices upon us<sup>asws</sup>, is a Glorification, and remembrance of our<sup>asws</sup> matter is a worship, and concealment of our<sup>asws</sup> secrets is *Jihād* in the Way of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

قَالَ لِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ آكْتُبْ هَذَا بِالذَّهَبِ فَمَا كَتَبْتَ شَيْئًا أَحْسَنَ مِنْهُ .

Muhammad Bin Saeed said to me, 'Write this in gold, for you will not be writing anything more excellent than it'.<sup>1</sup>

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ الْحُكَمِ عَنْ سَيْفِ بْنِ عَمِيرَةَ عَنْ بَكْرٍ بْنِ أَبِي بَكْرٍ عَنْ زُرَارَةَ بْنِ أَعْيَنَ عَنْ أَبِي كُو اللَّهُ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ إِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) مِنَ الذِّكْرِ الْكَثِيرِ الَّذِي قَالَ اللَّهُ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ وَبُو اللَّهَ وَمُؤَاءِ ( عليها السلام ) مِنَ الذِّكْرِ الْكَثِيرِ الَّذِي قَالَ اللَّهُ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ وَمُعَلِّمُ اللَّهُ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ وَمُؤَاءً وَمُعَلِّمُ اللَّهُ عَنْ وَ جَلَّ اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ اللهِ إِنْ عَلِيهِ اللهِ اللّهُ عَنْ وَاللّهِ اللهِ اللهِلهِ اللهِ اللهِ

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Sayf Bin Ameyra, from Bakr Bin Abu Bakr, from Zurara Bin Ayn, from

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> has said: 'The Glorification (*Tasbeeh*) of (Syeda) Fatima Al-Zahra<sup>asws</sup> is from the 'Abundant *Zikr*' which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Speaks of *Do Zikr of Allah, abundant Zikr* [33:41]'.<sup>2</sup>

Also when remembering Ahl Al-Bayt<sup>asws</sup>, it is Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>:

'Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our<sup>asws</sup> mention is from the Mention of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the mention of our<sup>asws</sup> enemies is from the mention of Satan<sup>la</sup>' (this is an extract, the complete Hadith is also presented) <sup>3</sup>

The Remembrance has to be under all states and places, for example:

مُحُمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ مَكْتُوبٌ فِي التَّوْرَاةِ الَّتِي لَمْ تُعَيَّرُ أَنَّ مُوسَى سَأَلَ رَبَّهُ فَقَالَ إِلْهِي إِنَّهُ يَأْتِي عَلَيَّ بَحَالِسُ أُعِزُّكَ وَ أُجِلُكَ أَنْ أَذْكُرَكَ فِيهَا فَقَالَ يَا مُوسَى إِنَّهُ يَأْتِي عَلَيَّ بَحَالِسُ أُعِزُّكَ وَ أُجِلُكَ أَنْ أَذْكُرَكَ فِيهَا فَقَالَ إِلَهُ يَأْتِي عَلَيَّ بَحَالِسُ أُعِزُّكَ وَ أُجِلُكَ أَنْ أَذْكُرَكَ فِيهَا فَقَالَ يَا مُوسَى إِنَّهُ يَرْمِى حَسَنٌ عَلَى كُلِّ حَالٍ .

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'It is Written in the Torah - which has not been altered - that Musa<sup>as</sup> asked his<sup>as</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> saying: 'My<sup>as</sup> God! A situation comes upon me<sup>as</sup> such that it would not be honourable and majestic for You<sup>azwj</sup> that I<sup>as</sup> should mention You<sup>azwj</sup> therein'. So (Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) Said: 'O Musa<sup>as</sup>! My<sup>azwj</sup> Mention is good upon every state"'.<sup>4</sup>

Then there are countless benefits of Remembrance, e.g.,

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرٍ عَنْ هِشَامِ بْنِ سَالِمٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ يَقُولُ مَنْ شُغِلَ بِنِكْرِي عَنْ مَسْأَلَتِي أَعْطَيْتُهُ أَفْضَلَ مَا أُعْطِى مَنْ سَأَلَنِي .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 98 H 16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 22 H 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 2

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 8

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Hisham Bin Salim, from

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> says that 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is Saying: "The one who is too preoccupied by (doing) My<sup>azwj</sup> *Zikr* (and) does not ask (for his needs), I<sup>azwj</sup> shall Give him even more than the one who asks Me<sup>azwj</sup> (his needs)". <sup>5</sup>

The negligence of Remembrance has grave consequences, e.g. hearts get hardened, and sometimes are even Punished by Allah azwi:

حدثنا محمد بن على ماجيلويه رضى الله عنه قال: حدثنا عمي محمد بن أبى القاسم عن محمد بن على الكوفي عن محمد بن سنان عن المفضل بن عمر قال: سألت أبا عبد الله جعفر بن محمد الصادق "ع" عن العشق فقال قلوب خلت من ذكر الله فاذاقها الله حب غيره.

Muhammad Bin Ali Majalawiya narrated to us, from an uncle of Muhammad Bin Abu Al-Qasim, from Muhammad Bin Ali Al Kufy, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Al Mufazzal Bin Umar who said,

'Abu Abdullah Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> Bin Muhammad<sup>asws</sup> was asked about 'العشق', love (a craze for a female/male, wealth, sport/social..), so the Imam<sup>asws</sup> said: 'When the hearts get empty from the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Makes (Punishes) them to taste the love of one other than Him<sup>azwj</sup>, <sup>6</sup>

Hence when a heart gets empty from the *Zikr* then Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Punishes it by making it to indulge into those activities which drain his/her energy, affects health and wastes wealth, and the person will not realise it, out of insanity, but would carry on along those lines - until the Mercy of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> – the Ahl Al-Bayt<sup>asws</sup> rescue him/her and guide that person to the Remembrance or else is left alone (if judged unworthy).

Finally, it's also important to note, Ahl Al-Bayt<sup>asws</sup> are present  $(Hazir o Nazir)^7$  to guide us and protect us from the whispering of the Iblees<sup>la</sup>. As we say in the Ziyarah of Imam<sup>asws</sup>:

'You<sup>asws</sup> (Ahl Al-Bayt<sup>asws</sup>) are the elevated *Noor* which is in front of us when we offer Salat<sup>8</sup> and through you<sup>asws</sup> is our salvation'<sup>9</sup> It is also important to note when 'Tawheed' is mentioned, Ahl Al-Bayt<sup>asws</sup> are not excluded from its domain, e.g.,

<sup>9</sup> Bihar-ul-Anwar, vol. 91, pg. 38

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 24 H 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Al Illal Al Sharaie – V 1 Ch 118 H 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> An important topic covered elsewhere.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> says in the Sermon of 'Mairafat-e-Norania', the intrinsic means of 'وَأَتِي الصَّلَاةُ' are submission to my Wilayat. Thus, whoever adhered to our Wilayat has indeed established Salat but it is extremely difficult to achieve it. In another sermon, Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> says: Only those have established 'Salat' who adhered to my Wilayat. (ref. Hadith-e-Noorania, Bahrul Moarif, Nahjul Israr, vol. 1, pg, 88.)

الحسن بن علي بن زكريا، عن الهيثم بن عبد الله الرماني، عن ، عن أبيه، عن جده محمد بن علي بن الحسين عليهم السلام في قوله: " فطرة الله التي فطر الناس عليها " قال: هو لا إله إلا الله، محمد رسول الله - صلى الله عليه وآله - علي أمير المؤمنين - عليه السلام - إلى ههنا التوحيد

Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Created mankind on His<sup>azwj</sup> nature. Imam Ali Raza<sup>asws</sup> says: This is La-e-Iaha Illallah Mohammed-ur-Rasool Allah Ali Amir-ul-Momineen -And this is Tawheed!<sup>10</sup>

The Zikr repels the devils and brings the blessings to the inhabitants of a dwelling, for example Imam<sup>asws</sup> says:

And the house in which the Quran is recited and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is mentioned therein would be with abundant Blessings, and the Angels would attend it, and the Satans<sup>la</sup> would flee (from there), and it would shine to the inhabitants of the sky just like the brilliant star does for the inhabitants of the earth. And the house in which neither the Quran is recited, nor the *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, therein would be of little Blessings and the Angels would flee from it and the Satans<sup>la</sup> would attend it (Hadith with Arabic is cited later).<sup>11</sup>

The Zikr (remembrance) is also made mandatory for the birds and animals, for example:

Abu Abdullah Al Aasimy, from Ali Bin Al Hassan Al Maysami, from Ali Bin Asbaat, from his father Asbaat Bin Salim, from Salim, a slave of Aban who said,

'I heard Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'There is none from a bird which gets hunted except by neglecting its Glorification (Zikr), and there is none from a wealth getting wasted except by neglecting the  $Zak\bar{a}t'$ .<sup>12</sup>

Finally, Imam<sup>asws</sup> says: 'Always remain in the remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> whether while obeying Him<sup>azwj</sup> or while even committing sins!

In Al-Mahasin it is narrated that Hassan al-Baz'zaz narrated that

Imam Sadiq<sup>asws</sup> said: "Do you want me to inform you about the hardest duties Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Made incumbent upon His<sup>azwj</sup> servants?" He<sup>asws</sup> then discussed three duties, the third of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Bihar Vol-3.Page-277,Bihar.Vol-36-Page-104.Tafseer-E-Qummi Vol-2,Page-154.Al-Manaqib.Vol-3 Page-101

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 22 H 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Al Kafi V 3 – The Book Of Zakat CH 2 H 18

which was to always remember Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, whether we are rushing to obey Him<sup>azwj</sup>, or we are committing sins."<sup>13</sup>

### Introduction:

We present Ahadith to understand in depth the concept of *Zikr* (Remembrance), but let's first review some Holy Verses of the Quran.

Therefore remember Me, I will remember you, and be thankful to Me, and do not be disbelieving [2:152]

And the men and women who frequently engage in Allah's remembrance (do Zikr) - Allah has Prepared for them Forgiveness and a Mighty Recompense [33:35]

O you who believe! Do Zikr of Allah, abundant Zikr [33:41]

And remember your Lord within yourself humbly and fearing and without the loudness from the words, in the morning and the evening, and do not become from the heedless ones [7:205].

Some Ahadith are cited below, in the interpretation of the above Verses:

<sup>13 53 :</sup>ص مشكاة الأنوار في غرر الأخبار، النص، ص: 53

# The Abundant Zikr (Remembrance):

فِي كِتَابِ الْخِصَالِ عَنْ زَيْدٍ الشَّحَّامِ قَالَ: قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ: مَا ابْتُلِيَ الْمُؤْمِنُ بِشَيْءٍ أَشَدَّ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ثَلَاثِ خِصَالٍ يُحْرَمُهَا، قِيلَ: وَ مَا هِيَ؟ قَالَ: الْمُوَاسَاةُ فِي ذَاتِ يَدِهِ، وَ الْإِنْصَافُ مِنْ نَفْسِهِ، وَ ذِكْرُ اللَّهِ كَثِيراً، أَمَا إِنِّ لَا أَقُولُ سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ وَ يُكُرُمُهَا، قِيلَ: وَ مَا هِيَ؟ قَالَ: الْمُوَاسَاةُ فِي ذَاتِ يَدِهِ، وَ الْإِنْصَافُ مِنْ نَفْسِهِ، وَ ذِكْرُ اللَّهِ عِنْدَ مَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْهِ. النَّه وَ لَكِنَّ ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ عِنْدَ مَا أَحَلَّ لَهُ وَ ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ عِنْدَ مَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْهِ.

In the book Al Khisal, from Zayd Bin Al Shaham who said,

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'A Momin does not get tried by anything more difficult upon him than three qualities'. It was said, 'And what are these? He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The equalisation (with another Momin) regarding what is in his hand, and the fairness from himself, and abundant *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

However, I<sup>asws</sup> am not saying (by recitation of) 'Glorious is Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Praise is for Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and there is no god except Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is Greatest!' But, (rather) Remembering of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> during what is Permissible for him and (also) Mentioning of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> during what is Prohibited unto him".<sup>14</sup>

### Zikr is without limitations

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ الْأَشْعَرِيِّ عَنِ ابْنِ الْقَدَّاحِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ مَا مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا وَ لَهُ حَدُّ يَنْتَهِي إِلَيْهِ إِلَّا الذِّكْرَ فَلَيْسَ لَهُ حَدُّ يَنْتَهِي إِلَيْهِ

A number of our companions, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ja'far Bin Muhammad Al Ashary, from Ibn Al Qadah, from

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> has said: 'There is none from the things except that there is an ultimate point to it except for the *Zikr* (Mention of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) for there is no limit for it one can end up to.

فَرَضَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ الْفَرَائِضَ فَمَنْ أَدَّاهُنَّ فَهُوَ حَدُّهُنَّ وَ شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ فَمَنْ صَامَهُ فَهُوَ حَدُّهُ وَ الْحَجَّ فَمَنْ حَجَّ فَهُوَ حَدُّهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَمْ يَرْضَ مِنْهُ بِالْقَلِيلِ وَ لَمْ يَجْعَلْ لَهُ حَدّاً يَنْتَهِي إِلَيْهِ

Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Imposed the Obligations, so the one who fulfils these, would be at its limit (after completing these obligations, they have reached their limit). If one fasts during the Month of Ramazan, they would be at its limit (reached), and the one who performs Hajj, so it would be its limit (reached), except for the *Zikr* (Mention of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>), for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is not Pleased with the little but did not Make a limit for it - and for one to end up to'.

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H 156 – تفسير نور الثقلين، ج4، ص: 288

ثُمُّ تَلَا هَذِهِ الْآيَةَ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ ذِكْراً كَثِيراً وَ سَبِّحُوهُ بُكْرَةً وَ أَصِيلًا فَقَالَ لَمْ يَجْعَلِ اللَّهُ عَرَّ وَ جَلَّ لَهُ حَدَّاً يَنْتَهِي إِلَيْهِ قَالَ وَ كَانَ أَبِي (عليه السلام) كَثِيرَ الذِّكْرِ لَقَدْ كُنْتُ أَمْشِي مَعَهُ وَ إِنَّهُ لَيَذْكُرُ اللَّهَ وَ آكُلُ مَعَهُ الطَّعَامَ وَ إِنَّهُ لَيَذْكُرُ اللَّهَ وَ لَقَدْ كَانَ يُحَدِّثُ الْقَوْمَ وَ مَا يَشْغَلُهُ ذَلِكَ عَنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

Then he<sup>asws</sup> recited this Verse: *O you who believe! Do Zikr of Allah, abundant Zikr [33:41] And Glorify Him morning and evening [33:42]*, and he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic did not Make a limit for it for one to end up to. And it was so that my<sup>asws</sup> father<sup>asws</sup> used to do a lot of *Zikr*. I<sup>asws</sup> had walked with him<sup>asws</sup> and he<sup>asws</sup> was doing *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and was eating food along with it while he<sup>asws</sup> was doing *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. And he<sup>asws</sup> used to narrate to the people and that would not stop him<sup>asws</sup> from doing *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> (simultaneously).

وَ كُنْتُ أَرَى لِسَانَهُ لَازِقاً بِحَنَكِهِ يَقُولُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَ كَانَ يَجْمَعُنَا فَيَأْمُونَا بِالذِّكْرِ حَتَّى تَطْلُعَ الشَّمْسُ وَ يَأْمُرُ بِالْقِرَاءَةِ مَنْ كَانَ يَقْرَأُ مِنَّا وَ مَنْ كَانَ لَا يَقْرَأُ مِنَّا أَمَرَهُ بِالذِّكْرِ

And  $I^{asws}$  used to see his  $I^{asws}$  tongue move in his  $I^{asws}$  jaws saying: 'There is no god except Allah  $I^{asws}$ ,' ( $I^{asws}$ ) and  $I^{asws}$  used to gather us and order us with the  $I^{asws}$  until the emergence of the sun, and he  $I^{asws}$  would order with the recitation the ones from us who could read, and the ones of us who could not read, he  $I^{asws}$  would order him with the  $I^{asws}$ .

وَ الْبَيْتُ الَّذِي يُقْرَأُ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ وَ يُذْكَرُ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ حَلَّ فِيهِ تَكْثُرُ بَرَكَتُهُ وَ تَحْضُرُهُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ وَ تَهْجُرُهُ الشَّيَاطِينُ وَ يُضِيءُ لِأَهْلِ السَّمَاءِ كَمَا يُضِيءُ الْقُرْآنُ وَ لَا يُذْكُرُ اللَّهُ فِيهِ تَقِلُ بَرَكَتُهُ وَ تَهْجُرُهُ السَّمَاءِ كَمَا يُضِيءُ الْكُرْبُ وَ لَا يُذْكُرُ اللَّهُ فِيهِ تَقِلُ بَرَكَتُهُ وَ تَهْجُرُهُ السَّمَاءِ كَمَا يُضِيءُ الْكُرْبُ وَ لَا يُذْكُرُ اللَّهُ فِيهِ تَقِلُ بَرَكَتُهُ وَ تَهْجُرُهُ السَّيَاطِينُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الللَّهُ عَلَى ال

And the house in which the Quran is recited and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is mentioned therein would be with abundant Blessings, and the Angels would attend it, and the Satans<sup>la</sup> would flee, and it would shine to the inhabitants of the sky just like the brilliant star does for the inhabitants of the earth. And the house in which the Quran is not recited, nor is Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mentioned therein would be of little Blessings and the Angels would flee from it and the Satans<sup>la</sup> would attend it.

وَ قَدْ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَ لَا أُخْبِرُكُمْ بِخَيْرِ أَعْمَالِكُمْ لَكُمْ أَرْفَعِهَا فِي دَرَجَاتِكُمْ وَ أَزَّكَاهَا عِنْدَ مَلِيكِكُمْ وَ خَيْرٍ لَكُمْ مِنَ الدِّينَارِ وَ الدِّرْهَمِ وَ خَيْرٍ لَكُمْ مِنْ أَنْ تَلْقُوْا عَدُوَّكُمْ فَتَقْتُلُوهُمْ وَ يَقْتُلُوكُمْ فَقَالُوا بَلَى فَقَالَ ذِكْرُ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ كَثِيراً

And Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> has said: 'Shall I<sup>saww</sup> inform you about the best of deeds which would raise you in your levels and be the most purifying acts in the Presence of your King<sup>azwj</sup>, and better for you all than the Dinar and the Dirham, and better for you than your meeting your enemies (in battle), so you would be killing them and they would be killing you (holy war)?' So they said, 'Yes'. So he<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Abundant *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic''.

ثُمُّ قَالَ جَاءَ رَجُلٌ إِلَى النَّبِيِّ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) فَقَالَ مَنْ خَيْرُ أَهْلِ الْمَسْجِدِ فَقَالَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لِلَّهِ ذِكْراً

Then he (the Imam<sup>asws</sup>) said: 'A man came over to the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> and he said, 'Who are the best ones from the people of the Masjid?' So he<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The ones who most frequent the *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>'.

And Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who has been Given an oft-mentioning tongue, so he has been Given the goodness of the world and the Hereafter'.<sup>15</sup>

### Two freedoms are achieved by Zikr

وعنه: عن الحسين بن محمد، عن معلى بن محمد، و عدة من أصحابنا، عن أحمد بن محمد جميعا، عن الحسن بن علي الوشاء، عن داود بن سرحان، عن أبي عبد الله (عليه السلام)، قال: «قال رسول الله (صلى الله عليه و آله): من أكثر ذكر الله عز و جل أحبه الله، و من ذكر الله كثيرا كتبت له براءتان: براءة من النار، و براءة من النفاق».

And from him, from Al-Husayn Bin Muhammad, from Moala Bin Muhammad, and a number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad altogether, from Al-Hassan Bin Al-Al-Washa, from Dawood Bin Sarhaan,

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> says that Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who frequents in *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Loves him. And the one who does *Zikr* of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> frequently, two freedoms would be Written for him – Freedom from the Fire, and the freedom from the hypocrisy'. <sup>16</sup>

# The Rewards from Allah upon Zikr:

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ خَالِدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ فَضَّالٍ رَفَعَهُ قَالَ قَالَ اللَّهُ عَرَّ وَ جَلَّ لِعِيسَى ( عليه السلام ) يَا عِيسَى ادْكُرْنِي فِي نَفْسِكَ أَدْكُرْنِي فِي مَلَئِكَ أَدْكُرْكَ فِي مَلَإِ خَيْرٍ مِنْ مَلَإِ الْآدَمِيِّينَ يَا عِيسَى أَلِنْ لِي قَلْبَكَ وَ أَكْثِرْ ذِكْرِي ادْكُرْنِي فِي مَلَئِكَ أَدْكُرْكَ فِي مَلَإِ خَيْرٍ مِنْ مَلَإِ الْآدَمِيِّينَ يَا عِيسَى أَلِنْ لِي قَلْبَكَ وَ أَكْثِرْ ذِكْرِي فِي الْمُؤْمِرِي أَنْ تُبَصْبِصَ إِلَيَّ وَكُنْ فِي ذَلِكَ حَيَّا وَ لَا تَكُنْ مَيِّتاً .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Khalid, from Ibn Fazzal, raising it, said,

'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Said to Isa<sup>as</sup>: "O Isa<sup>as</sup>! Mention Me<sup>azwj</sup> within yourself<sup>as</sup>, I<sup>azwj</sup> will Mention you<sup>as</sup> within Myself<sup>azwj</sup>, and mention Me<sup>azwj</sup> in your<sup>as</sup> gathering, I<sup>azwj</sup> shall Mention you<sup>as</sup> in a gathering better than the gathering of the human beings.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 22 H 1 (Extract)

الكافي 2: 362/ 3

O Isa<sup>as</sup>! Soften your<sup>as</sup> heart for Me<sup>azwj</sup> and frequent My<sup>azwj</sup> Mention in the isolation, and know that My<sup>azwj</sup> Gladness is that you<sup>as</sup> compliment to Me<sup>azwj</sup> and become lively during that and do not become (like) dead" (hearts - avoid of *Zikr*).<sup>17</sup>

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from the one who mentioned it, from

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> says that 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "The one who mentions Me<sup>azwj</sup> in a gathering of the people, I<sup>azwj</sup> will Mention him in a gathering of the Angels'.<sup>18</sup>

Humeyd Bin Ziyad, from Al Hassan Bin Muhammad Bin Sama'at, from Wuheyb Bin Hafs, from Abu Baseer,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'No group will gather in a gathering not mentioning Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic and not mentioning us<sup>asws</sup> except that gathering would be a regret upon them on the Day of Judgment'.

Then he (the narrator) said, 'Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Our<sup>asws</sup> mention is from the Mention of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the mention of our<sup>asws</sup> enemies is from the mention of Satan<sup>la</sup>, <sup>19</sup>

مُحُمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ أَبِي حَرْزَةَ الثَّمَالِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ( عليه السلام ) سَأَلَ رَبَّهُ فَقَالَ يَا رَبِّ أَ قَرِيبٌ أَنْتَ مِنِيِّ فَأُنَاجِيَكَ أَمْ بَعِيدٌ السلام ) سَأَلَ رَبَّهُ فَقَالَ يَا رَبِّ أَ قَرِيبٌ أَنْتَ مِنِيٍّ فَأُنَاجِيَكَ أَمْ بَعِيدٌ فَأَنَادِيكَ فَأُوحَى اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِلَيْهِ يَا مُوسَى أَنَا جَلِيسُ مَنْ ذَكَرَيِي

Muhammad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Abu Hamza Al Sumaly,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'It is Written in the Torah which has not been altered, that Musa<sup>as</sup> asked his<sup>as</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> saying: 'O Lord<sup>azwj</sup>! Are You<sup>azwj</sup> close to me<sup>as</sup> so I<sup>as</sup> should whisper to You<sup>azwj</sup>, or are You<sup>azwj</sup> Distant, so I<sup>as</sup> should call out (loudly) to You<sup>azwj</sup>?' So Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Revealed unto him<sup>as</sup>: "O Musa<sup>as</sup>! I<sup>azwj</sup> a Companion of the one who Mentions Me<sup>azwj</sup>".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 25 H 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 2

فَقَالَ مُوسَى فَمَنْ فِي سِتْرِكَ يَوْمَ لَا سِتْرَ إِلَّا سِتْرُكَ فَقَالَ الَّذِينَ يَنْكُرُونَنِي فَأَذْكُرُهُمْ وَ يَتَحَابُّونَ فِيَّ فَأُحِبُّهُمْ فَأُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ إِذَا أَرَدْتُ أَنْ أُصِيبَ أَهْلَ الْأَرْضِ بِسُوءٍ ذَكَرْتُهُمْ فَدَفَعْتُ عَنْهُمْ بِحِمْ .

So Musa<sup>as</sup> said: 'So who would be in Your<sup>azwj</sup> Veil on the Day in which there will be no veil except for Your<sup>azwj</sup> Veil?' So He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "Those who are mentioning Me<sup>azwj</sup> So I<sup>azwj</sup> am Mentioning them, and the ones who are loving (others) regarding Me<sup>azwj</sup>, So I<sup>azwj</sup> Love them. Therefore, they are those, whenever I<sup>azwj</sup> want to Hit the people of the earth with an evil, I<sup>azwj</sup> Remember them, so I<sup>azwj</sup> Repel it from them (sinners), due to them' (those who do the *Zikr*).<sup>20</sup>

# Remembering Allah in every State:

مُحُمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ أَبِي حَمْزَةَ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ مَكْتُوبٌ فِي التَّوْرَاةِ الَّتِي لَمْ تُعَيَّرُ أَنَّ مُوسَى سَأَلَ رَبَّهُ فَقَالَ إِلْهِي إِنَّهُ يَأْتِي عَلَيَّ بَحَالِسُ أُعِزُّكَ وَ أُجِلُّكَ أَنْ أَذْكُرَكَ فِيهَا فَقَالَ يَا مُوسَى إِنَّهُ يَأْتِي عَلَيَّ بَحَالِسُ أُعِزُّكَ وَ أُجِلُّكَ أَنْ أَذْكُرَكَ فِيهَا فَقَالَ إِلْهِي إِنَّهُ يَأْتِي عَلَيَّ بَحَالِسُ أُعِزُّكَ وَ أُجِلُّكَ أَنْ أَذْكُرَكَ فِيهَا فَقَالَ يَا مُوسَى إِنَّهُ يَرْضِي عَلَى كُلِّ حَالٍ .

Muhammad Bin yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Isa, from Ibn Mahboub, from Abdullah Bin Sinan, from Abu Hamza,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'It is Written in the Torah - which has not been altered - that Musa<sup>as</sup> asked his<sup>as</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> saying: 'My<sup>as</sup> God! A situation comes upon me<sup>as</sup> such that it would not be honourable and majestic for You<sup>azwj</sup> that I<sup>as</sup> should mention You<sup>azwj</sup> therein'. So he<sup>as</sup> said: 'O Musa<sup>as</sup>! My<sup>azwj</sup> Mention is good upon every state"'. <sup>21</sup>

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنِ ابْنِ رِئَابٍ عَنِ الْحَلِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ لَا بَأْسَ بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ وَ أَنْتَ تَبُولُ فَإِنَّ ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ حَسَنٌ عَلَى كُلِّ حَالَ فَلَا تَسْأُمْ مِنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ .

A number of our companions, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ibn Mahboub, from Ibn Raib, from Al Halby,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'There is no problem with the Mentioning of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> while you are urinating, for the Mention of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is good upon every state. Therefore, do not hesitate from the Mentioning of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, <sup>22</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 6

# Neglecting Zikr Hardens the hearts:

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ النَّوْفَلِيِّ عَنِ السَّكُوبِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ أَوْحَى اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِلَى مُوسَى ( عليه السلام ) يَا مُوسَى ( عليه السلام ) يَا مُوسَى ( عليه السلام ) لَا تَفْرَحْ بِكَثْرَةِ الْمَالِ وَ لَا تَدَعْ ذِكْرِي عَلَى كُلِّ حَالٍ فَإِنَّ كَثْرَةَ الْمَالِ تُنْسِي الذُّنُوبَ وَ إِنَّ تَرْكَ ذَكْرِي عَلَى كُلِّ حَالٍ فَإِنَّ كَثْرَةَ الْمَالِ تُنْسِي الذُّنُوبَ وَ إِنَّ تَرْكَ ذَكْرِي عَلَى كُلِّ حَالٍ فَإِنَّ كَثْرَةَ الْمَالِ تُنْسِي الذُّنُوبَ وَ إِنَّ تَرْكَ ذَكْرِي عَلَى كُلِّ حَالٍ فَإِنَّ كَثْرَةَ الْمَالِ تُنْسِي الذُّنُوبَ وَ إِنَّ تَرْكَ

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Al Nowfaly, from Al-Sakuny, from,

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> says that 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Revealed unto Musa<sup>as</sup>: "O Musa<sup>as</sup>! Do not be happy with the abundance of the wealth, nor leave My<sup>azwj</sup> mention upon every state, for the abundant wealth would make you<sup>as</sup> to forget the sins and that the neglect of My<sup>azwj</sup> Mention would harden the hearts'.<sup>23</sup>

And by his chain,

'He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Among what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Whispered to Musa<sup>as</sup> with was that He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "O Musa<sup>as</sup>! Do not forget Me<sup>azwj</sup> upon every state, for forgetting Me<sup>azwj</sup> would cause the heart to die'.<sup>24</sup>

حُمْيْدُ بْنُ زِيَادٍ عَنِ الْخَشَّابِ عَنِ ابْنِ بَقَّاحٍ عَنْ مُعَاذِ بْنِ ثَابِتٍ عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ جُمْيْعٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ كَانَ الْمَسِيحُ ( عليه السلام ) يَقُولُ لَا تُكْثِرُوا الْكَلَامَ فِي غَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُكْثِرُونَ الْكَلَامَ فِي غَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُكْثِرُونَ الْكَلَامَ فِي غَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُكْثِرُونَ الْكَلَامَ فِي غَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّذِينَ يُكْثِرُونَ الْكَلَامَ فِي غَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَالْمِهُمْ وَ لَكِنْ لَا تُكْلِمُونَ الْكَلَامَ فِي عَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ فَيْرُونَ الْكَلَامَ فِي غَيْرِ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ فَاسِيَةً قُلُوبُهُمْ وَ لَكِنْ اللّهُ لَا تُكْتِلُونَ اللّهِ فَإِنَّ اللّهِ فَإِنَّ اللّهِ فَإِنَّ اللّهِ فَإِنَّ اللّهِ فَإِنْ اللّهِ فَإِنْ اللّهُ فَالِهُ فَاللّهُ فَاللّ

Humeyd Bin Ziyad, from Al Khashhab, from Ibn Baqah, from Muaz Bin Sabit, from Amro Bin Jumie,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The Messiah<sup>as</sup> was saying: 'Do not frequent with the speech in other than the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, for those who are frequenting the speech in other than the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, it is hardening their hearts, but they are not knowing'.<sup>25</sup>

### Zikr and the Shias:

حُمْيْدُ بْنُ زِيَادٍ عَنِ ابْنِ سَمَاعَةَ عَنْ وُهَيْبِ بْنِ حَفْصٍ عَنْ أَبِي بَصِيرٍ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ شِيعَتُنَا الَّذِينَ إِذَا خَلُوْا ذَكَرُوا اللّهَ كَثِيرًا .

Humeyd Bin Ziyad, from Ibn Sama'at, from Wuheyb Bin Hafs, from Abu Baseer, from,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 21 H 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 56 H 11

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Our<sup>asws</sup> Shias are those who when they are alone, they are doing Zikr of (mentioning) Allah azwj a lot'. 26

When leaving the Harram of Imam Hussain asws, we recite the following supplication:

O Allah<sup>azwj</sup>! Send Your<sup>azwj</sup> blessing on Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and the family of Muhammad<sup>asws</sup> and do not make me too preoccupied with the blessings of this world such that I neglect Your azwj remembrance. Do not give me too many (worldly blessings) such that I become fond of its wondering happiness and such that I become charmed by its shining decorations. (Also) do not give me too little such that my good deeds are affected by working too hard for this world and such that I continuously worry about it. Give me enough so that I do not need the evil ones from Your azwj creation and enough that I can attain Your pleasure, O the Most Merciful. (This is an Extract – from bidding farewell to Imam Hussain asws). 27

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ هُحَمَّدِ بْنِ خَالِدٍ عَنْ عُثْمَانَ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَهْمَدَ بْنِ عَالِدٍ عَنْ غُثْمَانَ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَهْمَدَ بْنِ عَلْدِ اللَّهِ ع قَالَ قَالَ اصْبِرُوا عَلَى الدُّنْيَا فَإِنَّا هِيَ سَاعَةٌ فَمَا مَضَى مِنْهُ فَلَا تَجِدُ لَهُ أَلَماً وَ لَا سُرُوراً وَ مَا لَمْ يَجِيعُ فَلَا تَدْرِي مَا هُوَ وَ إِنَّمَا هِيَ سَاعَتُكَ الَّتِي أَنْتَ فِيهَا فَاصْبِرْ فِيهَا عَلَى طَاعَةِ اللَّهِ وَ اصْبِرْ فِيهَا عَنْ مَعْصِيةِ اللَّهِ

A number of our people have narrated from Ahmad ibn Muhammad ibn Khalid from 'Uthman ibn 'Isa from certain individuals of our people who has narrated the following:

(From Abu Abd Allah asws) 'Exercise patience in worldly matters; it is only an hour. You do not find any pain or happiness in whatever has passed. The hour that has not yet arrived is unknown to you in matters of its contents. The only time is the hour in which you live. Exercise patience in it to obey Allah arwi and exercise patience in such time in the matters of disobedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, .<sup>28</sup>

عَنْهُ رَفَعَهُ قَالَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ع لِرَجُل اجْعَلْ قَلْبَكَ قَرِيناً بَرّاً أَوْ وَلَداً وَاصِلًا وَ اجْعَلْ عَمَلَكَ وَالِداً تَتَّبِعُهُ وَ اجْعَلْ نَفْسَكَ عَدُوّاً جُّاهِدُهَا وَ اجْعَلْ مَالَكَ عَارِيَّةً تَوُدُّهَا

It is narrated from him (narrator of the Hadith above) in a marfu' manner from Abu 'Abd Allah asws who has said the following to a man:

Abu Abd Allah<sup>asws</sup> has said: 'Make your heart a virtuous companion for yourself or like a child who does not fail to maintain good relations with parents. Consider your deeds as your father whom you follow, consider your soul as your enemy against whom you strive and consider your properties as borrowed for the safe return of which you are responsible'.<sup>29</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 22 H 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Kamil Al-Ziyarah, Ch. 84, h, 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 2, H. 3009

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 2, H. 3012. 455 : ص 2 : ج الكافي ج

عَنْهُ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ الْحُكَمِ عَنْ حَسَّانَ عَنْ زَيْدٍ الشَّحَّامِ قَالَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ع خُذْ لِنَفْسِكَ مِنْ نَفْسِكَ خُذْ مِنْهَا فِي الصِّحَّةِ قَبْلَ السُّقْم وَ فِي الْقُوَّةِ قَبْلَ الضَّعْفِ وَ فِي الْخُيَاةِ قَبْلَ الْمَمَاتِ

It is narrated from him (narrator of the Hadith above) from Ali ibn al-Hakam from Hassan from Zayd al-Shahham who has said the following:

'Abu Abd Allah<sup>asws</sup> has said: 'Take from your soul for your soul. Take from it in good health before illness, during its strength before weakness and in its lifetime before death'. <sup>30</sup>

الحُسَيْنُ بْنُ مُحُمَّدٍ عَنْ مُعَلَّى بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ شُعَيْبِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِهِ رَفَعَهُ قَالَ جَاءَ رَجُلُ إِلَى أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَ فَقَالَ يَا أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَوْصِنِي بِوَجْهٍ مِنْ وُجُوهِ الْبِرِّ أَنْخُو بِهِ قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ع أَيُّهَا السَّائِلُ اسْتَمِعْ ثُمُّ اسْتَفْهِمْ ثُمُّ اسْتَغْمِلْ وَ اعْلَمْ أَنَّ النَّاسَ ثَلَاثَةٌ وَاهِدٌ وَ صَابِرٌ وَ رَاغِبٌ فَأَمّا الزَّاهِدُ فَقَدْ حَرَجَتِ الْأَحْزَانُ وَ الْأَفْرَاحُ مِنْ قَلْبِهِ فَلَا يَفْرَحُ السَّعْمِلُ وَ اعْلَمْ أَنَّ النَّاسَ ثَلَاثَةٌ وَاهِدٌ وَ صَابِرٌ وَ رَاغِبٌ فَأَمّا الزَّاهِدُ فَقَدْ حَرَجَتِ الْأَحْزَانُ وَ الْأَفْرَاحُ مِنْ قَلْبِهِ فَلَا يَفْرَحُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ فَاتَهُ فَهُو مُسْتَرِيحٌ وَ أَمَّا الصَّابِرُ فَإِنَّهُ يَتَمَنَّاهَا بِقَلْبِهِ فَإِذَا نَالَ مِنْهَا أَجْمَ نَفْسَهُ عَنْهَا لِسَاعِمُ اللَّعْتَ عَلَى قَلْهِ عَجِبْتَ مِنْ عِفَتِهِ وَ تَوَاضُعِهِ وَ حَزْمِهِ وَ أَمَّا الرَّاغِبُ فَلَا يُبَالِي مِنْ أَيْنَ جَاءَتْهُ الدُّنْيَا مِنْ إِلَيْ مَا دَنَّسَ فِيها عِرْضَهُ وَ أَهْلَكَ نَفْسَهُ وَ أَذْهَبَ مُرُوءَتَهُ فَهُمْ فِي عَمْرَةِ يَضْطَرِبُونَ وَلَالًا وَ لَا يُبَالِي مَا دَنَّسَ فِيها عِرْضَهُ وَ أَهْلَكَ نَفْسَهُ وَ أَذْهَبَ مُرُوءَتَهُ فَهُمْ فِي عَمْرَةٍ يَضْطَلَهُونَ

Al-Husayn ibn Muhammad has narrated from Mu'alla ibn Muhammad from Ahmad ibn Muhammad from Shu'ayb ibn 'Abd Allah from certain individuals of his people in a marfu' manner the following:

'Once a man came to Amir-ul-Momineen asws and said, 'O Amir-ul-Momineen sws, grant me good advice in the aspects of virtue so I may attain salvation'.

Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said, 'O seeker of advice, listen carefully, understand, ascertain and practice. You must know that people are of three kinds: (1) restraining themselves from worldly matters, (2) exercising patience and (3) those who are inclined toward worldly gains.

'From the hearts of restraining people sadness and happiness have moved out. He neither becomes happy for any of the worldly things, nor he grieves over anything of the world that he may have missed, thus, he is comfortable.

'The person who exercises patience has hopes to have worldly gains in his heart and when he gains anything he holds his soul back from it due to such gains' bad consequences and disgrace. Were you to see his heart, you would be astonished by its chastity, humility and determination.

'To those who are inclined to worldly gains it does not matter wherefrom worldly gains come to them, lawful or unlawful as well as whether it throws filth over their honour or destroys their souls, or takes away their kindness. They are restless to achieve them'. 31

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 2, H. 3016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 2, H. 3018.

### The Essence of Remembrance and the Best Zikr:

في كتاب الخصال عن أبى حمزة الثمالى عن أبى جعفر عليه السلام قال: قال أمير المؤمنين عليه السلام: جمع الخير كله في ثلاث خصال: النظر والسكوت والكلام، و كل نظر ليس فيه اعتبار فهو سهو، وكل سكوت ليس فيه فكر فهو غفلة، وكل كلام ليس فيه ذكر فهو لغو، فطوبى لمن كان نظره عبرا، وسكوته فكرا، وكلامه ذكرا، وبكى على خطيئته وأمن الناس شره.

In the Book Al-Khisaal, from Abu Hamza Al-Sumaly, who has said:

'Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> has said that 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> said: 'All good has been gathered in three characteristics – The consideration, and the silence, and the speech. And every view in which there is no consideration, so it is an oversight. And every silence, in which there is no pondering, so it is negligence. And every speech in which there is no Remembrance, so it is vain talk'.<sup>32</sup>

لا تذكر الله سبحانه ساهيا و لا تنسه لاهيا و اذكره [ذكرا] كاملا يوافق فيه قلبك لسانك و يطابق إضمارك إعلانك و لن تذكره حقيقة الذكر حتى تنسى نفسك في ذكرك و تفقدها في أمرك

Neither do 'Zikr'<sup>33</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in drowsiness nor forget to mention Him when involved in 'Lahu Lahab' (un-Islamic pleasures), but mention Him<sup>azwj</sup> with full concentration so that your heart supports what you utter from your tongue, your internal feelings are reflected by your gestures. You can never do justice to His<sup>azwj</sup> 'Zikr' until you forget about yourself and lose yourself in His<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance'.<sup>34</sup>

### Zikr is Comfort to the hearts:

Allah azwi has Said, 'Remembrance (speaking) of Allah certainly brings comfort to all hearts.' (13:28)

Surely, the Salat prevents from the immoralities and the evil, and the Zikr of Allah is the greatest [29:45].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Tafseer Noor Al Saqalayn – CH 88 H 25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Mention Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, His<sup>azwj</sup> Names, His<sup>azwj</sup> Attributes, etc.

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(6<sup>th</sup> Imam<sup>asws</sup> said in a lengthy Hadith) So the prevention is a speech, and the immoralities and the evil are (two) men, and we<sup>asws</sup> are the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and we<sup>asws</sup> are the greatest (Remembrance)'.<sup>35</sup>

# Allah<sup>azwj</sup>'s Commends Prophet Isa<sup>as</sup> (For *Zikr*):

O Isa<sup>as</sup>! Revive My<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance by your<sup>as</sup> tongue, and make My<sup>azwj</sup> cordiality to be in your<sup>as</sup> heart.

O Isa<sup>as</sup>! You<sup>as</sup> weep over yourself<sup>as</sup> in private, move your<sup>as</sup> feet to the timings of the Prayer, and let Me<sup>azwj</sup> Hear your<sup>as</sup> sweet speech of My<sup>azwj</sup> remembrance, for My<sup>azwj</sup> Favour to you<sup>as</sup> is good.

يَا عِيسَى لَا تَسْتَيْقِظَنَّ عَاصِياً وَ لَا تَسْتَنْبِهَنَّ لَاهِياً وَ افْطِمْ نَفْسَكَ عَنِ الشَّهَوَاتِ الْمُوبِقَاتِ وَ كُلُّ شَهْوَةٍ ثُبَاعِدُكَ مِنِّي فَاهْجُرْهَا وَ اعْلَمْ أَنَّ كُنْ مِنِّي عَلَى حَذَرٍ وَ اعْلَمْ أَنَّ دُنْيَاكَ مُؤَدِّيَتُكَ إِلَيَّ وَ أَيِّ آخُذُكَ بِعِلْمِي فَكُنْ ذَلِيلَ النَّفْسِ عِنْدَ ذِكْرِي خَاشِعَ الْقَلْبِ حِينَ تَذْكُرُنِي يَقْظَانَ عِنْدَ نَوْمِ الْغَافِلِينَ

O Isa<sup>as</sup>! Do not wake up as a disobedient one, nor indulge in vanities whilst awake, and turn yourself<sup>as</sup> away from the lusts and the sins, and every desire which distances you<sup>as</sup> from Me<sup>azwj</sup>. So migrate from it, and know that you<sup>as</sup> are from Me<sup>azwj</sup> at the status of the trustworthy Rasool<sup>as</sup>, so be cautious with regards to Me<sup>azwj</sup>, and know that your<sup>as</sup> world will deliver you<sup>as</sup> to Me<sup>azwj</sup>, and I<sup>azwj</sup> will Grab you<sup>as</sup> with My<sup>azwj</sup> Knowledge. So become a humble soul during My<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance, with a revering heart when you<sup>as</sup> Mention Me<sup>azwj</sup>, being fully aware whilst the neglectful ones sleep.

O Isa<sup>as</sup>! Do not hesitate when you<sup>as</sup> plan from My<sup>azwj</sup> Plan, and do not forget My<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance in the privacy of the world.

O Isa<sup>as</sup>! Perfume your<sup>as</sup> heart for Me<sup>azwj</sup> and frequent My<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance in the privacy, and know that My<sup>azwj</sup> Happiness is in your<sup>as</sup> pleading to Me<sup>azwj</sup>, so be alive during that and not become as dead (heart) - An extract from a lengthy Hadith.<sup>36</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Merits of the Quran CH 1 H 1

# Allahazwj's Command to Prophet Musaas:

In another Hadith, Allah azwj Said to Prophet Musa (an Extract from a long Hadith):

يَا مُوسَى أَنْتَ عَبْدِي وَ أَنَا إِلَمُكَ لَا تَسْتَذِلَّ الْحَقِيرَ الْفَقِيرَ وَ لَا تَغْبِطِ الْغَنِيَّ بِشَيْءٍ يَسِيرٍ وَ كُنْ عِنْدَ ذِكْرِي حَاشِعاً وَ عِنْدَ تِلاَوْتِهِ بِرَحْمَتِي طَامِعاً وَ أَسْمِعْنِي لَذَاذَةَ التَّوْرَاةِ بِصَوْتٍ حَاشِعٍ حَزِينٍ اطْمَئِنَّ عِنْدَ ذِكْرِي وَ ذَكَرْ بِي مَنْ يَطْمَئِنُّ إِلَيَّ وَ اعْبُدْيِن وَ لَا تُشْرِكْ بِي بَنْ عَامِعاً وَ أَسُولُ بِي مَنْ يَطْمَئِنُ إِلَيِّ وَ الْمُبُدِّينِ وَ لَا تُشْرُكُ بِي مَنْ يَطْمَئِنَّ إِلَيِّ حَلَقْتُكَ مِنْ ثُطْفَةٍ مِنْ مَاءٍ مَهِينٍ مِنْ طِينَةٍ أَخْرَجْتُهَا مِنْ أَرْضٍ ذَلِيلَةٍ مُمْشُوجَةٍ فَكَانَتْ بَشَرًا فَأَنَا السَّيِّدُ الْكَبِيرُ إِلِيِّ حَلَقْتُكَ مِنْ ثُطْفَةٍ مِنْ مَاءٍ مَهِينٍ مِنْ طِينَةٍ أَخْرَجْتُهَا مِنْ أَرْضٍ ذَلِيلَةٍ مُمْشُوجَةٍ فَكَانَتْ بَشَرًا فَأَنَا صَانِعُهَا خَلْقاً فَتَبَارَكَ وَجْهِي وَ تَقَدَّسَ صَنِيعِي لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِي شَيْءٌ وَ أَنَا الْخِيُّ الدَّائِمُ الَّذِي لَا أَزُولُ

O Musa<sup>as</sup>! You<sup>as</sup> are My<sup>azwj</sup> servant and I<sup>azwj</sup> am your<sup>azwj</sup> God. Do not belittle the despicable, the poor, and do not envy the rich for a little thing. <u>And become humble in My<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance</u> and in it's (the Torah) Recitation by My<sup>azwj</sup> Mercy, and make Me<sup>azwj</sup> Hear the Torah in a humble voice, full of grief. Be at rest during My<sup>azwj</sup> Remembrance, and mention Me<sup>azwj</sup> to the 'one' who is assured to Me<sup>azwj</sup>, and worship Me<sup>azwj</sup> and do not associate Me<sup>azwj</sup> with anything. And make haste to My<sup>azwj</sup> Pleasure, 'إِنِّي أَنَّ السَّيِّدُ الْكَبِيرُ' for I<sup>azwj</sup> and the Great Master<sup>azwj</sup>. I<sup>azwj</sup> Created you<sup>as</sup> from a seed of menial water from clay which I<sup>azwj</sup> Took out from a disgraceful mixture of dust. So it was a human being and I<sup>azwj</sup> carved it into a creature. So Blessed is My<sup>azwj</sup> 'وَجُوِي ' (My Wali<sup>as</sup>), and Holy is My<sup>azwj</sup> Craft. There is nothing like Me<sup>azwj</sup> and I<sup>azwj</sup> am the Eternal Living One who will not Decline (an extract).<sup>37</sup>

# Zikr is a Mercy of Allah azwj:

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ فَضَّالٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ مُقْبَةَ عَنْ بُرَيْدِ بْنِ مُعَاوِيَةَ الْعِجْلِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ وَاللهِ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بَنِ مُقَابَةً عَنْ أَرَدْتُ أَنْ أَجْمَعَ لِلْمُسْلِمِ خَيْرَ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْآخِرَةِ جَعَلْتُ لَهُ قَلْباً ) قَالَ وَاللهِ وَلَه ) قَالَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ إِذَا أَرَدْتُ أَنْ أَجْمَعَ لِلْمُسْلِمِ خَيْرَ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْآخِرَةِ جَعَلْتُ لَهُ قَلْباً خَالِم اللهِ عَلَى الْبَلاءِ صَابِراً وَ رَوْجَةً مُؤْمِنَةً تَسُرُّهُ إِذَا نَظَرَ إِلَيْهَا وَ تَخْفَظُهُ إِذَا غَابَ عَنْهَا فِي نَفْسِهَا وَ مَالِهِ .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Fazzal, from Ali Bin Uqba, from Bureyd Bin Muawiya Al-Ijaly, from

Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> says that Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Said Whenever I<sup>azwj</sup> Intend to Gather for the Muslim goodness of the world and the Hereafter, I<sup>azwj</sup> Make for him a devout heart, and a tongue of remembrance, and a body patient upon the affliction, and a Believing wife who delights him whenever he looks at her and she preserves him (his interests) whenever he is absent from her, with regards to herself and his wealth'.<sup>38</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 8, H. 14551

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 8, H. 14456

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Al Kafi – V 5 – The Book of Marriage Ch 7 H 2

# Amir-ul-Momineen Bequeaths to Companions:

أَحْمُدُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ أَحْمَدَ الْكُوفِيُّ وَ هُوَ الْعَاصِمِيُّ عَنْ عَبْدِ الْوَاحِدِ بْنِ الصَّوَّافِ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ الْمَمْدَانِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي الْحُسَنِ مُوسَى ( عليه السلام ) يُوصِي أَصْحَابَهُ وَ يَقُولُ أُوصِيكُمْ بِتَقْوَى اللَّهِ فَإِنَّهَا غِبْطَةُ الطَّالِبِ مُوسَى ( عليه السلام ) يُوصِي أَصْحَابَهُ وَ يَقُولُ أُوصِيكُمْ بِتَقْوَى اللَّهِ فَإِنَّهَا غِبْطَةُ الطَّالِبِ الرَّحِي وَ ثِقَةُ الْهَارِبِ اللَّاحِي

Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Ahmad All Kufy, and he is Al-A'asmiy, from Abdul Wahid Bin Al-Sawwaf, from Muhammad Bin Ismail Al-Hamdany who has narrated the following:

Abu Al-Hassan Musa<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Amir-ul-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> used to bequeath to his<sup>asws</sup> companions saying: 'I<sup>asws</sup> bequeath you to fear Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for it is happiness for the truthful seeker, and a heavy shackle for the runaway fugitive.

And be aware of the piety realising it within yourselves, <u>and remember Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with a sincere Remembrance</u>, being revived by it, and journey upon the path of salvation.

Look at this world with the vision of the ascetics, the ones who have parted from it, for it dislodges its residents and causes distress to the affluent ones who (superficially) feel safe. Do not hope for those that are turned away from it, not knowing what it is that will come from it. So await patiently for the prosperity upon the arrival of the afflictions from it, and the survival from it up to the end.

فَسُرُورُهَا مَشُوبٌ بِالْخُرْنِ وَ الْبَقَاءُ فِيهَا إِلَى الضَّعْفِ وَ الْوَهْنِ فَهِيَ كَرَوْضَةٍ اعْتَمَّ مَرْعَاهَا وَ أَعْجَبَتْ مَنْ يَرَاهَا عَذْبٌ شِرْبُهَا طَيِّبٌ تَرْبُهَا مَشُوبٌ بِالْخُرْنِ وَ الْبَقَاءُ فِيهَا النَّدَى حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ الْعُشْبُ إِبَّانَهُ وَ اسْتَوَى بَنَانُهُ هَاجَتْ رِيحٌ تَحُتُ الْوَرَقَ وَ تُفَرِّقُ مَا تَرْبُهَا مَمُّ عُرُوقُهَا النَّدَى حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ الْعُشْبُ إِبَّانَهُ وَ اسْتَوَى بَنَانُهُ هَاجَتْ رِيحٌ تَحُتُ الْوَرَقَ وَ تُفَرِّقُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُقْتَدِراً انْظُرُوا فِي الدُّنْيَا فِي كَثْرَةِ مَا يُعْجِبُكُمْ وَ قِلَّةٍ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُقْتَدِراً انْظُرُوا فِي الدُّنْيَا فِي كَثْرَةِ مَا يُعْجِبُكُمْ وَ قِلَّةٍ مَا يَنْهَعُكُمْ

So its happiness is tainted with the grief, and the survival in it is up to the weakness and the fragility. So it is like a garden, the pasture of which is dense causing those who look at it, to wonder at it. Its drinks are sweet, its covering (soil) is good, its roots are excited in the ground, and its branches drip moisture until the grass reaches its due level. The scent gets triggered under the blades and gets separated from it in the morning, just as Allah azwi has Said: "[18:45] then it becomes dry broken into pieces which the winds scatter; and Allah is the holder of power over all things." Look at this world and the numerous things which cause you to wonder, and the scarcity of the things which benefit you'. 39

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 8, H. 14451

# The Advice of 6<sup>th</sup> Imam<sup>asws</sup> on Zikr:

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, wrote this letter to his<sup>asws</sup> companions and commanded them to study it, ponder over it, and make a pact by it, and act in accordance with it. Below is an extract, the full Hadith is given in the Appendix I (ref. Al-Kafi, Vol. 8, H. 14449):

And they (the Imams<sup>asws</sup>) are the People<sup>asws</sup> of the <u>'Remembrance'</u> (to remain in their remembrance) whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered the people to ask them<sup>asws</sup>, and they<sup>asws</sup> are the ones<sup>asws</sup> to be asked. And it has preceded in the Knowledge of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> that they should ratify them<sup>asws</sup>, and follow their<sup>asws</sup> footsteps.

So, frequently remember Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in accordance with your abilities in every hour of the hours of the night and the day, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered for frequent Remembrance (Al-Zikr) to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Remembers the one who remembers Him<sup>azwj</sup> from the Believers. And know, that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> never Remembers anyone from His<sup>azwj</sup> believing servant except Remembering him with Goodness.<sup>40</sup>

# Protection from Iblees is in the Zikr:

In Tafseer Imam Hassan Askari<sup>asws</sup> (Extract):

قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ص: وَ أَمَّا نَفَتَاتُهُ: فَأَنْ يَرَى أَحَدُكُمْ أَنَّ شَيْئاً بَعْدَ الْقُرْآنِ أَشْفَى لَهُ مِنْ ذِكْرِنَا أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَ مِنَ الصَّلَاةِ عَلَيْنَا، فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَعَلَ الصَّلَواتِ عَلَيْنَا مَاحِيَةً لِلْأَوْزَارِ وَ الذُّنُوبِ، وَ مُطَهِّرَةً مِنَ الْعُيُوبِ وَ مُضَاعِفَةً لِلْحَسَنَاتِ. مُضَاعِفَةً لِلْحَسَنَاتِ.

Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'And as for his<sup>la</sup> puffing – so if one of you views that there is something after the Quran as protection from him, (then it is) <u>our<sup>asws</sup> remembrance of the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household</u>, and the (sending of) *Salawat* upon us<sup>asws</sup>, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic <u>Made our<sup>asws</sup> remembrance</u>, the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household, as a healing for the hearts, and Made the *Salawat* upon us as a deletion of the burdens of the sins, and a cleansing from the faults, and a multiplication of the good deeds.<sup>41</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 8, H. 14449

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Tafseer Imam Hassan Askari<sup>asws</sup>, H. 348

# Amir-ul-Momineen asws,'s Praise for those in Zikr:

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ عَنْ عَلِيٍّ بْنِ أَسْبَاطٍ عَنْ أَبِي الْحُسَنِ الرِّضَا (عليه السلام) أَنَّ أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ (صلوات الله عليه) كَانَ يَقُولُ طُوبِيَ لِمَنْ أَخْلَصَ لِلَّهِ الْعِبَادَةَ وَ الدُّعَاءَ وَ لَمْ يَشْغَلْ قَلْبَهُ بِمَا تَرَى عَيْنَاهُ وَ لَمْ يَنْسَ ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ بِمَا تَسْمَعُ أُذْنَاهُ وَ لَمْ يَشْعَلْ قَلْبَهُ بِمَا تَرَى عَيْنَاهُ وَ لَمْ يَنْسَ ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ بِمَا تَسْمَعُ أُذْنَاهُ وَ لَمْ يَتُعْلُ مَدْرَهُ بِمَا أَعْطِى غَيْرُهُ .

A number of our companions, from Sahl Bin Ziyad, from Ali Bin Asbaat,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Al-Hassan Al-Raza<sup>asws</sup> that Amir Al-Momineen<sup>asws</sup> was saying: 'Beatitude is for the one who is sincere to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in the worship and the supplication, and does not pre-occupy his heart with what his eyes see, and the does not forget the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with what his ears hear, and does not grieve his chest with what others have been Given'.<sup>42</sup>

Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> urged his followers to remain in remembrance, see Appendix II.

### Zikr is a Cure for Hearths:

From him, from Ali Bin Al Hakam, from Abu Abdullah Al Momine, from Jabir who said,

'I went over to Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup>, so he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'O Jabir! By Allah<sup>azwj</sup> I<sup>asws</sup> am grieved and I<sup>asws</sup> pre-occupied of heart'. I said, 'May I be sacrificed for you<sup>asws</sup>! What grieves your<sup>asws</sup> heart?' O Jabir! The one in whose heart enters the purity (and) sincerity for the Religion of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, it pre-occupies his heart from what is besides it. O Jabir! What is the world and what can the world happen to be? Is it only the food that you eat, or clothes you wear, or a woman you accompany with?

يَا جَابِرُ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ لَمْ يَطْمَئِنُوا إِلَى الدُّنْيَا بِبَقَائِهِمْ فِيهَا وَ لَمْ يَأْمَنُوا قُدُومَهُمُ الْآخِرَةَ يَا جَابِرُ الْآخِرَةُ دَارُ قَرَارٍ وَ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ عَالَى الدُّنْيَا أَهْلُ فَكُومِينَ هُمُ الْفُقَهَاءُ أَهْلُ فِكْرَةٍ وَ عِبْرَةٍ لَمْ يُصِمَّهُمْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ جَلَّ اسْمُهُ مَا سَمِعُوا بِإِذَاخِيمْ وَ لَمْ يُعْمِهِمْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ مَا رَأُوا مِنَ الزِّينَةِ بِأَعْيُنِهِمْ

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 $<sup>^{42}</sup>$  Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 11 H 3

O Jabir! The Believers do not rest assured to the world by their remaining in it, and do not feel secure of their proceeding to the Hereafter. O Jabir! The Hereafter is a house of (permanent) abode and the world is a house of annihilation and decline, but the people of the world are oblivious, and it is as if the Believers, they are the understanding ones, the thinking people, learners. They are not deafened from the Mention of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, Majestic is His<sup>azwj</sup> Name, what they are hearing by their ears, and they are not blinded from the Remembrance of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, what they are seeing from the adornments by their eyes.

فَفَازُوا بِثَوَابِ الْآخِرَةِ كَمَا فَازُوا بِذَلِكَ الْعِلْمِ وَ اعْلَمْ يَا جَابِرُ أَنَّ أَهْلَ التَّقْوَى أَيْسَرُ أَهْلِ الدُّنْيَا مَثُونَةً وَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَكَ مَعُونَةً تَذْكُرُ فَهُونَكَ وَ إِنْ نَسِيتَ ذَكَّرُوكَ فَيُعِينُونَكَ وَ إِنْ نَسِيتَ ذَكَّرُوكَ

Thus, they have been successful with (achieving) the Rewards of the Hereafter just as they were successful with (acquiring) that knowledge. And know, O Jabir, that the people of piety are the people with the smallest of provisions of the world, and they (are the) people who provide the most to you. You mention them and they will be assisting you, and if you forget, they would mention you.

قَوَّالُونَ بِأَمْرِ اللَّهِ قَوَّامُونَ عَلَى أَمْرِ اللَّهِ قَطَعُوا مَحَبَّتَهُمْ بِمَحَبَّةِ رَبِّهِمْ وَ وَحَشُوا الدُّنْيَا لِطَاعَةِ مَلِيكِهِمْ وَ نَظَرُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ إِلَى عَجَبَّتِهِ بِقُلُومِهِمْ وَ عَلِمُوا أَنَّ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْمَنْظُورُ إِلَيْهِ لِعَظِيمِ شَأْنِهِ

They are speaking by the Commands of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, steadfast upon the Commands of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. Their love (for others) and their desires for the world and their kings is cut-off by their love for their Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, and they are looking towards Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic and to His<sup>azwj</sup> Love by their hearts, and they know that the looking towards Him<sup>azwj</sup> is a great affair.

فَأَنْزِلِ الدُّنْيَا كَمَنْزِلٍ نَزَلْتَهُ ثُمَّ ارْتَحَلْتَ عَنْهُ أَوْ كَمَالٍ وَجَدْتَهُ فِي مَنَامِكَ فَاسْتَيْقَظْتَ وَ لَيْسَ مَعَكَ مِنْهُ شَيْءٌ إِنِّي [إِنَّمَا] ضَرَبْتُ لَكَ هَذَا مَثَلًا لِأَنَّهَا عِنْدَ أَهْلِ اللَّبِّ وَ الْعِلْمِ بِاللَّهِ كَفَيْءِ الظِّلَالِ

So (for them) the world is a lodge like a lodge they lodge in, then they depart from it, or like wealth you tend to see in your dream, and then you wake up, and there is nothing from it with you. I<sup>asws</sup>, rather struck this example for you because it (the world) in the view of the people of understanding and knowledge with Allah azwj, is like a passing shadow.

يَا جَابِرُ فَاحْفَظْ مَا اسْتَرْعَاكَ اللَّهُ جَلَّ وَ عَزَّ مِنْ دِينِهِ وَ حِكْمَتِهِ وَ لَا تَسْأَلَنَّ عَمَّا لَكَ عِنْدَهُ إِلَّا مَا لَهُ عِنْدَ نَفْسِكَ فَإِنْ تَكُنِ الدُّنْيَا عَلَى غَيْرِ مَا وَصَفْتُ لَكَ فَتَحَوَّلْ إِلَى دَارِ الْمُسْتَعْتَبِ فَلَعَمْرِي لَرُبَّ حَرِيصٍ عَلَى أَمْرٍ قَدْ شَقِيَ بِهِ حِينَ أَتَاهُ وَ لَرُبَّ كَارِهِ لِأَمْرٍ قَدْ سَعِدَ بِهِ حِينَ أَتَاهُ وَ ذَلِكَ قَوْلُ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ لِيُمَحِّصَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَ يَمْحَقَ الْكافِرِينَ .

O Jabir! Protect whatever Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Mighty and Majestic has Attracted you with from His<sup>azwj</sup> Religion and His<sup>azwj</sup> Wisdom, and do not ask about what there is for you in His<sup>azwj</sup> Presence, except what there is for Him<sup>azwj</sup> in your soul. So if the world happens to be upon other than what I<sup>asws</sup> have described to you, reconsider it as a house of reproach (blame). So the person is sometimes greedy upon a matter and would be miserable with it when it comes to him, and sometimes he dislikes a matter which he would be happy with it when it

comes to him, and these are the Words of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic **[3:141]** And that He may Examine those who believe and wipe out the unbelievers'.<sup>43</sup>

### Zikr Elevates the Status of a Momin:

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ عَنْ مُحُمَّدِ بْنِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ دَاهِرٍ عَنِ الْحُسَنِ بْنِ يَحْيَى عَنْ قُثَمَ أَبِي قَتَادَةَ الْحُرَّانِيِّ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ يُونُسَ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ قَامَ رَجُلِّ يُقَالُ لَهُ هَمَّامٌ وَ كَانَ عَابِداً نَاسِكاً بُحْتَهِداً إِلَى أَمِيرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ( عليه السلام ) وَ هُوَ يَخْطُبُ فَقَالَ يَا أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ صِفْ لَنَا صِفَةَ الْمُؤْمِن كَأَنَّنَا نَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِ

Muhammad Bin Ja'far, from Muhammad Bin Ismail, from Abdullah Bin Dahir, from Al Hassan Bin Yahya, from Qusam Abu Qatada Al Harrany, from Abdullah Bin Yunus,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'A man called Hammam, and he was a worshipper, a performer of rituals, a striver, stood up to Amir Al *Momineen*<sup>asws</sup> while he<sup>asws</sup> was addressing, and he said, 'O Amir Al-*Momineen*<sup>asws</sup>! Describe to us the description of the *Momin* (to the extent), as if we are looking at him'.

فَقَالَ يَا هَمَّامُ الْمُؤْمِنُ هُوَ الْكَيِّسُ الْفَطِنُ بِشْرُهُ فِي وَجْهِهِ وَ حُزْنُهُ فِي قَلْبِهِ أَوْسَعُ شَيْءٍ صَدْراً وَ أَذَلُّ شَيْءٍ نَفْساً زَاجِرٌ عَنْ كُلِّ فَانٍ حَاضٌ عَلَى كُلِّ مَانُ المُعْقَابُ وَ لَا عَيَّابٌ وَ لَا مُغْتَابٌ يَكْرُهُ الرِّفْعَةَ وَ يَشْنَأُ السُّمْعَةَ طَوِيلُ حَاضٌ عَلَى كُلِّ حَسَنٍ لَا حَقُودٌ وَ لَا حَسُودٌ وَ لَا وَثَّابٌ وَ لَا سَبَّابٌ وَ لَا عَيَّابٌ وَ لَا مُغْتَابٌ يَكْرُهُ الرِّفْعَةَ وَ يَشْنَأُ السُّمْعَةَ طَوِيلُ الْعَلِيكُ وَسَيْنُ الْوَفَاءِ قَلِيلُ الْعَمْ بَعِيدُ الْمُتَمَّ لَيْ الْعَلِيكَةِ رَصِينُ الْوَفَاءِ قَلِيلُ الْغَمْ بَعِيدُ الْمُتَمَّ لَكُورٌ صَبُورٌ صَبُورٌ مَعْمُومٌ بِفِكْرِهِ مَسْرُورٌ بِفَقْرِهِ سَهْلُ الْخَلِيقَةِ لَيَّنُ الْعَرِيكَةِ رَصِينُ الْوَفَاءِ قَلِيلُ الْأَذَى لَا مُتَأَفِّكُ وَ لَا مُتَهَمِّنَكُ

So he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'O Hammam! The *Momin*, he is the smart, the intelligent. His happiness is in his face and his grief is in his heart; the expansive thing being the chest and the humble thing being the self; restraining from everything and exhorting upon everything good; neither being spiteful, nor envious, nor leaping (quick to argue), nor abusive, nor a fault-finder, nor slanderous. He dislikes the elevation (status), and inimical to be heard of (fame), lengthy of grief, far from worrying, frequent of the silence, dignity, remembrance, gratefulness; being gloomy due to his thoughts and joyful due to his poverty, of the easygoing nature, soft flexibility, strong of loyalty, little hurtfulness, neither being a liar nor immoral.

مُتَوَقِّعاً لِأَجَلِهِ خَاشِعاً قَالْبُهُ ذَاكِراً رَبَّهُ قَانِعَةً نَفْسُهُ مَنْفِيّاً جَهْلُهُ سَهْلًا أَمْرُهُ حَزِيناً لِذَنْبِهِ مَيَّتَةً شَهْوَتُهُ كَظُوماً غَيْظَهُ صَافِياً خُلُقُهُ آمِناً مِنْهُ جَارُهُ ضَعِيفاً كِبْرُهُ قَانِعاً بِالَّذِي قُدِّرَ لَهُ مَتِيناً صَبْرُهُ مُحْكُماً أَمْرُهُ كَثِيراً ذِكْرُهُ

There is expectancy from him, his heart is fearful remembering his Lord<sup>azwj</sup>. His self is contented, his ignorance is negated, his affairs are easy, he grieves for his sins, his lustful desires are dead, his anger is suppressed, his manners are clear, his neighbours are safe from him, his arrogance is weak. He is content with that which is Ordained for him, his patience is firm, his affairs are decisive, his remembrance is abundant.

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 $<sup>^{43}</sup>$  Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 61 H 16

يُحَالِطُ النَّاسَ لِيَعْلَمَ وَ يَصْمُتُ لِيَسْلَمَ وَ يَسْأَلُ لِيَفْهَمَ وَ يَتَّجِرُ لِيَغْنَمَ لَا يُنْصِتُ لِلْحَبَرِ لِيَفْجُرَ بِهِ وَ لَا يَتَكَلَّمُ لِيَتَجَبَّرَ بِهِ عَلَى مَنْ سُواهُ نَفْسُهُ فِي عَنَاءٍ وَ النَّاسُ مِنْهُ فِي عَنَاءٍ وَ النَّاسُ مِنْهُ فِي رَاحَةٍ أَتْعَبَ نَفْسَهُ لِآخِرَتِهِ فَأَرَاحَ النَّاسَ مِنْ نَفْسِهِ إِنْ بُغِيَ عَلَيْهِ صَبَرَ حَتَّى يَكُونَ اللَّهُ الَّذِي سُواهُ نَفْسِهِ إِنْ بُغيَ عَلَيْهِ صَبَرَ حَتَّى يَكُونَ اللَّهُ الَّذِي يَنْتَصِرُ لَهُ بُعْدُهُ مِثَنْ تَبَاعَدُهُ مِثَنْ تَبَاعَدُهُ مِثْنُ بَعْضٌ وَ نَزَاهَةٌ وَ دُنُوهُ مِثَنْ دَنَا مِنْهُ لِينٌ وَ رَحْمَةٌ لَيْسَ تَبَاعُدُهُ تَكَبُّرًا وَ لَا عَظَمَةً وَ لَا دُنُوهُ مَعْدِيعَةً وَ لَا خَلَيْهِ خَلِيهِ اللهِ الْبِرِّ فَهُو إِمَامٌ لِمَنْ بَعْدَهُ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْبِرِّ

He mixes with the people in order to learn, and he is silent for safety, and he asks to understand, and he trades to earn. He does not listen to the 'Khabar' (news – the Ahadeeth) in order to do mischief with, nor does he speak in order to impress those who are in front of him. His own self is tired (due to his hard work) but the people are at rest from him. He exhausts himself for his Hereafter, the people are at rest with himself. If they rebel against him, he is patient until Allah happens to be the One Who Provides Help for him. His distancing from the ones who are to be distanced from him by hatred, is by integrity, and his approaching the ones who are approaching him, is by softness and mercy. His distancing is not by arrogance nor by (a feeling of) greatness, nor is his approach a deception nor a plot. But he follows with the ones who are before him, from the good people, so he is a leader for the ones who are after him from the righteous people' (an extract from a lengthy Hadith). 44

عَنْهُ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَلِيٍّ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ عِيسَى النَّهْرِيرِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ عِيسَى النَّهْرِيرِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عَنْ عَنْ مُحَمِّدُ بُلِي عَنْ الطَّعَامِ وَ عَفَا نَفْسَهُ بِالصِّيَامِ وَ الْقِيَامِ عَلْمَهُ مَنَعَ فَاهُ مِنَ الْكَلَامِ وَ بَطْنَهُ مِنَ الطَّعَامِ وَ عَفَا نَفْسَهُ بِالصِّيَامِ وَ الْقِيَامِ

From him, from Muhammad Bin Ali, from Muhammad Bin Sinan, from Isa Al Hureyri,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The one who recognises Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and His<sup>azwj</sup> Magnificence would prevent his mouth from the speech, and his belly from the food, and excuses himself with the Fasting and the standing (for  $Sal\bar{a}t$ )'.

قَالُوا بِآبَائِنَا وَ أُمَّهَاتِنَا يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ هَؤُلَاءِ أَوْلِيَاءُ اللَّهِ قَالَ إِنَّ أَوْلِيَاءَ اللَّهِ سَكَتُوا فَكَانَ سُكُوتُهُمْ ذِكْراً وَ نَظَرُوا فَكَانَ نَظَرُهُمْ عِبْرَةً وَ نَطَقُوا فَكَانَ نُطْقُهُمْ حِكْمَةً وَ مَشَوْا فَكَانَ مَشْيُهُمْ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ بَرَكَةً لَوْ لَا الْآجَالُ الَّتِي قَدْ كُتِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ لَمْ تَقِرَّ أَرْوَاحُهُمْ فِي أَجْسَادِهِمْ حَوْفاً مِنَ الْعَذَابِ وَ شَوْقاً إِلَى الظَّوَابِ .

They said, 'By our fathers and our mothers, O Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup>! Are they the friends of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>?' He<sup>saww</sup> said: 'The friends of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> observed silence, <u>so their silence was a Remembrance</u>; and they looked around, so their looking around was a lesson; and they spoke, so their speaking was wisdom; and they walked, so their walking between the people was a Blessing. Had it not been for the term which had been Ordained upon them, their spirits would not have stayed in their bodies out of fear from the Punishment and desire to the Rewards'.<sup>45</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 99 H 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 99 H 25

### Zikr during the Laylatul Qadr:

حدثنا احمد بن اسحق عن الحسن بن عباس بن حريش عن ابى جعفر عليه السلام قال سأل ابا عبد الله عليه السلام رجل من اهل بيته عن سورة انا انزلناه في ليلة القدر فقال ويلك سألت عن عظيم اياك والسؤال عن مثل هذا فقام الرجل قال فاتيته يوما فاقبلت عليه فسألته فقال انا انزلناه نور عند الانبياء والاوصياء لا يريدون حاجة من السماء و لامن الارض الا ذكروها لذلك النور فاتيهم بها فان مما ذكر على بن ابي طالب عليه السلام من الحوائج انه

It has been narrated to us from Ahmad Bin Is'haq, from Al-Hassan Bin Abaas Bin Hareysh, who has said:

'Abu Ja'far<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'A man from his<sup>asws</sup> Family asked Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> a question about the Chapter *[97:1] We have indeed revealed this in the Night of Power*'. He<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Woe be unto you. You are asking me about a great (thing). Beware of asking about similar to this'. The man stood up. He came up to him<sup>asws</sup> one day in front of him<sup>asws</sup> and asked him<sup>asws</sup>. He<sup>asws</sup> said: '*Inna Anzalnaah* (Chapter 97) is Light with the Prophets<sup>as</sup>, and the successors<sup>as</sup>. They do not intend any need from the sky, nor from the earth, but they mention it, for that is the Light due to which they get (what they ask for). It is from the remembrance of Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Abu Talib<sup>asws</sup> from the needs.....(an extract).<sup>46</sup>

### Two Types of Zikr:

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ سِنَانٍ عَنْ أَبِي الْجَارُودِ عَنِ الْأَصْبَغِ قَالَ قَالَ أَمِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ صَلَوَاتُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ الصَّبْرُ عِنْدَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ عَلَيْكَ وَ الذِّكُو ذِكْرَانِ ذِكْرُ اللَّهِ عَنَّ صَبْرًانِ صَبْرٌ عِنْدَ الْمُصِيبَةِ وَ أَفْضَلُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ ذِكْرُ اللَّهِ عِنْدَ مَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكَ فَيكُونُ حَاجِزاً .

Muhamad Bin Yahya, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad, from Ibn Sinan, from Abu Al Jaroud, from Al Asbagh who said,

'Amir Al-Momineen 'asws said: 'The patience is of two (types of) patience – patience during the difficulties is good, beautiful; but (even) better than that is the patience during (abstaining from) what Allah 'azwj Mighty and Majestic has Prohibited upon you. And the Remembrance is of two (types) of Remembrances – The mentioning of Allah 'azwj Mighty and Majestic during the difficulties; but (even) superior than that is the mentioning of Allah 'azwj during what Allah 'azwj has Prohibited upon you. Thus it (the patience) serves as a barrier'. 'AT

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Bsaair Al Darajat, Chapter 5, H. 15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Belief and Disbelief CH 47 H 11

### Zikr in Front of Ignorant ones:

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي عُمَيْرٍ عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ الْمُحْتَارِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ قَالَ أَبُو عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) الذَّاكِرُ لِلَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فِي الْعَافِلِينَ كَالْمُقَاتِل فِي الْمُحَارِينَ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Ibn Abu Umeyr, from Al Husayn Bin Al Mukhtar,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The *Zakir* (mentioner of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>) among the oblivious (unmindful) ones is like the fighter among the battling ones'.<sup>48</sup>

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ عَنِ النَّوْفَلِيِّ عَنِ السَّكُونِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ ( عليه السلام ) قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) ذَاكِرُ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ فِي الْغَافِلِينَ كَالْمُقَاتِلِ عَنِ الْفَارِّينَ وَ الْمُقَاتِلُ عَنِ الْفَارِّينَ لَهُ الجُنَّةُ .

Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, from Al Nowfaly, from Al Sakuny,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> said: 'A *Zakir* (mentioner) of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic among the oblivious ones is like the fighter from (among) the fleeing ones, and the reward for a fighter from (among) the fleeing ones is the Paradise'.<sup>49</sup>

# Mentioning of fellow Momineen (in supplications):

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ وَ عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ جَمِيعاً عَنِ ابْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنِ ابْنِ رِبَابٍ عَنْ أَبِي عُبَيْدَةَ عَنْ تُويْدٍ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ عَلِيَّ بْنَ الْخُسَيْنِ ( عليه السلام ) يَقُولُ إِنَّ الْمَلَائِكَةَ إِذَا سَمِعُوا الْمُؤْمِنَ يَدْعُو لِأَخِيهِ الْمُؤْمِنِ بِظَهْرِ الْعَيْبِ أَوْ يَذْكُرُهُ بِحَيْرٍ قَالُوا نِعْمَ الْأَخُ أَنْتَ لِأَخِيكَ تَدْعُو لَهُ بِالْخَيْرِ وَ هُوَ غَائِبٌ عَنْكَ وَ تَذْكُرُهُ بِخَيْرٍ قَدْ أَعْطَاكَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ مِثْلَيْ مَا سَأَلْتَ لَهُ وَ أَثْنَى عَلَيْكَ مِنَالَعُ عَلَيْكَ مِنَا مِنْ اللَّهُ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ مِثْلَيْ مَا سَأَلْتَ لَهُ وَ أَثْنَى عَلَيْكَ وَ تَذْكُرُهُ بِخَيْرٍ قَدْ أَعْطَاكَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ مِثْلَيْ مَا سَأَلْتَ لَهُ وَ أَثْنَى عَلَيْكَ

A number of our companions, from Sahl Bin Ziyad and Ali Bin Ibrahim, from his father, altogether from Ibn Mahboub, from Ibn Raib, from Abu Ubeyda, from Suweys who said,

'I heard Ali<sup>asws</sup> Bin Al-Husayn<sup>asws</sup> saying: 'The Angels, when they hear the *Momin* supplicating for his brother in his absence, or mentioning him with goodness, they say, 'You are a good brother for your brother, supplicating for him with the goodness while he is absent from you, and you are mentioning him with goodness. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic has Given you double the like of what you asked for him, and Lauded upon you double of what you lauded upon him, and for you is the merit over him'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 26 H 1

 $<sup>^{49}</sup>$  Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 26 H 2

وَ إِذَا سَمِعُوهُ يَنْكُرُ أَخَاهُ بِسُوءٍ وَ يَدْعُو عَلَيْهِ قَالُوا لَهُ بِئْسَ الْأَحُ أَنْتَ لِأَخِيكَ كُفَّ أَيُّهَا الْمُسَتَّرُ عَلَى ذُنُوبِهِ وَ عَوْرَتِهِ وَ ارْبَعْ عَلَى نَفْسِكَ وَ احْمَدِ اللَّهَ الَّذِي سَتَرَ عَلَيْكَ وَ اعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ أَعْلَمُ بِعَبْدِهِ مِنْكَ .

And when they hear him mentioning his brother with evil and supplicating against him, they say to him, 'You are an evil brother to your brother! Refrain, O you who is Veiled upon his sins and his private parts, and reduce the burden upon yourself, and Praise Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Who Veiled upon you, and know that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic is more Knowing with His<sup>azwj</sup> servant than you are''.<sup>50</sup>

### To Have a Bird who does Zikr in the House:

عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ خَالِدٍ عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ مِهْرَانَ عَنْ سَيْفِ بْنِ عَمِيرَةً عَنْ أَبِي بَكْرٍ الْحُضْرَمِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُوَ طَيْرٌ اللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُوَ طَيْرٌ لللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُوَ طَيْرٌ لللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُوَ طَيْرٌ لللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُوَ طَيْرٌ لللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُو طَيْرٌ لللَّهِ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ وَ أَكْثَرُ تَسْبِيحاً وَ هُو طَيْرٌ لللَّهِ عَزَلَ اللَّهِ عَزَلُ وَلَمْ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَهُلِكُ اللَّهِ عَنْ أَمْلَ الْبَيْتِ .

A number of our companions, from Ahmad Bin Muhammad Bin Khalid, from Ismail Bin Mihran, from Sayf Bin Ameyra, from Abu Bakr Al hazramy,

(It has been narrated) from Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> having said: 'The one who takes a bird to be in his house, so let him take a *Al-Warshaan* (wood-pigeon/wild pigeons) for it is a thing which frequents in the mentioning of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic, and frequents in Glorification, and it is a bird beloved to us<sup>asws</sup> the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household'. <sup>51</sup>

# Angels join those who are in Zikr of Ahl Al-Bayt asws:

عَنْهُ عَنْ أَحْمَدَ عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ الْمُسْتَوْرِدِ النَّحَعِيِّ عَمَّنْ رَوَاهُ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ إِنَّ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ الَّذِينَ فِي سَمَاءِ الدُّنْيَا لَكُونَ عَلَى الْوَاحِدِ وَ الإِثْنَيْنِ وَ الثَّلَاثَةِ وَ هُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ فَضْلَ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ (عليهم السلام) فَيَقُولُونَ أَ مَا تَرَوْنَ هَؤُلِاءِ فِي قِلَّتِهِمْ وَ كَثْرَةَ عَدُوهِمْ يَصِفُونَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ اللَّهُ خُرَى مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ ذَلِكَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ اللَّهُ ذُو اللَّهُ الْأُخْرَى مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ ذَلِكَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ اللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلُ الْعَظِيم.

From him, from Ahmad, from Ali Bin Al-Mustawarad Al-Nakha'ie, from the one who reported it:

Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup> has said; 'From the Angels who are in the sky of the world, they come to one, and two, and three when they are mentioning the virtues of the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, so they say: 'But did you see those in their scarcity (of numbers) and the abundance of their enemies, describing the virtues of the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>?'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Al Kafi V 2 – The Book Of Supplication CH 30 H 7

 $<sup>^{51}</sup>$  Al Kafi – V 6 – The Book of Domestic Animals Ch 10 H 1

'Zikr-Remembrance-Mentioning of Allah <sup>azwj</sup>	www.hubeali.com
So the other group of Angels say: "[62:4] That is Allah': pleases, and Allah is the Lord of mighty grace". 52	s grace; He grants it to whom He
Masomeen <sup>asws</sup> have also urged us to focus on 'today' and live in - in our efforts to get close to Allah <sup>azwj</sup> , see two Aha	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol 8, H. 14969

### **APPENDIX I:**

# Letter of Imam Al-Sadiq<sup>asws</sup> for Shias<sup>53</sup>

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

### In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

Muhammad Ibn Yaqub Al-Kulayni has narrated that, 'Narrated to me Ali Ibn Ibrahim from his father from Ibn FaddAl-from Hafs al-Mu'Adhdhin from Abu Abdullah as well as Muhammad Ibn 'Ismail Ibn Bazi' from Muhammad Ibn Sinan from 'Ismail Ibn Jabir that -

'Abu Abdullah<sup>asws</sup>, wrote this letter to his<sup>asws</sup> companions and commanded them to study it, ponder over it, and make a pact by it, and act in accordance with. They used to keep it in their places of Prayer in their homes. So when they were free from their Prayers, they would look into it'.

قَالَ وَ حَدَّثَنِي الْحُسَنُ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ عَنْ جَعْفَرِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ مَالِكٍ الْكُوفِيِّ عَنِ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ الرَّبِيعِ الصَّحَّافِ عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ مَخْلَدٍ السَّرَّاجِ عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) قَالَ حَرَجَتْ هَذِهِ الرِّسَالَةُ مِنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللَّهِ (عليه السلام) إِلَى أَصْحَابِهِ

He said, 'Narrated to me A-Hassan Ibn Muhammad, from Ja'far Ibn Muhammad Ibn Malik al-Kufiy from al-Qasim Ibn Al-Rabi' Al-Sahhaf from 'Ismail Ibn Mukhallad Al-Sarraj from Abu Abd Allah asws.

He said that, 'I brought out this letter of Abu Abdullah asws to his asws companions -

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ أَمَّا بَعْدُ فَاسْأَلُوا رَبَّكُمُ الْعَافِيَةَ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالدَّعَةِ وَ الْوَقَارِ وَ السَّكِينَةِ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالحَيَاءِ وَ التَّنَوُّهِ عَمَّا تَنَزَّهُ عَنْهُ الصَّالِحُونَ قَبْلَكُمْ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ مُمَاظَتَهُمْ دِينُوا فِيمَا بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ إِذَا أَنْتُمْ الصَّالِحُونَ قَبْلُكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ إِذَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَى الْبَاطِلِ تَحَمَّلُوا الضَّيْمَ مِنْهُمْ وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ الْكَلَامَ فَإِنَّهُ لَا بُدَّ لَكُمْ مِنْ مُحَالَسَتِهِمْ وَ مُنَازَعَتِهِمُ الْكَلَامَ بِالتَّقِيَّةِ الَّتِي أَمَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ أَنْ تَأْخُذُوا بِهَا فِيمَا بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ

'In the Name of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Beneficent, the Merciful. Having said that, I<sup>asws</sup> ask your Lord<sup>azwj</sup> to grant you all good health. It is for you all to have tenderness, dignity and tranquillity, and it is for you to be bashful and keep yourselves clear, just as the righteous people before you have done. It is for you to be courteous with the people of falsehood. You will bear injustices from them, and beware of disputing with them in what is between

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 8, H. 14449

you and them. When you sit with them, and are alone with them and argue your differences with them, there is no way out for you but to sit with them and be alone with them, and argue with them by the dissimulation which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered you for, that you should take to it regarding what is between you and them.

فَإِذَا ابْتُلِيتُمْ بِذَلِكَ مِنْهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ سَيُؤْذُونَكُمْ وَ تَعْرِفُونَ فِي وُجُوهِهِمُ الْمُنْكَرَ وَ لَوْ لَا أَنَّ اللَّهَ تَعَالَى يَدْفَعُهُمْ عَنْكُمْ لَسَطُوا بِكُمْ وَ مَا الْمُنْكَرَ وَ لَوْ لَا أَنَّ اللَّهَ تَعَالَى يَدْفَعُهُمْ عَنْكُمْ لَسَطُوا بِكُمْ فَ فَالِسُهُمْ وَجَالِسُهُمْ وَاحِدَةٌ وَ أَرْوَاحُكُمْ وَ أَرْوَاحُهُمْ مَنْ أَهْلِهِ وَلَا أَنَّ اللَّهَ تَعَالَى أَكْرَمَكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ وَ بَصَرَّكُمُوهُ وَ لَمْ يَجْعَلْهُمْ مِنْ أَهْلِهِ

So if you are tested with that from them, that they wish to harm you and you can recognise abhorrence in their faces, and if Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the High does not Dispel them away from you, they would rob you. And what is in their chests of enmity and hatred is much more than what they display to you. Your gatherings and their gatherings are one and the same, but your spirits and their spirits are different. You will not reconcile with them and you will never love them, ever, and they will never love you as well. Surely Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the High has Honoured you all with the truth and Made you to visualise it, and did not Make them to be deserving of it.

Be courteous to them and be patient with them, for they have no courtesy to you nor do they have patience over anything, and some of them are obsessed with tricking the others, for the enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> have the ability to keep you from the truth. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Protects you from that, so fear Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and hold back your tongues except from the good, and beware of letting your tongues to slip into speaking that which is false, and the slanderous, and the sinful, and the violation. So if you were to hold back your tongues from what is disliked by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, from what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Forbidden you from, it would be better for you with your Lord<sup>azwj</sup> than letting your tongues slip into what is disliked by Him<sup>azwj</sup> and what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited you from.

مَرْدَاةٌ لِلْعَبْدِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَ مَقْتٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ صَمِّ وَ عَمَى وَ بَكَمِّ يُورِثُهُ اللَّهُ إِيَّاهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ فَتَصِيرُوا كَمَا قَالَ اللَّهُ صُمِّ بُكُمٌ عُمْيٌ فَهُمْ لا يَرْجِعُونَ يَعْنِي لَا يَنْطِقُونَ وَ لا يُؤْذَنُ لَمُمُ فَيَعْتَذِرُونَ وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ مَا نَهَاكُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ أَنْ تَرْكَبُوهُ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالصَّمْتِ إِلَّا فِيمَا يَنْفَعُكُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ مِنْ أَمْرِ آخِرَتِكُمْ وَ يَأْجُرُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ

There is destruction for the servant, with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Repugnance from Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and there will be deafness, and blindness, and muteness which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Make him to inherit on the Day of Judgement. So they will become just as Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has said: "[2:18] Deaf, dumb (and) blind, so they will not turn back", it means that they will not be speaking and will not have the Permission to present their excuses. And beware from what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has

Prohibited you from doing, and it is for you to remain silent except with regards to what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Benefited you with the matters of your Hereafter and be Rewarded by Him<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ أَكْثِرُوا مِنَ التَّهْلِيلِ وَ التَّشْبِيحِ وَ التَّسْبِيحِ وَ الثَّنَاءِ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَ التَّضَرُّعِ إِلَيْهِ وَ الرَّغْبَةِ فِيمَا عِنْدَهُ مِنَ الخُيْرِ الَّذِي لَا يَقْدِرُ قَدْرَهُ وَ لَا يَبْلُغُ كُنْهَهُ أَحَدٌ فَاشْغَلُوا أَلْسِنَتَكُمْ بِذَلِكَ عَمَّا نَهَى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ مِنْ أَقَاوِيلِ الْبَاطِلِ الَّتِي تُعْقِبُ أَهْلَهَا خُلُوداً فِي النَّارِ مَنْ مَاتَ عَلَيْهَا وَ لَمْ يَتُبُ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَ لَمْ يَنْزِعْ عَنْهَا

And be frequent in Extolling His<sup>azwj</sup> Holiness, and Glorification, and the Praising to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the desires for what is with Him<sup>azwj</sup> from the Good which cannot be estimated, nor can anyone reach it (imagine), so occupy your tongues with that in order to avoid the false speech which would lead its owners to an eternity in the Fire for the one who dies upon it and does not repent to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and does not keep away from it.

وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالدُّعَاءِ فَإِنَّ الْمُسْلِمِينَ لَمْ يُدْرِكُوا نَجَاحَ الْحَوَائِجِ عِنْدَ رَقِّمِمْ بِأَفْضَلَ مِنَ الدُّعَاءِ وَ الرَّغْبَةِ إِلَيْهِ وَ التَّضَرُّعِ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَ الْمَسْأَلَةِ لَهُ فَارْغَبُوا فِيمَا رَغَّبَكُمُ اللَّهُ فِيهِ وَ أَجِيبُوا اللَّهَ إِلَى مَا دَعَاكُمْ إِلَيْهِ لِتُمْلِحُوا وَ تَنْجُوا مِنْ عَذَابِ اللَّهِ

And it is for you to supplicate, for the Muslims cannot be successful in the fulfilment of their wishes with their Lord<sup>azwj</sup> by any means higher than supplication and desiring from Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and appealing to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the asking from Him<sup>azwj</sup>. So be desirous in what you request to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> so that He<sup>azwj</sup> would Answer you to what you have supplicated to Him<sup>azwj</sup> in order to be successful and be saved from the Punishment of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ أَنْ تَشْرَهَ أَنْفُسُكُمْ إِلَى شَيْءٍ مِمَّا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَإِنَّهُ مَنِ انْتَهَكَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ هَاهُنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَالَ اللَّهُ بَيْنَهُ وَ بَيْنَ الجُنَّةِ وَ نَعِيمِهَا وَ لَذَّقِهَا وَ كَرَامَتِهَا الْقَائِمَةِ الدَّائِمَةِ لِأَهْلِ الجُنَّةِ أَبَدَ الْآبدِينَ

And beware of being greedy for yourselves to something from what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited to you. For the one who violates what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited to him here in the world, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would Place a block between him and the Paradise, and its Bounties, and its enjoyments, and its Prestige which will stand for all eternity for the inhabitants of the Paradise, for ever and ever.

وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ بِئْسَ الْحُظُّ الْحُطَرُ لِمَنْ خَاطَرَ اللَّهَ بِتَرْكِ طَاعَةِ اللَّهِ وَ رَكُوبِ مَعْصِيَتِهِ فَاخْتَارَ أَنْ يَنْتَهِكَ مَحَارِمَ اللَّهِ فِي لَذَّاتِ دُنْيَا مُنْقَطِعَةٍ زَائِلَةٍ عَنْ أَهْلِهَا عَلَى خُلُودِ نَعِيمٍ فِي الجُنَّةِ وَ لَذَّاتِمَا وَكَرَامَةِ أَهْلِهَا

And know that it is an evil misfortune for the one who takes the risk of endangering the obedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Blessed, and to be disobedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>. So the choosing to violate what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited from the pleasures of the world would cut its people off from the eternal-Bliss in the Paradise, and its pleasures, and the prestige of its inhabitants.

وَيْلٌ لِأُولَئِكَ مَا أَخْيَبَ حَظَّهُمْ وَ أَخْسَرَ كَرَّنَهُمْ وَ أَسْوَأَ حَالَهُمْ عِنْدَ رَكِّيمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ اسْتَجِيرُوا اللَّهَ أَنْ يُجِيرُكُمْ فِي مِثَالِمِمْ أَبَداً وَ أَنْ يَبْتَلِيَكُمْ بِمَا ابْتَلَاهُمْ بِهِ وَ لَا قُوَّةَ لَنَا وَ لَكُمْ إِلَّا بِهِ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ أَيَّتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ النَّاجِيَةُ إِنْ أَتَمَّ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ مِا أَعْطَاكُمْ بِهِ فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَتِمُّ الْأَمْرُ حَتَّى يَدْخُلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِثْلُ الَّذِي دَخَلَ عَلَى الصَّالِحِينَ قَبْلَكُمْ وَ حَتَّى تُبْتَلَوْا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ وَ أَمْوَالِكُمْ وَ حَتَّى تَسْمَعُوا مِنْ أَعْدَاءِ اللَّهِ أَذًى كَثِيراً

Woe be unto those! What a frustration they will face when they lose, and evil would be their condition with their Lord<sup>azwj</sup> on the Day of Judgement. Seek Refuge with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> that He<sup>azwj</sup> would Protect you from being in a situation similar to theirs forever, and be in afflictions like their afflictions.

And there is no Might with us<sup>asws</sup> or with you except by Him<sup>azwj</sup>. So, fear Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, O group of saved people, that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Complete for you what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Granted you with, for the matter will not be complete until He<sup>azwj</sup> Makes you to enter into similar of what came upon the righteous ones before you, and until you face tribulation with regards to yourselves and your wealth, and until you hear from the enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, a lot of painful words.

فَتَصْبِرُوا وَ تَعْرُكُوا بِجُنُوبِكُمْ وَ حَتَّى يَسْتَذِلُّوكُمْ وَ يُبْغِضُوكُمْ وَ حَتَّى يُحَمِّلُوا عَلَيْكُمُ الطَّيْمَ فَتَحَمَّلُوا مِنْهُمْ تَلْتَمِسُونَ بِذَلِكَ وَجُهَ اللَّهِ وَ اللَّهِ عَنَّ وَ حَلَّ يَجْتَرِمُونَهُ إِلَيْكُمْ وَ حَتَّى يُكَذِّبُوكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ وَ يُعَادُوكُمْ فِيهِ وَ اللَّهِ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ يَجْتَرِمُونَهُ إِلَيْكُمْ وَ حَتَّى يُكَذِّبُوكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ وَ يُعَادُوكُمْ فِيهِ وَ يُعَادُوكُمْ فِيهِ وَ يُعَادُوكُمْ غَيْهِ وَ يُعَادُوكُمْ عَلَيْهِ

So, observe patience and take it in your stride, and even if they humiliate you, and hate you, and even if they burden you with injustices. So bear these from them, seeking by that the Face of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and the House of the Hereafter, and until you control your intense anger in the suffering for the sake of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic. They will incriminate you, and even belie you about the truth, and be inimical towards you with regards to it, and be hateful towards you.

فَتَصْبِرُوا عَلَى ذَلِكَ مِنْهُمْ وَ مِصْدَاقُ ذَلِكَ كُلِّهِ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَهُ جَبْرَئِيلُ ( عليه السلام ) عَلَى نَبِيِّكُمْ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) فَاصْبِرْ كَما صَبَرَ أُولُوا الْعَزْمِ مِنَ الرُّسُلِ وَ لا تَسْتَعْجِلْ لَهُمْ ثُمَّ قَالَ وَ إِنْ يُكَذِّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذِّبَتْ رُسُلٌ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ يُكَذِّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذِّبَتْ رُسُلٌ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

So, observe patience on that from them, and all that has been Ratified in the Book of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> which Jibraeel<sup>as</sup> Descended with upon your Prophet<sup>saww</sup>, getting your Prophet<sup>saww</sup> to hear the Words of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic: "[46:35] Therefore bear up patiently as did the messengers endowed with constancy bear up with patience and do not seek to hasten for them (their doom)." Then He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "[35:4] And if they call you a liar, truly messengers before you were called liars".

فَصَبَرُوا عَلَى مَا كُذِّبُوا وَ أُودُوا فَقَدْ كُذِّبَ نَبِيُّ اللَّهِ وَ الرُّسُلُ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ وَ أُودُوا مَعَ التَّكْذِيبِ بِالْحَقِّ فَإِنْ سَرَّكُمْ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ فِيهِمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَهُمْ لَهُ فِي الْأَصْلِ وَ مِنَ الْكُفْرِ الَّذِي سَبَقَ فِي عِلْمِ اللَّهِ أَنْ يَخْلُقَهُمْ لَهُ فِي الْأَصْلِ وَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ سَمَّاهُمُ اللَّهُ فِي كِتَابِهِ فِي خَلَقَهُمْ لَهُ فِي الْأَصْلِ وَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ سَمَّاهُمُ اللَّهُ فِي كِتَابِهِ فِي قَوْلِهِ وَ جَعَلْنَا مِنْهُمْ أَئِمَةً يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارِ

So observe patience on what they lie about and hurt you with, for they had belied the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Messengers<sup>as</sup> from before him<sup>saww</sup>, and hurt them along with the denial of the truth. And if you are happy with the Commands of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> regarding

them<sup>asws</sup> whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Created for Himself<sup>azwj</sup> in the Beginning (beginning of the creation), from the infidelity which has preceded in the Knowledge of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> that He<sup>azwj</sup> Created them in the origin and the ones whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Named in His<sup>azwj</sup> book in His<sup>azwj</sup> Words: "[28:41] And We made them Imams who call to the fire".

فَتَدَبَّرُوا هَذَا وَ اعْقِلُوهُ وَ لَا تَجْهَلُوهُ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ يَجْهَلْ هَذَا وَ أَشْبَاهَهُ مِمَّا افْتَرَضَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ فِي كِتَابِهِ مِمَّا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ وَ نَهَى عَنْهُ تَرَكَ دِينَ اللَّهِ وَ رَكِبَ مَعَاصِيَهُ فَاسْتَوْجَبَ سَخَطَ اللَّهِ فَأَكَبُهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى وَجْهِهِ فِي النَّارِ

So, ponder over this and hold on to it, and do not be ignorant of it, for the one who is ignorant of this and the like of this which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Made to be Obligatory in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book from what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered for and Prohibited from, has disregarded the Religion of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and became disobedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>. Therefore he has necessitated (upon himself) the Outrage of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Fling him into the Fire on his face'.

وَ قَالَ أَيَّتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ الْمَرْخُومَةُ الْمُفْلِحَةُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ أَتَمَّ لَكُمْ مَا آتَاكُمْ مِنَ الْخَيْرِ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ لَيْسَ مِنْ عِلْمِ اللَّهِ وَ لَا مِنْ أَمْرِهِ أَنْ يَأْخُذَ مِنْ حَلْقِ اللَّهِ فِي دِينِهِ بِمَوَى وَ لَا رَأْيٍ وَ لَا مَقَايِيسَ قَدْ أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ الْقُرْآنَ وَ جَعَلَ فِيهِ تِبْيَانَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَ جَعَلَ لِلْقُرْآنِ وَ لِتَعَلَّمِ اللَّهُ عَلْمَهُ أَنْ يَأْخُذُوا فِيهِ بِمَوَى وَ لَا رَأْيٍ وَ لَا مَقَايِيسَ أَغْنَاهُمُ اللَّهُ عَلْمَهُ أَنْ يَأْخُذُوا فِيهِ بِمَوَى وَ لَا رَأْيٍ وَ لَا مَقَايِيسَ أَغْنَاهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْ ذَلِكَ بِمَا اللَّهُ عَلْمَهُ أَنْ يَأْخُذُوا فِيهِ بِمَوَى وَ لَا رَأْيٍ وَ لَا مَقَايِيسَ أَغْنَاهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْ ذَلِكَ بَا اللَّهُ عَلْمَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ أَكْرَمَهُمْ بِهَا وَ وَضَعَهُ عِنْدَهُمْ كَرَامَةً مِنَ اللَّهِ أَكْرَمَهُمْ بِهَا

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'O you group of Blessed ones, the victorious ones! Surely, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Completed for you what He<sup>azwj</sup> Granted you all from the good, and know that it is not from the Knowledge of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, nor from His<sup>azwj</sup> Commands that anyone from the creatures of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, should take to opinions or analogies regarding his Religion. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Has Sent down the Quran and Made to be in it an explanation of all things, and Assigned for the Quran and the teaching of the Quran, its People<sup>asws</sup>.

There is no leeway for the People<sup>asws</sup> of knowledge of the Quran whom<sup>asws</sup> Allah<sup>azwj</sup> had Given to them of its Knowledge, that they<sup>asws</sup> should take to desires, or opinions, or analogies with regards to it. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Made them<sup>asws</sup> to be needless from that by what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Given them<sup>asws</sup> from His<sup>azwj</sup> Knowledge, and Specialised them<sup>asws</sup> by it, and Placed in it Prestige from Allah<sup>azwj</sup> to Honour them<sup>asws</sup> by.

وَ هُمْ أَهْلُ الذِّكْرِ الَّذِينَ أَمَرَ اللَّهُ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةَ بِسُؤَالِهِمْ وَ هُمُ الَّذِينَ مَنْ سَأَلُهُمْ وَ قَدْ سَبَقَ فِي عِلْمِ اللَّهِ أَنْ يُصَدِّقَهُمْ وَ يَتَّبِعَ أَثَرَهُمْ أَرْشَدُوهُ وَ أَعْطَوْهُ مِنْ عِلْمِ الْقُرْآنِ مَا يَهْتَدِي بِهِ إِلَى اللَّهِ بِإِذْنِهِ وَ إِلَى جَمِيع سُبُلِ الحُقِّ

And they<sup>asws</sup> are the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Remembrance (*Ahl Al-Zikr*) whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered the people to ask them<sup>asws</sup>, and they<sup>asws</sup> are the ones<sup>asws</sup> to be asked. And it has preceded in the Knowledge of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> that they should ratify them<sup>asws</sup>, and follow their<sup>asws</sup> footsteps. He<sup>azwj</sup> Guided them<sup>asws</sup>, and Gave them<sup>asws</sup> the Knowledge of the Quran with which they<sup>asws</sup> guide (others) to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> by His<sup>azwj</sup> Permission, and to all the ways that are the truth.

وَ هُمُ الَّذِينَ لَا يَرْغَبُ عَنْهُمْ وَ عَنْ مَسْأَلَتِهِمْ وَ عَنْ عِلْمِهِمُ الَّذِي أَكْرَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ وَ جَعَلَهُ عِنْدَهُمْ إِلَّا مَنْ سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ فِي عِلْمِ اللَّهِ الشُّقَاءُ فِي أَصْلِ الْخَلْقِ تَحْتَ الْأَظِلَّةِ

And they asws are the ones that He does not Want them to be released from asking them<sup>asws</sup>, and from being taught by them<sup>asws</sup> which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Honoured them<sup>asws</sup> with and Made it to be with them<sup>asws</sup>, except for the one who has preceded in the Knowledge of Allah azwi, as being the miserable one in the origin of the creation underneath the shadow.

فَأُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ يَرْغَبُونَ عَنْ سُؤَالِ أَهْلِ الذِّكْرِ وَ الَّذِينَ آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ عِلْمَ الْقُرْآنِ وَ وَضَعَهُ عِنْدَهُمْ وَ أَمَرَ بِسُؤَالِحِمْ وَ أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ يَأْخُذُونَ بِأَهْوَائِهِمْ وَ آرَائِهِمْ وَ مَقَايِسِهِمْ حَتَّى دَحَلَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ لِأَنَّهُمْ جَعَلُوا أَهْلَ الْإِيمَانِ فِي عِلْم الْقُرْآنِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ كَافِرِينَ وَ جَعَلُوا أَهْلَ الضَّلَالَةِ فِي عِلْمِ الْقُرْآنِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مُؤْمِنِينَ وَ حَتَّى جَعَلُوا مَا أَحَلَّ اللَّهُ فِي كَثِيرٍ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ حَرَاماً وَ جَعَلُوا مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ فِي كَثِيرٍ مِنَ الأُمْرِ حَلَالًا

So these are the ones who turn away from asking the People as of the Remembrance (Ahl Al-Zikr) and the ones as to whom Allah azwj has Granted the Knowledge of the Quran and Placed it in their possession, and Ordered for asking them sws.

These are the ones who act on their desires, and their opinions, and their analogies to the extent that Satan enters them<sup>54</sup>, (as a result) they (try) to revert the believing people, in the Knowledge of the Quran with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, as disbelievers, and try to make the misguided people, in the Knowledge of the Quran with Allah<sup>azwi</sup>, as believer, but to the extent that they declare what Allah azwj has Made Permissible, in many matters as being prohibited, and pronounce what Allah azwj has Prohibited, in many matters as being permissible.

فَذَلِكَ أَصْلُ ثَمَرَة أَهْوَائِهِمْ وَ قَدْ عَهِدَ إِلَيْهِمْ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) قَبْلَ مَوْتِهِ فَقَالُوا نَحْنُ بَعْدَ مَا قَبَضَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ رَسُولَهُ يَسَعُنَا أَنْ نَأْخُذَ بِمَا اجْتَمَعَ عَلَيْهِ رَأْيُ النَّاسِ بَعْدَ مَا قَبَضَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ رَسُولَهُ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) وَ بَعْدَ عَهْدِهِ الَّذِي عَهدَهُ إِلَيْنَا وَ أَمَرَنَا بِهِ مُخَالِفاً لِلَّهِ وَ لِرَسُولِهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله)

So this is the origin of the fruit of their desires. And the Messenger of Allah azwj had taken an oath from them before his saww passing away. So they said, 'After Allahazwj Captures His azwj Messenger<sup>saww</sup>, we have the leeway of taking to the consensus of the opinions of the people. After Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Captured His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup>, and after his<sup>saww</sup> oath which he saww took from us asws, and ordered us by, they opposed Allah azwj and His azwj Messenger<sup>saww</sup>.

فَمَا أَحَدٌ أَجْرَأً عَلَى اللَّهِ وَ لَا أَبْيَنَ ضَلَالَةً مِمَّنْ أَخَذَ بِذَلِكَ وَ زَعَمَ أَنَّ ذَلِكَ يَسَعُهُ وَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ لِلَّهِ عَلَى خَلْقِهِ أَنْ يُطِيعُوهُ وَ يَتَّبعُوا أَمْرَهُ في حَيَاةِ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) وَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهِ هَلْ يَسْتَطِيعُ أُولَئِكَ أَعْدَاءُ اللَّهِ أَنْ يَرْعُمُوا أَنَّ أَحَداً مِمَّنْ أَسْلَمَ مَعَ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَخَذَ بِقَوْلِهِ وَ رَأْيِهِ وَ مَقَايِيسِهِ فَإِنْ قَالَ نَعَمْ فَقَدْ كَذَبَ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَ ضَلَّ ضَلالًا بَعِيداً وَ إِنْ قَالَ لَا لَمْ يَكُنْ لِأَحَدِ أَنْ يَأْخُذَ بِزَلْيِهِ وَ هَوَاهُ وَ مَقَايِيسِهِ فَقَدْ أَقَرَّ بِالْحُجَّةِ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ وَ هُوَ مِمَّنْ يَزْعُمُ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُطَاعُ وَ يُتَّبَعُ أَمْرُهُ بَعْدَ قَبْض رَسُولِ اللَّهِ (صلى الله عليه وآله)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> To share in their wealth, bodies and children.

So what is more audacious to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, nor any clear misguidance from the one who takes to that, and alleges that it gives him the leeway to do it? By Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, surely Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Obligated His<sup>azwj</sup> creatures that they should obey Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and follow His<sup>azwj</sup> Commands during the lifetime of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, and after his<sup>saww</sup> passing away.

Can those enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> who are alleging that anyone who became a Muslim with Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, can take to (follow) his own words, and his own opinions, and his own analogies? But if he says, 'Yes, then, surely, he has lied to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and has strayed a far straying, and if he says, 'No, it is not for anyone that he should take to his opinions, and his desires, and his analogies', so he has argued against himself, and he is from the ones who allege that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has to be Obeyed, and His<sup>azwj</sup> Orders to be followed after the passing away of the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ قَدْ قَالَ اللَّهُ وَ قَوْلُهُ الْحَقُّ وَ مَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ حَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ أَ فَإِنْ مَاتَ أَوْ قُتِلَ انْقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ وَ مَنْ يَنْقَلِبُ عَلَى عَقِبَيْهِ فَلَنْ يَضُرَّ اللَّهَ شَيْعًا وَ سَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ وَ ذَلِكَ لِتَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُطَاعُ وَ يُتَبَعُ أَمْرُهُ فِي حَيَاةِ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَنْ يَأْخُذَ وَلَكَ لِتَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُطَاعُ وَ يُتَبَعُ أَمْرُهُ فِي حَيَاةٍ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَنْ يَأْخُذَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَعَ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَنْ يَأْخُذَ مِوَاهُ وَ لَا مَقَايِيسِهِ خِلَافًا لِأَمْرِ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) فَكَذَلِكَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لِأَحَدٍ مِنَ النَّاسِ بَعْدَ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) فَكَذَلِكَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لِأَحَدٍ مِنَ النَّاسِ بَعْدَ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَنْ يَأْخُذَ هِمَوَاهُ وَ لَا رَأْيِهِ وَ لَا مَقَايِيسِهِ

Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has said, and His<sup>azwj</sup> words are true: "[3:144] And Muhammad is no more than a messenger; the messengers have already passed away before him; if then he dies or is killed will you turn back upon your heels? And whoever turns back upon his heels, he will by no means do harm to Allah in the least and Allah will reward the grateful", and that is something which they knew that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is to be obeyed and His<sup>azwj</sup> Commands are to be followed during the lifetime of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, and (as well as) after Allah<sup>azwj</sup> had Made Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> to pass away. And if it was not for anyone from the people who were with Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> that they would take to their own desires, and their opinions, and their analogies in opposition to the orders of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, so similarly it is not for anyone from the people after Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> that they would take to their own desires, and their opinions, and their analogies'.

وَ قَالَ دَعُوا رَفْعَ أَيْدِيكُمْ فِي الصَّلَاةِ إِلَّا مَرَّةً وَاحِدَةً حِينَ تُفْتَتَحُ الصَّلَاةُ فَإِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْ شَهَرُوكُمْ بِذَلِكَ وَ اللَّهُ الْمُسْتَعَانُ وَ لَا حَوْلَ وَ لَا قُوَّةً إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Leave the raising of your hands in the Prayer except for the one time when you open the Prayer, for the people have publicised you all by that<sup>55</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the Helper, and there is no Might and there is no Power except by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>'.

وَ قَالَ أَكْثِرُوا مِنْ أَنْ تَدْعُوا اللَّهَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَنْ يَدْعُوهُ وَ قَدْ وَعَدَ اللَّهُ عِبَادَهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ بِالِاسْتِحَابَةِ وَ اللَّهُ مُن عِبَادِهِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَنْ يَدْعُوهُ وَ قَدْ وَعَدَ اللَّهُ عِبَادَهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ بِالْاسْتِحَابَةِ وَ اللَّهُ مُعَمَّدًا لَيُولُ وَ مُصَيِّرٌ دُعَاءَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ لَهُمْ عَمَلًا يَزِيدُهُمْ بِهِ فِي الْجُنَّةِ فَأَكْثِرُوا ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ فِي كُلِّ سَاعَةٍ مِنْ سَاعَاتِ اللَّيْلُ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ لَهُمْ عَمَلًا يَزِيدُهُمْ بِهِ فِي الْجُنَّةِ فَأَكْثِرُوا ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ فِي كُلِّ سَاعَةٍ مِنْ سَاعَاتِ اللَّيْلُ وَ

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> To observe Taqaiyya

النَّهَارِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ أَمَرَ بِكَثْرَةِ الذِّكْرِ لَهُ وَ اللَّهُ ذَاكِرٌ لِمَنْ ذَكَرُهُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَمْ يَذْكُرُهُ أَحَدٌ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِلَّا ذَكَرَهُ بِخَيْرِ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Supplicate frequently to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Loves the ones from the believing servants that they should supplicate to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Promised the believing servants for the Answering, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Destined the supplications of the Believers, on the Day of Judgement, to increase their deeds by it in the Paradise. So, frequently remember Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in accordance with your abilities in every hour of the hours of the night and the day, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered for frequent Remembrance (Al-*Zikr*) to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Remembers the one who remembers Him<sup>azwj</sup> from the Believers. And know, that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> never Remembers anyone from His<sup>azwj</sup> believing servant except Remembering him with Goodness.

فَأَعْطُوا اللَّهَ مِنْ أَنْفُسِكُمُ الِاجْتِهَادَ فِي طَاعَتِهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُدْرَكُ شَيْءٌ مِنَ الخُيْرِ عِنْدَهُ إِلَّا بِطَاعَتِهِ وَ اجْتِنَابِ مَحَارِمِهِ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ فِي ظَاهِرِ الْقُرْآنِ وَ بَاطِنِهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ تَبَارَكَ وَ تَعَالَى قَالَ فِي كِتَابِهِ وَ قَوْلُهُ الْحَقُّ وَ ذَرُوا ظاهِرَ الْإِثْمِ وَ باطِنِهُ

So give Allah<sup>azwj</sup> from yourselves, the struggle in obedience to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> does not Accept anything from the good with Him<sup>azwj</sup> except by obedience to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and the avoidance of His<sup>azwj</sup> Prohibitions which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited in the apparent of the Quran and in its hidden. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High has Said in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book, and His<sup>azwj</sup> Words are True: "[6:120] And abandon open and secret sin".

وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ جَّعْتَنِبُوهُ فَقَدْ حَرَّمَهُ وَ اتَّبِعُوا آثَارَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) وَ سُنَّتَهُ فَخُذُوا بِمَا وَ لَا تَتَّبِعُوا أَهْوَاءَكُمْ وَ آرَاءَكُمْ فَتَضِلُّوا فَإِنَّ أَضَلَ النَّاسِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مَنِ اتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ وَ رَأْيَهُ بِغَيْرٍ هُدًى مِنَ اللَّهِ

And know that whatever Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Ordered you to avoid, so He<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited it, and follow the footsteps of the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and his<sup>saww</sup> Sunnah, so adhere to it and do not follow your own desires, and your opinions, for you will go astray. The most misguided of the people with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the one who follows his own desires and his opinion without (following the) Guidance from Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ أَحْسِنُوا إِلَى أَنْفُسِكُمْ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ فَ إِنْ أَحْسَنْتُمْ أَحْسَنْتُمْ لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ وَ إِنْ أَسَأَتُمْ فَلَهَا وَ جَامِلُوا النَّاسَ وَ لَا تَحْمِلُوهُمْ عَلَى رِقَابِكُمْ بَخْمَعُوا مَعَ ذَلِكَ طَاعَةَ رَبِّكُمْ وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ سَبَّ أَعْدَاءِ اللَّهِ حَيْثُ يَسْمَعُونَكُمْ فَيَسُبُّوا اللَّه عَدُواً بِعَيْرِ عِلْمٍ وَ قَدْ يَنْبَغِي لَكُمْ أَنْ رِقَابِكُمْ فَيَسُبُّوا اللَّه عَدُواً بِعَيْرِ عِلْمٍ وَ قَدْ يَنْبَغِي لَكُمْ أَنْ يَعْمَعُونَكُمْ فَيَسُبُّوا اللَّه عَدُواً بِعَيْرِ عِلْمٍ وَ قَدْ يَنْبَغِي لَكُمْ أَنْ تَعْلَمُوا حَدَّ سَبِّهِمْ لِلَّهِ كَيْفَ هُوَ إِنَّهُ مَنْ سَبَّ أَوْلِيَاءَ اللَّهِ فَقَدِ انْتَهَكَ سَبَّ اللَّهِ وَ مَنْ أَظْلَمُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مِمِّنِ اسْتَسَبَّ لِلَّهِ وَ لِأَوْلِيَاءِ اللَّهِ فَقَدِ انْتَهَكَ سَبَّ اللَّهِ وَ مَنْ أَظْلَمُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مِمِّ السَّيَسَبَّ لِلَّهِ وَ لَا حَوْلَ وَ لَا قُوْةً إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ

And do good for yourselves in accordance with your abilities, for if you do good, it would be for your own selves, and if you violate, it would be against your own selves. And intermingle with the people and do not burden them upon your necks, including along with that the obedience to your Lord<sup>azwj</sup>. And beware of insulting the enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> when they are listening to you, for the enemies will insult Allah<sup>azwj</sup> without awareness, and it is better that you should know the penalty of insulting Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and what it is.

He who has insulted the friends of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is like he has insulted Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. And the one who is the most unjust with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is the one who insults Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and the friends of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so don't do it, don't do it. Follow the Commands of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. There is no Might, and no Power except by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ قَالَ أَيْتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ الْحَافِظُ اللَّهُ لَمُمْ أَمْرَهُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ بِآثَارِ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) وَ سُنَّتِهِ وَ آثَارِ الْأَئِمَّةِ الْهُدَاةِ مِنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَ سُنَّتِهِمْ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ أَحَذَ بِذَلِكَ فَقَدِ الْهَتَدَى وَ مَنْ تَرَكَ ذَلِكَ وَ رَغِبَ عَنْهُ ضَلَّ لِأَنَّهُمْ هُمُ الَّذِينَ أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِطَاعَتِهِمْ وَ وَلَا يَتِهِمْ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'O you group for whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Protected for them their affairs! It is for you to follow the footsteps of the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and his<sup>saww</sup> Sunnah, and the footsteps of the Imams<sup>asws</sup> of Guidance from the People<sup>asws</sup> of the Household of the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> from after him<sup>saww</sup> and their<sup>asws</sup> Sunnah. So the one who takes to that has been guided, and the one who avoided that and abandoned it, went astray, because they<sup>asws</sup> are the ones<sup>asws</sup> for whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Commanded (the people) to be obedient to, and for their<sup>asws</sup> Wilayah.

وَ قَدْ قَالَ أَبُونَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) الْمُدَاوَمَةُ عَلَى الْعَمَلِ فِي اتِّبَاعِ الْآثَارِ وَ السُّنَنِ وَ إِنْ قَلَّ أَرْضَى لِلَّهِ وَ أَنْفَعُ عِنْدَهُ فِي الْعَاقِبَةِ مِنَ الِاجْتِهَادِ فِي الْبِدَعِ وَ اتِّبَاعِ الْأَهْوَاءِ أَلَا إِنَّ اتِّبَاعَ الْأَهْوَاءِ وَ اتِّبَاعَ الْإَهْوَاءِ وَ اتِّبَاعَ الْأَهْوَاءِ وَ التَّبَاعَ الْأَهْوَاءِ وَ التَّبَاعَ الْأَهُ إِلَّا بِطَاعَتِهِ وَ الصَّبْرِ وَ الرِّضَا لِأَنَّ الصَّبْرَ وَ الرِّضَا مِنْ طَاعَةِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا بِطَاعَتِهِ وَ الصَّبْرِ وَ الرِّضَا لِأَنَّ الصَّبْرَ وَ الرِّضَا مِنْ طَاعَةِ اللَّهِ

And our asws father asws the Messenger of Allah as said: 'The continuation upon the deeds in the following of the footsteps and the Sunnah, even though they may be little, is more Pleasing to Allah as and beneficial with Him in the Rewards, than the struggle in the 'Biddah') heresy, and the desires. Indeed, the following of the desires, and the following of the heresies (innovations) without Guidance from Allah is misguidance, and every misguidance is heresy, and every heretic will be in the Fire. And nothing can be achieved from the good with Allah except by being obedient to Him as and the patience and being agreeable, because the patience and being agreeable is from the obedience to Allah as a single control of Allah as a single

وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ لَنْ يُؤْمِنَ عَبْدٌ مِنْ عَبِيدِهِ حَتَّى يَرْضَى عَنِ اللَّهِ فِيمَا صَنَعَ اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ وَ صَنَعَ بِهِ عَلَى مَا أَحَبَّ وَ كَرِهَ وَ لَنْ يَصْنَعَ اللَّهُ بِمَنْ صَبَرَ وَ رَضِىَ عَنِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا مَا هُوَ أَهْلُهُ وَ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَهُ مِمَّا أَحَبَّ وَكَرِهَ

And know, that a servant from the servants has not believed until he is happy with Allah azwj with regards to whatever Allah azwj has Done for him, and what he has done for Him accordance with what He zwj Likes and Dislikes. And Allah does not Do with the one who is patient and happy with Allah except that which he is deserving of, and that which is better for him, from what he likes or dislikes.

وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالْمُحَافَظَةِ عَلَى الصَّلَوَاتِ وَ الصَّلَاةِ الْوُسْطَى وَ قُومُوا لِلَّهِ قانِتِينَ كَمَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ في كِتَابِهِ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ

And it is for you to "[2:238] Attend constantly to prayers and to the middle prayer and stand up truly obedient to Allah", just as Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded the Believers in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book which is in front of you.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِحُبِّ الْمَسَاكِينِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ حَقَّرَهُمْ وَ تَكَبَّرَ عَلَيْهِمْ فَقَدْ زَلَّ عَنْ دِينِ اللَّهِ وَ اللَّهُ لَهُ حَاقِرٌ مَاقِتٌ وَ قَدْ قَالَ أَبُونَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) أَمَرَنِي رَبِّي بِحُبِّ الْمَسَاكِينِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ مِنْهُمْ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ مَنْ حَقَّرَ أَحَداً مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ أَلْهُ لَهُ أَشَدُ مَقْتاً النَّاسُ وَ اللَّهُ لَهُ أَشَدُ مَقْتاً

And beware, and it is for you to love the poor Muslims, for the one who considers them to be lowly due to his own arrogance, has slipped from the Religion of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has for him (a situation of) lowliness and hate. And the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has said: 'My<sup>saww</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded me<sup>saww</sup> to love the poor among the Muslims'. And know, that the one who belittles anyone from the Muslims will meet Allah<sup>azwj</sup> having Hatred towards him and lowliness from Him<sup>azwj</sup> to the extent that the people will hate him and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will have intense Hatred towards him.

Fear Allah<sup>azwj</sup> with regards to your brothers who are poor Muslims, for they have a right over you that you should love them. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Commanded His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup> to love them, so the one who does not love the one whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded to love, so he has disobeyed Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup>, and the one who disobeys Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup> and dies upon that, would have died whilst being from the misguided ones.

And beware of (considering for yourself) greatness and arrogance, for the Arrogance is the Robe of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic, so the one who disputed with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for His<sup>azwj</sup> Robe, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Reduce him and Disgrace him on the Day of Judgement.

And beware of injustices of some of you against the others, for it is not from the characteristics of the righteous. The one who is unjust, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Turn his injustice against his own self, and Make His<sup>azwj</sup> Help to be for the one who he was unjust to, and the one whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Helps will overcome and be of the group of winners from Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

And beware of the envying of some of you against the others, for the disbelief is the origin of the envy.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ أَنْ تُعِينُوا عَلَى مُسْلِمٍ مَظْلُومٍ فَيَدْعُوَ اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ يُسْتَجَابَ لَهُ فِيكُمْ فَإِنَّ أَبَانَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) كَانَ يَقُولُ إِنَّ مَعُونَةَ يَقُولُ إِنَّ مَعُونَةَ الْمُسْلِمِ الْمَظْلُومِ مُسْتَجَابَةٌ وَ لَيُعِنْ بَعْضُكُمْ بَعْضاً فَإِنَّ أَبَانَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) كَانَ يَقُولُ إِنَّ مَعُونَةَ الْمُسْلِمِ خَيْرٌ وَ أَعْظَمُ أَجْراً مِنْ صِيَامِ شَهْرٍ وَ اعْتِكَافِهِ فِي الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ

And beware of helping against an oppressed Muslim, for he would supplicate to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> against you and He<sup>azwj</sup> would Answer him regarding you. Our<sup>asws</sup> forefather<sup>saww</sup> the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> used to say that: 'The supplication of an oppressed Muslims gets Answered'. And help each other, for our<sup>asws</sup> forefather<sup>saww</sup>, the Messenger<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> used to say that: 'Helping a Muslim is better and greater in Reward than the Fasting for a month, and seclusion (Al-I'tikaaf) in the Masjid Al-Haraam (The Sacred Masjid).

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ إِعْسَارَ أَحَدٍ مِنْ إِحْوَانِكُمُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ أَنْ تُعْسِرُوهُ بِالشَّيْءِ يَكُونُ لَكُمْ قِبَلَهُ وَ هُوَ مُعْسِرٌ فَإِنَّ أَبَانَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله )كانَ يَقُولُ لَيْسَ لِمُسْلِمِ أَنْ يُعْسِرَ مُسْلِماً وَ مَنْ أَنْظَرَ مُعْسِراً أَظَلَهُ اللَّهُ بِظِلِّهِ يَوْمَ لَا ظِلَّ إِلَّا ظِلَّهُ

And beware of creating difficulties for anyone from your Muslim brothers if he owes you anything from before and he is insolvent, for our as forefather the Messenger of Allah azwi used to say: 'It is not for a Muslim to make difficulties for a Muslim, and the one who is considerate to the insolvent will be Shaded by Allah by a shade on the Day in which there will no shade except for His szwi Shade'.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ أَيْتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ الْمَرْحُومَةُ الْمُفَضَّلَةُ عَلَى مَنْ سِوَاهَا وَ حَبْسَ حُقُوقِ اللَّهِ قِبَلَكُمْ يَوْماً بَعْدَ يَوْمٍ وَ سَاعَةً بَعْدَ سَاعَةٍ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ عَجَلَ حُقُوقَ اللَّهِ قِبَلَهُ كَانَ اللَّهُ أَقْدَرَ عَلَى التَّعْجِيلِ لَهُ إِلَى مُضَاعَفَةِ الْخَيْرِ فِي الْعَاجِلِ وَ الْآجِلِ وَ إِنَّهُ مَنْ أَخَرَ حُقُوقَ اللَّهِ قِبَلَهُ كَانَ اللَّهُ وَبَلَهُ لَكُمْ بَقِيَتَهُ وَ اللَّهُ أَقْدَرَ عَلَى اللَّهُ رِزْقَهُ لَمْ يَقْدِرْ أَنْ يَرْزُقَ نَفْسَهُ فَأَدُّوا إِلَى اللَّهِ حَقَّ مَا رَزَقَكُمْ يُطَيِّبِ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ بَقِيَتَهُ وَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ الْأَضْعَافَ الْكَثِيرَةَ الَّتِي لَا يَعْلَمُ عَدَدَهَا وَ لَا كُنْهُ فَضْلِهَا إِلَّا اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ اللَّهُ مَنْ الْعَالَمِينَ

And beware, O group under the Mercy and preferred ones over the others, of withholding the Rights of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> before you, day after day and hour after hour, for the one who makes haste in (giving) the Rights of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> which are in front of him, then Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has the Power over the Hastening to him for the multiplication of the good, either immediately or later on. And the one who delays the Rights of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, then Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has the Power over Delaying his sustenance, and the one from whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Withholds his sustenance, he would not have the ability to sustain himself. So give to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Right from what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Granted you so that He<sup>azwj</sup> would Purify for you the remainder of it, and Complete for you from the Multiplication for you, the excessive Multiplication, the count of which is not known to any but Him<sup>azwj</sup>, or its virtues, the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the Worlds'.

وَ قَالَ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ أَيْتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ وَ إِنِ اسْتَطَعْتُمْ أَنْ لَا يَكُونَ مِنْكُمْ مُحْرِجُ الْإِمَامِ فَإِنَّ مُحْرِجَ الْإِمَامِ هُوَ الَّذِي يَسْعَى بِأَهْلِ الصَّلَاحِ مِنْ أَتْبَاعِ الْإِمَامِ الْمُسَلِّمِينَ لِفَصْلِهِ الصَّابِرِينَ عَلَى أَدَاءِ حَقِّهِ الْعَارِفِينَ لِحُرْمَتِهِ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'Fear Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, O group, don't be an embarrassment for the Imam<sup>asws</sup>, for the one who causes embarrassment for the Imam<sup>asws</sup>, he is the one who discredits the righteous people, the ones who follow the Imam<sup>asws</sup> of the Muslims for his<sup>asws</sup> virtues, the patient ones upon the payment of his<sup>asws</sup> rights, the ones who understand his<sup>asws</sup> sanctity.

وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ مَنْ نَزَلَ بِذَلِكَ الْمَنْزِلِ عِنْدَ الْإِمَامِ فَهُوَ مُحْرِجُ الْإِمَامِ فَإِذَا فَعَلَ ذَلِكَ عِنْدَ الْإِمَامِ أَكْنَ بِلَامَامَ إِلَى أَنْ يَلْعَنَ أَهْلَ الصَّلَاحِ مِنْ أَثْبَاعِهِ الْمُسَلِّمِينَ لِفَضْلِهِ الصَّابِرِينَ عَلَى أَدَاءٍ حَقِّهِ الْعَارِفِينَ بِحُرْمَتِهِ فَإِذَا لَعَنَهُمْ لِإِحْرَاجِ أَعْدَاءِ اللَّهِ الْإِمَامَ صَارَتْ لَعَنَتُهُ رَحْمَةً مِنَ اللَّهِ عَلَى أَدَاءٍ حَقِّهِ الْعَارِفِينَ بِحُرْمَتِهِ فَإِذَا لَعَنَهُمْ لِإِحْرَاجِ أَعْدَاءِ اللَّهِ الْإِمَامَ صَارَتْ لَعَنَتُهُ رَحْمَةً مِنَ اللَّهِ عَلَى أَداءٍ حَقِّهِ الْعَلِينَ قَبْلُ السَّنَّةَ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ وَ رُسُلِهِ عَلَى أُولَئِكَ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَيَّتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ أَنَّ السُّنَّةَ مِنَ اللَّهِ قَدْ جَرَتْ فِي الْمَامَ صَارَتِ اللَّهِ وَ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ وَ رُسُلِهِ عَلَى أُولَئِكَ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَيَّتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ أَنَّ السُّنَّةَ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَمِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ وَ رُسُلِهِ عَلَى أُولَئِكَ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَيَّتُهَا الْعِصَابَةُ أَنَّ السُّنَّةَ مِنَ اللَّهِ قَدْ جَرَتْ فِي الْمُعَامِ الْعَلِمِينَ قَبْلُ

And know, that the one who descends to that level with (respect) the Imam<sup>asws</sup>, so he has embarrassed the Imam<sup>asws</sup> (by associating himself with him<sup>asws</sup>) He would do that by cursing the righteous people who (strictly) follow the Imam<sup>asws</sup> from the Muslims for their virtues, the patient ones upon the paying of his<sup>asws</sup> rights, the ones who have recognised his<sup>asws</sup> sanctity, but his curse against (the pious ones) is for the enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, as the Imam<sup>asws</sup> converts that curse into Mercy from Allah<sup>azwj</sup> upon them (the pious ones), and turns the Curse from Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and from the Angels, and from His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup> upon them (the deniers). And know, O group, that the Sunnah from Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has flowed within the righteous ones before'.

وَ قَالَ مَنْ سَرَّهُ أَنْ يَلْقَى اللَّهَ وَ هُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ حَقًا حَقًا فَلْيَتَوَلَّ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُولَهُ وَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَ لْيَبْرَأُ إِلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ عَدُوهِمْ وَ يُسَلِّمُ لِمَا انْتَهَى إِلَيْهِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِمْ لِأَنَّ فَضْلَهُمْ لَا يَبْلُغُهُ مَلَكٌ مُقَرَّبٌ وَ لَا نَبِيٌّ مُرْسَلٌ وَ لَا مَنْ دُونَ ذَلِكَ أَلَمُ تَسْمَعُوا مَا ذَكَرَ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِ انْتَهَى إِلَيْهِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِمْ لِأَنَّ فَضْلَهُمْ لَا يَبْلُغُهُ مَلَكٌ مُقَرَّبٌ وَ لَا نَبِيٌّ مُرْسَلٌ وَ لَا مَنْ دُونَ ذَلِكَ أَلَمُ أَلَهُ مِنْ فَضْلِ أَنْتَهَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ وَ الصَّدِيقِينَ وَ الشَّهَداءِ وَ الصَّالِينَ وَ الصَّلَيْمِينَ وَ الصَّدِيقِينَ وَ الصَّلَطِينَ وَ الصَّالِينَ وَ الصَّالِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّالِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَوْمِنُونَ قَالَ فَأُولِئِكَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَ الصَّلَونَ قَالَ فَأُولِيكَ مَنْ النَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّبِيقِينَ وَ الصَّلَاقِينَ وَالْفَلِهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'The one who wishes to meet Allah<sup>azwj</sup> as a Believer, 'Haqqan' Haqqan' (surely and truly), so he should befriend Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger, and those who<sup>asws</sup> believed, and should distance himself from their<sup>asws</sup> enemies, and accept whatever that has ended up with him from their<sup>asws</sup> virtues, because their<sup>asws</sup> virtues cannot be comprehended by the 'مَلَكُ مُوْمَلُ' Angels of Proximity, or 'مَلَكُ مُوْمَلُ' 'مُوْمَلُ' has Messenger Prophets<sup>as</sup>, but some among them. Have you not heard what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Mentioned from the virtues of following the Imams<sup>asws</sup> of Guidance, and they are the Believers? He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "[4:69] And whoever obeys Allah and the Messenger, these are with those upon whom Allah has bestowed favours from among the prophets and the truthful and the martyrs and the good, and a goodly company are they!"

فَهَذَا وَجُهٌ مِنْ وُجُوهِ فَصْلِ أَثْبَاعِ الْأَئِمَّةِ فَكَيْفَ بِمِمْ وَ فَصْلِهِمْ وَ مَنْ سَرَّهُ أَنْ يُتِمَّ اللَّهُ لَهُ إِيمَانَهُ حَتَّى يَكُونَ مُؤْمِنِاً حَقَّا خَقًا فَلْيَفِ لِلَّهِ بِشُرُوطِهِ الَّتِي اشْتَرَطَهَا عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَإِنَّهُ قَدِ اشْتَرَطَ مَعَ وَلَايَتِهِ وَ وَلَايَةِ رَسُولِهِ وَ وَلَايَةِ أَئِمَّةِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِقَامَ الصَّلَاةِ وَ إِيتَاءَ الزَّكَاةِ وَ إِيتَاءَ الزَّكَاةِ وَ إِيتَاءَ الزَّكَاةِ وَ وَلَايَةٍ مُرْضًا حَسَناً وَ اجْتِنَابَ الْفَوَاحِشِ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَ مَا بَطَنَ

This is just one perspective from the perspectives of the virtues of following the Imams<sup>asws</sup>, so how can others (comprehend) them<sup>asws</sup> and their<sup>asws</sup> virtues? And the one who wishes that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> should Complete for him his faith so that he becomes a devout and true Believer, he should fulfil to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> His<sup>azwj</sup> Conditions which He<sup>azwj</sup> has Placed upon the Believers. He<sup>azwj</sup> has Placed the conditions of His<sup>azwj</sup> Wilayah along with the Wilayah of

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> The Higher status Prophet<sup>as</sup> who were Awarded with the Divine Books

His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup>, and the Wilayah of the Imams<sup>asws</sup> of the Believers. He should establish the Prayer, and give the Zakat, and give to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> goodly loans (Qarz e Hasana), and avoid the immoralities, both openly as well as discreetly.

There does not remain anything from the detail of what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited, except that it is included in its entirety in His<sup>azwj</sup> Statement. So the one who makes it to be his Religion in what is between himself and Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, being sincere to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and does not authorise for himself to ignore anything from this, so he is, in the Sight of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, in His<sup>azwj</sup> Triumphant Party, and he is from the true Believers.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ الْإِصْرَارَ عَلَى شَيْءٍ مِمَّا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ فِي ظَهْرِ الْقُرْآنِ وَ بَطْنِهِ وَ قَدْ قَالَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى وَ لَمْ يُصِرُّوا عَلَى ما فَعَلُوا وَ هُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ إِلَى هَاهُنَا رِوَايَةُ الْقَاسِمِ بْنِ رَبِيعٍ يَعْنِي الْمُؤْمِنِينَ قَبْلَكُمْ إِذَا نَسُوا شَيْئًا مِمَّا اشْتَرَطَ اللَّهُ فِي كِتَابِهِ عَرَفُوا أَنَّهُمْ قَدْ عَصَوُا اللَّهَ فِي تَرْكِهِمْ ذَلِكَ الشَّيْءَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا وَ لَمْ يَعُودُوا إِلَى تَرْكِهِ فَذَلِكَ مَعْنَى قَوْلِ اللَّهِ وَ لَمْ يُصِرُّوا عَلَى ما فَعَلُوا وَ هُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ

And beware of insisting upon something from what Allah azwj has Prohibited in the Apparent of the Quran and its Hidden. And Allah azwj the High has Said: "[3:135] and (who) do not knowingly persist in what they have done" (Up to this point it is the narration of Al-Qasim Bin Rabi'e). It means that the Believers before them, when they forgot something from what Conditions Allah azwj had Placed upon them in His Book, would come to the realisation that they had disobeyed Allah in their avoidance of that thing. So they would seek Forgiveness and would not repeat it. So that is the meaning of the Statement of Allah zwj: "[3:135] and (who) do not knowingly persist in what they have done".

And know that He<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded and Prohibited, so that there should be obedience in what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded for, and avoidance in what He<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited from. So the one who has followed His<sup>azwj</sup> Commands has obeyed Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and has realised everything from the good, which is with Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and the one who did not avoid what Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Prohibited for him, so he has disobeyed Him<sup>azwj</sup>. So if he were to die upon being disobedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Fling him upon his face in the Fire.

And know, that there is nothing else between Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and anyone from His<sup>azwj</sup> creatures, Angels of Proximity, or Messenger Prophets<sup>as</sup>, or all others apart from that, except for their obedience to Him<sup>azwj</sup>. So strive in being obedient to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, if you wish to become true Believers, truly, and there is not Strength except by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ قَالَ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِطَاعَةِ رَبِّكُمْ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ رَبُّكُمْ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ الْإِسْلَامَ هُوَ التَّسْلِيمُ وَ التَّسْلِيمُ هُوَ التَّسْلِيمُ هُوَ التَّسْلِيمُ هُوَ التَّسْلِيمُ هُوَ التَّسْلِيمُ وَ الْإَسْلَامَ هُوَ التَّسْلِيمُ وَ مَنْ لَمْ يُسْلِمُ لَهُ وَ مَنْ سَرَّهُ أَنْ يُبْلِغَ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ فِي الْإِحْسَانِ فَلْيُطِعِ اللَّهَ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ أَطَاعَ اللَّهَ فَقَدْ أَبْلَغَ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ فِي الْإِحْسَانِ فَلْيُطِعِ اللَّهَ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ أَطَاعَ اللَّهَ فَقَدْ أَبْلَغَ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ فِي الْإِحْسَانِ اللَّهُ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْ أَطَاعَ اللَّهَ فَقَدْ أَبْلَغَ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ فِي الْإِحْسَانِ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'And it is for you to obey your Lord<sup>azwj</sup> in accordance with your abilities, for Allah<sup>azwj</sup> is your Lord<sup>azwj</sup>. And know that the Islam is the submission, and the submission is the Islam. So the one who submits, so he has Islam, and the one who does not submit, there is no Islam to him. And the one wishes to do himself a favour, so he should obey Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, for the one who has obeyed Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has indeed done himself a favour.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ مَعَاصِيَ اللَّهِ أَنْ تَرَكَبُوهَا فَإِنَّهُ مَنِ انْتَهَكَ مَعَاصِيَ اللَّهِ فَرَكِبَهَا فَقَدْ أَبْلَغَ فِي الْإِسَاءَةِ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ وَ لَيْسَ بَيْنَ الْإِحْسَانِ وَ الْحَلَمُوا أَنَّهُ الْإِسَاءَةِ مِنْزِلَةٌ فَالأَهْلِ الْإِحْسَانِ عِنْدَ رَبِّحِمُ الْجُنَّةُ وَ لِأَهْلِ الْإِسَاءَةِ عِنْدَ رَبِّحِمُ النَّارُ فَاعْمَلُوا بِطَاعَةِ اللَّهِ وَ احْتَنِبُوا مَعَاصِيَةُ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ الْإِسَاءَةِ مَنْزِلَةٌ فَالأَهْلِ الْإِحْسَانِ عِنْدَ رَبِّعِمُ الْجُنَّةُ وَ لِأَهْلِ الْإِسَاءَةِ عِنْدَ رَبِّعِمُ اللَّهِ وَ الْعَلَمُوا أَنَّهُ لَلْهُ اللَّهِ أَنْ تَنْفَعَهُ شَفَاعَةُ لَلْهَ اللَّهِ أَدُنُ لَكُ فَمَنْ سَرَّهُ أَنْ تَنْفَعَهُ شَفَاعَةُ الشَّافِعِينَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ فَلْيَطْلُبُ إِلَى اللَّهِ أَنْ يَرْضَى عَنْهُ

And beware of being disobedient to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> if you were to do it. The one who violated by being disobedient to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so he has disfavoured himself, and there is no station between favour and disfavour. For the ones who have done a favour in the Sight of their Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, is Paradise, and for the ones who have violated in the Sight of their Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, is the Fire. So, know that you have to be obedient to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and avoid being disobedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>. And know, that there is none who is needless of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> from His<sup>azwj</sup> creatures, neither the Angels of Proximity, nor the Messenger Prophets<sup>as</sup>, nor anyone other than that. So the one who wishes that he should benefit from the intercession of the intercessors in the Presence of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, so he should seek to Please Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ أَحَداً مِنْ خَلْقِ اللَّهِ لَمْ يُصِبْ رِضَا اللَّهِ إِلَّا بِطَاعَتِهِ وَ طَاعَةِ رَسُولِهِ وَ طَاعَةِ وُلَاةِ أَمْرِهِ مِنْ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ ( صلى الله عليه وَآله ) وَ مَعْصِيَتُهُمْ مِنْ مَعْصِيَةِ اللَّهِ وَ لَمْ يُنْكِرْ لَهُمْ فَضْلًا عَظُمَ أَوْ صَغُرَ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ الْمُنْكِرِينَ هُمُ الْمُكَذِّبُونَ وَ أَنَّ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ هُمُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ هُمُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ هُمُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ هُمُ اللهَ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ قَالَ لِلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَ قَوْلُهُ الْحَقُّ إِنَّ الْمُنافِقِينَ فِي الدَّرْكِ الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ النَّارِ وَ لَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُمْ نَصِيراً اللهُ عَزَّ وَ جَلَّ قَالَ لِلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَ قَوْلُهُ الْحَقُّ إِنَّ الْمُنافِقِينَ فِي الدَّرْكِ الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ النَّارِ وَ لَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُمْ نَصِيراً

And know that no one from the creatures of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> can achieve the Pleasure of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> except by being obedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and being obedient to His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup>, and being obedient to the Masters<sup>asws</sup> of the Command (Wali Al-Amr<sup>asws</sup>) from the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>, and that the disobedience to them<sup>asws</sup> is disobedient to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. And do not deny their<sup>asws</sup> virtues, be they great or small. And know, that the deniers are the liars, they are the hypocrites, and that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic Said for the hypocrites, and His<sup>azwj</sup> Words are true, that: "[4:145] Surely the hypocrites are in the lowest stage of the fire and you shall not find a helper for them".

وَ لَا يَفْرَقَنَّ أَحَدٌ مِنْكُمْ أَلْزَمَ اللَّهُ قَلْبَهُ طَاعَتَهُ وَ خَشْيَتَهُ مِنْ أَحَدٍ مِنَ النَّاسِ مِمَّنْ أَخْرَجَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ صِفَةِ الْحَقِّ وَ لَمْ يَجْعَلْهُ مِنْ أَهْلِهَا فَإِنَّ مِنْ أَهْلِهَا فَإِنَّ لِشَيَاطِينِ الْإِنْسِ حِيلَةً وَ مَكْراً وَ خَدَائِعَ وَ وَسُوسَةً مَنْ لَمْ يَجْعَلِ اللَّهُ شَيَاطِينَ الْإِنْسِ حِيلَةً وَ مَكْراً وَ خَدَائِعَ وَ وَسُوسَةً بَعْضِهِمْ إِلَى بَعْضِ يُويدُونَ إِنِ اسْتَطَاعُوا أَنْ يَرُدُوا أَهْلَ الْحَقِّ عَمَّا أَكْرَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ مِنَ النَّطَرِ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ الَّذِي لَمْ يَجْعَلِ اللَّهُ شَيَاطِينَ بَعْضِ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ الَّذِي لَمْ يَرُدُوا أَهْلَ الْحَقِّ عَمَّا أَكْرَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ مِنَ النَّطَرِ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ الَّذِي لَمْ يَبُولُوا أَهْلَ اللَّهُ شَيَاطِينَ

الْإِنْسِ مِنْ أَهْلِهِ إِرَادَةً أَنْ يَسْتَوِيَ أَعْدَاءُ اللَّهِ وَ أَهْلُ الْحُقِّ فِي الشَّكِّ وَ الْإِنْكَارِ وَ التَّكْذِيبِ فَيَكُونُونَ سَوَاءً كَمَا وَصَفَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَى فِي كِتَابِهِ مِنْ قَوْلِهِ وَدُّوا لَوْ تَكْفُرُونَ كَما كَفَرُوا فَتَكُونُونَ سَواءً ثُمَّ نَهَى اللَّهُ أَهْلَ النَّصْرِ بِالْحُقِّ أَنْ يَتَّخِذُوا مِنْ أَعْدَاءِ اللَّهِ وَلِيّاً وَ لَا نَصِيراً

And let no one from among you, whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Necessitated upon his heart, obedience to Him<sup>azwj</sup> and being humble to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, should fear any one from the people from whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Removed the qualities of the truth and did not Make him to be deserving of it. So the one whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has not Made to be deserving of the qualities of the truth, so these are the hypocrites, these are the Satans<sup>la</sup> among the Humans and the Jinn. And it is the Satans<sup>la</sup> among the Humans that trick, and plot, and deceive, and whisper (cast doubts) from some of them to the others, attempting to divert the people of the truth, whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Honoured by Granting them the insight into the Religion of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and insight which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has not Considered the Satans<sup>la</sup> among the Humans to be deserving of it, Intending thereby not to equalise the enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> to the people of the truth, with regards to the doubt, and the denial, and the belying to end up being equal as Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the High has Described in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book: "[4:89] They desire that you should disbelieve as they have disbelieved, so that you might be (all) alike". Then Allah<sup>azwj</sup> prohibited the people of the truth that they should take the enemies of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> as guardians or as helpers.

فَلَا يُهَوِّلنَّكُمْ وَ لَا يَرُدَّنَكُمْ عَنِ النَّصْرِ بِالْحُقِّ الَّذِي حَصَّكُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ مِنْ حِيلَةِ شَيَاطِينِ الْإِنْسِ وَ مَكْرِهِمْ مِنْ أُمُورِكُمْ تَدْفَعُونَ أَنْتُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ مِنْ حِيلَةِ شَيَاطِينِ الْإِنْسِ وَ مَكْرِهِمْ مِنْ أُمُورِكُمْ تَدْفَعُونَ أَنْتُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِ مِنْ حِيلَةِ شَيْئَةً بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ فِيمَا بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ تَلْتَمِسُونَ بِلَاكَ وَجْهَ رَبِّكُمْ بِطَاعَتِهِ وَ هُمْ لَا خَيْرَ عِنْدَهُمْ لَا يَجِلُ لَكُمْ أَنْ تُظْهِرُوهُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ رَفَعُوهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ جَهَدُوا عَلَى هَلَاكِكُمْ وَ اسْتَقْبَلُوكُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ رَفَعُوهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ جَهَدُوا عَلَى هَلَاكِكُمْ وَ اسْتَقْبَلُوكُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ رَفَعُوهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ جَهَدُوا عَلَى هَلَاكِكُمْ وَ اسْتَقْبَلُوكُمْ بَا تَكُمْ فَيهِ شَيْئَا عَادَوْكُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَ رَفَعُوهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ جَهَدُوا عَلَى هَلَاكِكُمْ وَ اسْتَقْبَلُوكُمْ بَا

So do not let them scare you, and do not let them repulse you all from the consideration by the truth which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Specialised you with from the tricks of the Satans<sup>la</sup> from the Humans, and their plots in your affairs. You should repel the bad by that which is good in what is between you and them, seeking by that the Pleasure of your Lord<sup>azwj</sup> by being obedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>. And they are such that there is no good with them.

It is not permissible for you to display to them the Principles of the Religion of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> (Usool Al-Deen<sup>57</sup>) for they are such that they would hear something from you, be inimical against you, and raise (the issue) against you, and strive for destroying you, and place in front of you that which you dislike.

وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَكُمُ النَّصَفَةُ مِنْهُمْ فِي دُولِ الْفُجَّارِ فَاعْرِفُوا مَنْزِلَتَكُمْ فِيمَا بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَيْنَ أَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَنْبَغِي لِأَهْلِ الْجُقِّ عَنْدَهُ بِمَنْزِلَةِ أَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ أَ لَمْ يَعْرِفُوا وَجْهَ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ فِي كِتَابِهِ إِذْ يَقُولُ أَمْ بَعْعَلُ الْمُتَّقِينَ كَالْفُجَارِ أَكْوِفُوا وَجْهَ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ فِي كِتَابِهِ إِذْ يَقُولُ أَمْ بَعْعَلُ الْمُتَّقِينَ كَالْفُحَارِ أَكْوِفُوا وَجْهَ قَوْلِ اللَّهِ فِي كِتَابِهِ إِذْ يَقُولُ أَمْ بَعْعَلُ اللَّهَ النَّاطِلِ وَ لَا يَجْعَلُوا اللَّهَ النَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلُوا اللَّهَ عَلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلُوا اللَّهَ عَلْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَى وَ إِمَامَكُمْ وَ دِينَكُمُ الَّذِي تَدِينُونَ بِهِ عُرْضَةً لِأَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ فَتُعْضِبُوا اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَهْلِكُوا فَمَهْلًا وَتَعَالَى وَ لَهُ الْمَثَلُ الْأَعْلَى وَ إِمَامَكُمْ وَ دِينَكُمُ الَّذِي تَدِينُونَ بِهِ عُرْضَةً لِأَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ فَتُعْضِبُوا اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَهْلِكُوا فَمَهُلًا مَثَلُ الْمَثَلُ الْأَعْلَى وَ إِمَامَكُمْ وَ دِينَكُمُ الَّذِي تَدِينُونَ بِهِ عُرْضَةً لِأَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ فَتُعْضِبُوا اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَهْلِكُوا فَمَهُلًا مَثَلُ الْأَعْلَى وَ لِهُ الْمَثَلُ الْأَعْلَى وَ إِمَامَكُمْ وَ دِينَكُمُ الَّذِي تَدِينُونَ بِهِ عُرْضَةً لِأَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ فَتُعْضِبُوا اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَهْلِكُوا فَمَهُلًا

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 $<sup>^{57}</sup>$  Salat, Zakat, Soam, Hajj and Wilayat, see for example Al-Kafi Vol. 2 Pg. 18.

And there is no remedy for you from them in the government of the corrupt. So understand your status in what is between you and the people of the falsehood, for it does not befit the people of the truth to descend to the level of the people of the falsehood. (This is due to the fact) that Allah<sup>azwj</sup> did not Make for the people of the falsehood who does not understand His<sup>azwj</sup> Perspective, the status which is with Him<sup>azwj</sup> for the people of the truth.

The Statement of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book where He<sup>azwj</sup> Said: "[38:28] Shall We treat those who believe and work deeds of righteousness, the same as those who do mischief on earth? Shall We treat those who guard against evil, the same as those who turn aside from the right?" He<sup>azwj</sup> has Honoured yourselves rather than the people of the falsehood. And do not make Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Blessed and High, and for Him<sup>azwj</sup> is the Highest Example, and your Imams<sup>asws</sup>, and the Religion which you have made it to be for yourselves, to be exposed (vulnerable) to the people of the falsehood. Allah<sup>azwj</sup> would be Angered against you, so you will perish. So, do not do it, do not do it (strictly observe Taqaiyya).

يَا أَهْلَ الصَّلَاحِ لَا تَتْرُكُوا أَمْرَ اللَّهِ وَ أَمْرَ مَنْ أَمَرَكُمْ بِطَاعَتِهِ فَيُغَيِّرَ اللَّهُ مَا بِكُمْ مِنْ نِعْمَةٍ أَحِبُوا فِي اللَّهِ مَنْ وَصَفَ صِفَتَكُمْ وَ أَبْغِضُوا فِي اللَّهِ مَنْ خَالَفَكُمْ وَ الْفَيْكُمْ وَ نَصِيحَتَكُمْ [لِمَنْ وَصَفَ صِفَتَكُمْ] وَ لَا تَبْتَذِلُوهَا لِمَنْ رَغِبَ عَنْ صِفَتِكُمْ وَ عَادَاكُمْ عَلَيْهَا فِي اللَّهِ مَنْ خَالُوا مَوَدَّتَكُمْ وَ نَصِيحَتَكُمْ [لِمَنْ وَصَفَ صِفَتَكُمْ] وَ لَا تَبْتَذِلُوهَا لِمَنْ رَغِبَ عَنْ صِفَتِكُمْ وَ عَادَاكُمْ عَلَيْهَا وَ بَعَى لَكُمُ الْغَوَائِلَ هَذَا أَدَبُنَا أَدَابُ اللَّهِ فَخُذُوا بِهِ وَ تَفَهَّمُوهُ وَ اعْقِلُوهُ وَ لَا تَنْذِذُوهُ وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِكُمْ مَا وَافَقَ هُدَاكُمْ أَحَدُثُمْ بِهِ وَ مَا وَافَقَ هُوَاكُمْ طَرَحْتُمُوهُ وَ لَمْ تَأْخُذُوا بِهِ

O righteous people! Do not abandon the Commands of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and the Command from your affairs for the obedience to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, lest Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Alters the Blessings for you. Love for the sake of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> (the ones of similar qualities to yourselves), and hate for the Sake of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the ones who oppose you. And extend your cordiality and your advice to the ones who possess your qualities, and do not extend it to the ones who have abandoned your qualities, and are inimical towards you, and rebel against you, and wish for calamities to befall upon you. This is our<sup>asws</sup> education which Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Has Educated us<sup>asws</sup> with. So take to it, and understand it and fetter it (to yourselves), and do not throw it behind your backs, whatever is compatible with your guidance and take to it, and whatever is along the lines of your own desires, discard it and do not follow it.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ التَّجَبُّرَ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ عَبْداً لَمْ يُبْتَلَ بِالتَّجَبُّرِ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا بَجَبَّرَ عَلَى دِينِ اللَّهِ فَاسْتَقِيمُوا لِلَّهِ وَ لَا تَرْتَدُّوا عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِبُوا خَاسِرِينَ أَجَارَنَا اللَّهُ وَ إِيَّاكُمْ مِنَ التَّجَبُّرِ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَ لَا قُوَّةً لَنَا وَ لَكُمْ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ

And beware of the arrogance against Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and know that a servant is not afflicted by the arrogance against Allah<sup>azwj</sup> except that he is arrogant against the Religion of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. Be upright for the Sake of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and do not turn back upon your heels, for you will have turn to back as losers. May Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Protect us. And beware from the arrogance against Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and there is not strength for us<sup>asws</sup> or for you except by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ قَالَ ( عليه السلام ) إِنَّ الْعَبْدَ إِذَا كَانَ حَلَقَهُ اللَّهُ فِي الْأَصْلِ أَصْلِ الْخُلْقِ مُؤْمِناً لَمْ يَمُتْ حَتَّى يُكَرَّهَ اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ الشَّرَّ وَ يُبَاعِدَهُ عَنْهُ وَاللَّهُ مِنَ الْكِبْرِ أَنْ يَدْخُلُهُ وَ الجُبْرِيَّةِ فَلَانَتْ عَرِيكُتُهُ وَ حَسُنَ خُلُقُهُ وَ طَلُقَ وَجُهُهُ وَ صَارَ

عَلَيْهِ وَقَارُ الْإِسْلَامِ وَ سَكِينَتُهُ وَ تَخَشُّعُهُ وَ وَرِعَ عَنْ مُحَارِمِ اللَّهِ وَ اجْتَنَبَ مَسَاخِطَهُ وَ رَزَقَهُ اللَّهُ مَوَدَّةَ النَّاسِ وَ مُجَامَلَتَهُمْ وَ تَرْكَ مُقَاطَعَةِ النَّاسِ وَ الْخُصُومَاتِ وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ مِنْهَا وَ لَا مِنْ أَهْلِهَا فِي شَيْءٍ

And he<sup>asws</sup> said: 'If Allah<sup>azwj</sup> had Created a servant originally, in the original creation as a Believer, he will never die until Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Makes him to detest the evil and he distances himself from it, and the one whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Made to detest the evil and he distances himself from it, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Cure him from the arrogance and the forcefulness which has entered into him. So his nature becomes soft, and his morals beautiful, and his face bright, and the reverence of Islam comes to him, and tranquillity, and the humbleness, and he restrains himself from the Prohibitions of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and avoids His<sup>azwj</sup> Harshness. And Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Grants to him the sustenance of the cordiality of the people, and intermingling with them, and avoidance of the cutting off from the people, and the rivalries, and does not get involved with anything from it or the likes of it in anything.

وَ إِنَّ الْعَبْدَ إِذَا كَانَ اللَّهُ حَلَقَهُ فِي الْأَصْلِ [أَصْلِ الْخَلْقِ] كَافِراً لَمْ يَمُتْ حَتَى يُحَبِّب إِلَيْهِ الشَّرَّ وَ يُقَرِّبَهُ مِنْهُ فَإِذَا حَبَّب إِلَيْهِ الشَّرَّ وَ قَرَبَهُ مِنْهُ ابْتُلِيَ بِالْكِبْرِ وَ الْجُبْرِيَّةِ فَقَسَا قَلْبُهُ وَ سَاءَ خُلُقُهُ وَ غَلُظَ وَجْهُهُ وَ ظَهَرَ فُحْشُهُ وَ قَلَّ حَيَاؤُهُ وَ كَشَفَ اللَّهُ سِتْرَهُ وَ رَكِب الْمَحَارِمَ فَلَمْ يَنْزِعْ عَنْهَا وَ رَكِبَ مَعَاصِيَ اللَّهِ وَ أَبْغَضَ طَاعَتَهُ وَ أَهْلَهَا فَبُعْدٌ مَا بَيْنَ حَالِ الْمُؤْمِنِ وَ حَالِ الْكَافِرِ سَلُوا اللَّهَ الْعَافِيَةَ وَ اطْلَبُوهَا إِنَيْهِ وَ لَا حَوْلَ وَ لَا قُوْقَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ

However, if Allah<sup>azwj</sup> had Created a servant originally, in the original creation as an infidel, he will never die until he loves the evil and goes near to it. So if the evil becomes beloved to him and he goes near to it, he gets involved in the infidelity, and the forcefulness. So his heart hardens, and his morals deteriorate, and his face darkens, his immorality gets displayed, and his shame becomes little, and Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Uncovers his veil, and he rides upon the Prohibitions. So he never ceases from these tendencies and rides upon the disobedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and hates to obey Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and the obedient ones. So the condition of the Believers and the condition of the infidel are in contradiction. Ask Allah<sup>azwj</sup> for health, and seek it from Him<sup>azwj</sup>, and there is not Might nor Strength except by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>.

صَبِّرُوا النَّفْسَ عَلَى الْبَلَاءِ فِي الدُّنْيَا فَإِنَّ تَتَابُعَ الْبَلَاءِ فِيهَا وَ الشِّدَّةَ فِي طَاعَةِ اللَّهِ وَ وَلَايَتِهِ وَ وَلَايَةِ مَنْ أَمَرَ بِوَلَايَتِهِ حَيْرٌ عَاقِبَةً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ مُلْكِ الدُّنْيَا وَ إِنْ طَالَ تَتَابُعُ نَعِيمِهَا وَ رَهْرَهِمَا وَ غَضَارَةُ عَيْشِهَا فِي مَعْصِيَةِ اللَّهِ وَ وَلَايَةٍ مَنْ نَهَى اللَّهُ عَنْ وَلَايَتِهِ فَ وَلَا يَتِهِ فَ طَاعَتِهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ أَمْرَ بِوَلَايَةِ الْأَئِمَّةِ النَّذِينَ سَمَّاهُمُ اللَّهُ فِي كِتَابِهِ فِي قَوْلِهِ وَ جَعَلْناهُمْ أَئِمَّةً يَهْدُونَ بِأَمْرِنا وَ هُمُ الَّذِينَ أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِوَلَا يَتِهِمْ وَ طَاعَتِهِمْ وَ هُمْ أَئِمَّةُ الضَّلَالَةِ الَّذِينَ قَضَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُمْ دُولٌ فِي الدُّنْيَا عَلَى أَوْلِيَاءِ اللَّهُ عَنْ وَلَا يَتِهِمْ وَ طَاعَتِهِمْ وَ هُمْ أَئِمَةُ الضَّلَالَةِ الَّذِينَ قَضَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُمْ دُولٌ فِي الدُّنْيَا عَلَى أَوْلِيَاءِ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْقِ اللَّهُ عَنْ وَلَا يَتِهِمْ وَ هُمْ أَئِمَةُ الضَّلَالَةِ النَّذِينَ قَضَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُمْ دُولٌ فِي الدُّنْيَا عَلَى أَوْلِيَاءِ اللَّهُ الْعَلَاهُمْ أَلِيَّةٍ مِنْ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ يَعْمَلُونَ فِي دُولَتِهِمْ بَعْصِيَةِ اللَّهِ وَ مَعْصِيَةِ رَسُولِهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) لِيَحِقَّ عَلَيْهِمْ كَلِمَةُ الْعَذَابِ وَ لِيَتِهُمْ أَنْ تَكُونُوا مَعَ نَيِّ اللَّهِ مُعَمَلُونَ فِي دُولَتِهِمْ بَعْصِيَةِ اللَّهُ مِنْ وَالرَّسُلِ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

Observe patience upon the afflictions in the world if you are followed by the afflictions, and intensify the obedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and His<sup>azwj</sup> Wilayah, and the Wilayah of the ones<sup>asws</sup> He<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded for, it is the better result with Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in the Hereafter, than the kingdom of the world, even though its bounties, and its flowers, and its affluence may be prolonged in the disobedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and in the Wilayah of the one<sup>asws</sup> whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Forbidden from being in his Wilayah, and in his obedience.

Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded for the Wilayah of the Imams<sup>asws</sup> whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Names in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book in His<sup>azwj</sup> Statement: "[21:73] And We made them Imams who guided (people) by Our command" and they<sup>asws</sup> are the ones<sup>asws</sup> for whom<sup>asws</sup> Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Commanded the Wilayah for, and to be in their<sup>asws</sup> obedience. And the ones whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Forbidden to be in their wilayah, these are the imams of misguidance, for whom Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Decreed for them the governance in the world over the friends of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and the Imams<sup>asws</sup> from the Progeny<sup>asws</sup> of Muhammad<sup>saww</sup>.

They act in disobedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in their governments, and in disobedience to His<sup>azwj</sup> Messenger<sup>saww</sup> so that the Words of the Punishment become reality against them, and that you can end up being with the Prophet<sup>saww</sup> of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Muhammad<sup>saww</sup> and the Messengers<sup>as</sup> before him<sup>saww</sup>.

فَتَدَبَّرُوا مَا قَصَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي كِتَابِهِ مِمَّا ابْتَلَى بِهِ أَنْبِيَاءَهُ وَ أَتْبَاعَهُمُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ثُمَّ سَلُوا اللَّهَ أَنْ يُعْطِيَكُمُ الصَّبْرَ عَلَى الْبَلَاءِ فِي السَّرَّاءِ وَ الضَّرَّاءِ وَ الشِّدَّةِ وَ الرَّخَاءِ مِثْلَ الَّذِي أَعْطَاهُمْ

So ponder over what stories Allah<sup>azwj</sup> has Related to you in His<sup>azwj</sup> Book of the trials which the His<sup>azwj</sup> Prophets<sup>as</sup> were Tested by, and the Believers followed them<sup>as</sup>. Then ask Allah<sup>azwj</sup> to Grant you patience upon the affliction in the thick and thin, and the difficulties, and the prosperity, similar to which was Given to them.

وَ إِيَّاكُمْ وَ مُمَاظَّةَ أَهْلِ الْبَاطِلِ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِمُدَى الصَّالِحِينَ وَ وَقَارِهِمْ وَ سَكِينَتِهِمْ وَ حِلْمِهِمْ وَ تَخَشُّعِهِمْ وَ وَرَعِهِمْ عَنْ مَحَارِمِ اللَّهِ وَ صِدْقِهِمْ وَ وَفَائِهِمْ وَ احْتِهَادِهِمْ لِلَّهِ فِي الْعَمَل بِطَاعَتِهِ فَإِنَّكُمْ إِنْ لَمَّ تَفْعَلُوا ذَلِكَ لَمَّ تُنزَلُوا عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ مَنْزِلَةَ الصَّالِحِينَ قَبْلَكُمْ

And beware of debating with the people of the falsehood. And it is for you to follow the guidance of the righteous ones, and their dignified (manners), and their tranquillity, and their forbearance, and their humbleness, and their distancing themselves from the Prohibitions of Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and their truthfulness, and their loyalty, and their struggle for the Sake of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> in the deeds by being obedient to Him<sup>azwj</sup>. So if you were not to do that, then you will never rise to the status of the righteous ones from before you have with your Lord<sup>azwj</sup>.

وَ اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ إِذَا أَرَادَ بِعَبْدٍ خَيْراً شَرَحَ صَدْرَهُ لِلْإِسْلَامِ فَإِذَا أَعْطَاهُ ذَلِكَ أَنْطَقَ لِسَانَهُ بِالحُقِّ وَ عَقَدَ قَلْبَهُ عَلَيْهِ فَعَمِلَ بِهِ فَإِذَا جَمَعَ اللَّهُ لَهُ ذَلِكَ تَمَّ لَهُ إِسْلَامُهُ وَكَانَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ إِنْ مَاتَ عَلَى ذَلِكَ الحَّالِ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ حَقًاً

And know that if Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Intends good for a servant, He<sup>azwj</sup> opens his chest for the Islam. So He<sup>azwj</sup> Grants him that he will speak the truth by his tongue, and bind his heart to him so that he will act in accordance with it. So if Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Gathers that to him, He<sup>azwj</sup> Completes for him, his Islam, and if he were to die whilst being upon that, he would have died as being one of the true Muslims.

وَ إِذَا لَمْ يُرِدِ اللَّهُ بِعَبْدٍ حَيْراً وَكَلَهُ إِلَى نَفْسِهِ وَ كَانَ صَدْرُهُ ضَيِّقاً حَرَجاً فَإِنْ جَرَى عَلَى لِسَانِهِ حَقٌّ لَمْ يُعْقَدْ قَلْبُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَ إِذَا لَمْ يُعْقَدْ وَ هُوَ عَلَى تِلْكَ الْحَالِ كَانَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مِنَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَ صَارَ مَا عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى يَمُوتَ وَ هُوَ عَلَى تِلْكَ الْحَالِ كَانَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مِنَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَ صَارَ مَا جَرَى عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْحُقِلِةِ اللَّهُ الْعَمَلَ بِهِ فَإِذَا اجْتَمَعَ ذَلِكَ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى يَمُوتَ وَ هُو عَلَى تِلْكَ الْحَالِ كَانَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مِنَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَ صَارَ مَا جَرَى عَلَى لِسَانِهِ مِنَ الْحُقِّ الَّذِي لَمْ يُعْطِهِ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُعْقَدَ قَلْبُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَ لَمْ يُعْطِهِ الْعَمَلَ بِهِ حُجَّةً عَلَيْهِ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

And if Allah<sup>azwj</sup> does not Intend good for a servant, He<sup>azwj</sup> Leaves him to his own self, and his chest becomes constricted and an embarrassment for him. If a true (word) flows from his tongue, his heart does not accept it from him, and if his heart does not accept it from him, he does not follow Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and acts in accordance with it. So if that is gathered to him until he dies whilst being upon that condition, he, then, will be of the hypocrites with Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. And all that flowed upon his tongues from the truth which he did not follow Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and his heart did not accept it from him, and he did not act in accordance with it, would be a proof against him on the Day of Judgement.

So fear Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and ask Him<sup>azwj</sup> that He<sup>azwj</sup> should Open your chests for the Islam, and that He<sup>azwj</sup> should Make your tongues to speak with the truth until you die whilst being upon that, and that He<sup>azwj</sup> should Make your return (to the Hereafter to be like the) returning of the righteous ones before you. And there is not Strength except by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, and Praise is due to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the worlds.

And the one who wishes that he should know whether Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Loves him, so he should act in obedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> and follow us<sup>asws</sup>. Have you not heard the Words of Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Mighty and Majestic to His<sup>azwj</sup> Prophet<sup>saww</sup>: "[3:31] Say: If you love Allah, then follow me, Allah will love you and forgive you your faults, and Allah is Forgiving, Merciful"

وَ اللَّهِ لَا يُطِيعُ اللَّهَ عَبْدٌ أَبَداً إِلَّا أَدْحَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ فِي طَاعَتِهِ اتَّبَاعَنَا وَ لَا وَ اللَّهِ لَا يَتَّبِعُنَا عَبْدٌ أَبَداً إِلَّا أَحْدٌ أَبَداً إِلَّا عَصَى اللَّهَ وَ مَنْ مَاتَ عَاصِياً لِلَّهِ أَخْزَاهُ اللَّهُ وَ أَكَبَّهُ عَلَى وَجُهِهِ فِي أَحَدٌ اتَّبَاعَنَا أَبَداً إِلَّا عَصَى اللَّهَ وَ مَنْ مَاتَ عَاصِياً لِلَّهِ أَخْزَاهُ اللَّهُ وَ أَكَبَّهُ عَلَى وَجُهِهِ فِي النَّارِ وَ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ .

By Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, no servant will be in obedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup> ever until Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Makes him to be included along with obedience to Him<sup>azwj</sup>, obedience to us<sup>asws</sup>. And, by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, no servant will be following us<sup>asws</sup> ever until Allah<sup>azwj</sup> Loves him. And, by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, no servant stops following us<sup>asws</sup> ever except that he hates us<sup>asws</sup>. And, by Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, no one ever hates us<sup>asws</sup> except that he disobeys Allah<sup>azwj</sup>. And the one who dies whilst being in disobedience to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, Allah<sup>azwj</sup> will Disgrace him and Fling him upon his face in the Fire. And Praise is due to Allah<sup>azwj</sup>, the Lord<sup>azwj</sup> of the worlds'.

## **APPENDIX II:**

## Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> Urged Followers to be in *Zikr*

فَبَلَغَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ( صلى الله عليه وآله ) مَا أُرْسِلَ بِهِ وَ صَدَعَ بِمَا أُمِرَ وَ أَدَّى مَا مُمِّلَ مِنْ أَنْقَالِ النُّبُوَّةِ وَ صَبَرَ لِرَبِّهِ وَ جَاهَدَ فِي سَبِيلِهِ وَ نَصَحَ لِأُمَّتِهِ وَ دَوَاعٍ أَسَّسَ لِلْعِبَادِ أَسَاسَهَا وَ سَبِيلِهِ وَ نَصَحَ لِأُمَّتِهِ وَ دَوَاعٍ أَسَّسَ لِلْعِبَادِ أَسَاسَهَا وَ مَنْ اللهِ عَلَى الذِّكُو وَ دَلَّهُمْ عَلَى سَبِيلِ الْمُنْدَى بِمَنَاهِجَ وَ دَوَاعٍ أَسَّسَ لِلْعِبَادِ أَسَاسَهَا وَ مَنْ اللهِ وَ كَانَ بِمِمْ رَءُوفاً رَحِيماً .

So Rasool-Allah<sup>saww</sup> delivered what He<sup>azwj</sup> had been Sent with, and expounded openly with whatever he<sup>saww</sup> had been Commanded with, and fulfilled whatever he<sup>saww</sup> was carrying from the burden of the Prophet-hood, and observed patience for his<sup>saww</sup> Lord<sup>azwj</sup>, and struggled in His<sup>azwj</sup> Way, and advised to his<sup>saww</sup> community and called them to the salvation, and urged them upon the Remembrance (*Zikr*), and pointed them upon the way of the Guidance by manifestos and prepared grounds of foundations for the servants, and raised beacons for them as their signs, perhaps they might not stray from after him<sup>saww</sup>, and he<sup>saww</sup> was kind and merciful with them' (an Extract). <sup>58</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Al Kafi V 1 – The Book Of Divine Authority CH 111 H 17

## **APPENDIX III:**

## Masomeen asws's Advice to Focus on 'Today':

عَلِيُّ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِيهِ وَ عِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ سَهْلِ بْنِ زِيَادٍ جَمِيعاً عَنِ الْخُسَنِ بْنِ مَحْبُوبٍ عَنْ عَلِيٌّ بْنِ رِبَّابٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ وَ عِدَّةٌ مِنْ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَ يَقُولُ إِنَّمَا الدَّهْرُ ثَلَائَةُ أَيَّامٍ أَنْتَ فِيمَا بَيْنَهُنَّ مَضَى أَهْسِ بَمَا فِيهِ فَلَا يَرْجِعُ أَبَداً فَإِنْ كُنْتَ عَمِلْتَ فِيهِ خَيْراً لَمْ تَخْزَنْ لِلَدَهَابِهِ وَ فَرِحْتَ بِمَا اسْتَقْبَلْتَهُ مِنْهُ وَ إِنْ كُنْتَ قَدْ فَرَّطْتَ فِيهِ فَحَسْرَتُكَ شَدِيدَةٌ لِلَاهَابِهِ وَ تَقْرِيطِكَ فِيهِ وَ التَّقْرِيطِ مِثْلُ كُنْتَ قَدْ فَرَّطْتَ فِيهِ فَحَسْرَتُكَ شَدِيدَةٌ لِللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ غَدٍ فِي غِرَّةٍ وَ لَا تَدْرِي لَعَلَّكَ لَا تَبْلُغُهُ وَ إِنْ بَلَغْتَهُ لَعَلَّ حَظَّكَ فِيهِ فِي التَّقْرِيطِ مِثْلُ فِيهِ فِي التَّقْرِيطِ مِثْلُ مَشَى أَنْتَ فِيهِ مُفَرِّطٌ وَ يَوْمُ تَنْتَظِرُهُ لَسْتَ أَنْتَ مِنْهُ عَلَى يَقِينٍ مِنْ تَرْكِ حَظَّكَ فِيهِ اللَّمْسِ الْمَاضِي عَنْكَ فَيَوْمٌ مِنَ الثَّلَاثَةِ قَدْ مَضَى أَنْتَ فِيهِ مُفَرِّطٌ وَ يَوْمٌ تَنْتَظِرُهُ لَسْتَ أَنْتَ مِنْهُ عَلَى يَقِينٍ مِن تَرْكِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِلَى عَلَى عَيْرٍ فِقَةٍ مِنْ أَنْ وَلِكَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى عَيْرٍ فِقَةٍ مِنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى عَيْرٍ فَقَةٍ مِنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ فَاعْمَلُ عَلَى عَيْرٍ فَقَةٍ مِنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ فَاعْمَلُ عَلَى عَيْرٍ فَعَلَى عَيْرٍ فَقَةٍ مِنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ فَاعْمَلُ قُو عَلَى عَيْرٍ فَقِيهٍ عَلَى عَلَى عَيْرٍ فَقَةٍ مِنْ أَنْتَ مِنْ يَقِينٍ مِنِ اكْتِسَابٍ حَسَنَةٍ أَوْ مُرْتَدَعٍ عَنْ سَيِّقَةٍ فَيْطَةٍ فَأَنْتَ مِنْ يَوْمِكَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِينُ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِينُ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَهُ عِينُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى عَلَى

Ali ibn Ibrahim has narrated from his father and a number of our people have narrated from Sahl ibn Ziyad all from al-Hassan Ibn Mahbub from Ali ibn Ri'ab from abu Hamza who has narrated the following from Ali ibn al-Hussain asws:

'Amir-ul-Momineen would say: 'Time consists of three days in the middle of which you live. Yesterday that has passed in history with all that was in it and it will never return. If you had done good deeds in it you do not feel sad about its passing into history and you feel happy about everything that you experienced in it. If, however, you had acted extremely (bad) in it, then your regret is severe.

While you are in the present day, you are unaware about tomorrow, you do not know if you will ever reach it. Perhaps your share of acting extremely (bad) in it (tomorrow) will be like that of the yesterday that has passed into history.

'One of the three days has passed and in it you had acted extremely (bad). There is the day that you are waiting for and you are not sure if you will avoid acting extremely (bad) in it. What is left is the day in which you live and it is very proper for you to use your power of reason and think about your acting extremely (bad) yesterday that passed and of the good deeds that you missed to perform when you should have performed them and the evil deeds that you should have avoided. Despite this, about tomorrow you are not certain of reaching it and whether you will perform any good deeds in it or avoid committing evil deeds that deletes the good deeds.

Thus, your position toward tomorrow is like your position toward yesterday. Therefore, you must act like one who has no hope in any of the days except the day and night in which you live. Do good deeds and save and Allah azwi is the supporter for such task'. 59

مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى عَنْ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ عَلِيِّ بْنِ النُّعْمَانِ عَنْ إِسْحَاقَ بْنِ عَمَّارٍ عَنْ أَبِي النُّعْمَانِ الْعِجْلِيِّ عَنْ أَبِي جَعْفَرٍ عَ قَالَ يَا أَبَا النُّعْمَانِ لَا يَغُرَّنَّكَ النَّاسُ مِنْ نَفْسِكَ فَإِنَّ الْأَمْرَ يَصِلُ إِلَيْكَ دُونَهُمْ وَ لَا تَقْطَعْ نَهَارَكَ بِكَذَا وَ كَذَا فَإِنَّ مَعَكَ مَنْ يَصِلُ إِلَيْكَ دُونَهُمْ وَ لَا تَقْطَعْ نَهَارَكَ بِكَذَا وَ كَذَا فَإِنَّ مَعَكَ مَنْ يَعْفِلُ عَلَيْكَ عَمَلَكَ وَ أَحْسِنْ فَإِنِيٍّ لَمْ أَرَ شَيْعًا أَحْسَنَ دَرَكاً وَ لَا أَسْرَعَ طَلَبَاً مِنْ حَسَنَةٍ مُحْدَثَةٍ لِذَنْبٍ قَدِيمٍ عِدَّةً مِنْ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَبِي النُّعْمَانِ مِثْلَهُ وَلَا تَعْمَانِ مِثْلَهُ وَاللَّهُ مِنْ خَلِدٍ عَنْ عُثْمَانَ بْنِ عِيسَى عَنْ بَعْضِ أَصْحَابِنَا عَنْ أَبِي النُّعْمَانِ مِثْلَهُ

Muhammad ibn Yahya has narrated from Ahmad ibn Muhammad ibn 'Isa from Ali ibn al-Nu'rnan from Ishaq ibn 'Amar from abu al-Nu'rnan al-Ajli who has narrated the following from Abu Ja'far asws:

'O Abu Al-Nu'man, do not allow people to deceive you about yourself; the matter will come to you and not to them. Do not spend your day in this and that; with you there is one who preserves your deeds for you. Do good deeds; I do not see anything of better result and remedy for the old sins then new good deeds'. 60

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 2, H. 3006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Al-Kafi, Vol. 2, H. 3008